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## **Corporate Information**

## 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lai Law Kau

(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. Lui Yuk Chu

(Deputy Chairman)

Mr. Kwong Jimmy Cheung Tim

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Kan Ka Hon

Mr. Lau Sin Ming

Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **Audit Committee**

Mr. Kan Ka Hon (Chairman)

Mr. Lau Sin Ming

Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly

#### **Remuneration Committee**

Mr. Lau Sin Ming (Chairman)

Mr. Kan Ka Hon

Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly

Mr. Lai Law Kau

#### **Nomination Committee**

Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly (Chairman)

Mr. Kan Ka Hon

Mr. Lau Sin Ming

Mr. Lai Law Kau

#### **Executive Committee**

Mr. Lai Law Kau (Chairman)

Ms. Lui Yuk Chu

Mr. Kwong Jimmy Cheung Tim

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Lee Po Wing

#### **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Kwong Jimmy Cheung Tim

Ms. Lui Yuk Chu

#### **AUDITOR**

Hong Kong

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 35/F One Pacific Place 88 Queensway

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

賴羅球先生

(主席兼首席行政總裁)

雷玉珠女士

(副主席)

鄙長添先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

簡嘉翰先生

劉善明先生

吳冠賢先生

#### 董事委員會

#### 審核委員會

簡嘉翰先生(主席)

劉善明先生

吳冠賢先生

#### 薪酬委員會

劉善明先生(主席)

簡嘉翰先生

吳冠賢先生

賴羅球先生

#### 提名委員會

吳冠賢先生(主席)

簡嘉翰先生

劉善明先生

賴羅球先生

#### 執行委員會

賴羅球先生(主席)

雷玉珠女士

鄺長添先生

#### 公司秘書

李寶榮先生

#### 法定代表人

鄺長添先生

雷玉珠女十

#### 核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師 香港

金鐘道88號

太古廣場一座35樓



# Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **LEGAL ADVISERS**

As to Hong Kong law: David Norman & Co.

As to Bermuda law: Conyers Dill & Pearman

#### PRINCIPAL BANKER

Hang Seng Bank Limited

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Block A, 7th Floor Hong Kong Spinners Building, Phase 6 481–483 Castle Peak Road Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon Hong Kong

# BERMUDA PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Appleby Global Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street PO Box HM 1179 Hamilton HM EX Bermuda

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F., Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

#### STOCK CODE

Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Main Board): 616

#### WEBSITE ADDRESS

www.eminence-enterprise.com

#### 法律顧問

香港法律:

David Norman & Co.

*百慕達法律:* 康德明律師事務所

#### 主要往來銀行

恒生銀行有限公司

#### 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### 主要營業地點

香港 九龍長沙灣 青山道481-483號 香港紗廠大廈第6期 7樓A座

#### 百慕達主要股份過戶登記處

Appleby Global Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street PO Box HM 1179 Hamilton HM EX Bermuda

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

#### 股份代號

香港聯合交易所(主板):616

#### 细址

www.eminence-enterprise.com



## **Financial Highlights**

## 財務概要

		For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度		
		2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024年 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	
		1 7870	17070	
RESULTS	業績			
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue	營業額	44,857	30,693	
Gross profit	毛利	26,834	27,173	
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(370,973)	(205,319	
Loss for the year from	來自持續經營業務的	(3 2/3 2/	(,	
continuing operations	年度虧損	(357,778)	(218,804	
Discontinued operation	已終止經營業務			
(Loss) profit for the year from	來自已終止經營業務的			
discontinued operation	年度(虧損)盈利	(7,521)	5,655	
Loss for the year attributable	本公司股東應佔年度			
to owners of the Company	虧損	(365,299)	(213,149	
			(Restated) (經重列)	
Loss per share	每股虧損			
From continuing and discontinued	來自持續經營及已終止			
operations	經營業務			
- Basic	- 基本	(0.81)	(2.42	
- Diluted	- 攤薄	(0.81)	(2.42	
From continuing operations	來自持續經營業務	,	,	
- Basic	- 基本	(0.79)	(2.49	
- Diluted	- 攤薄	(0.79)	(2.49	
		As at 31 March 於3月31日		
		2025	2024	
		2025年	2024年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	,	千港元	千港元	
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債			
Total assets	總資產	4,842,030	5,408,807	
Total liabilities	總負債	(2,027,245)	(2,361,611	
		, ,,-	( ,== :, , ,	

本公司股東應佔權益

2,814,785

3,047,196



Equity attributable to owners of the Company

## Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Director(s)") of Eminence Enterprise Limited (the "Company"), I would like to present the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2025 (the "Financial Year").

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group's consolidated loss attributable to shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") was approximately HK\$365,299,000 as compared with loss of approximately HK\$213,149,000 last financial year (2024). The consolidated loss from continuing operations and discontinued operation for the year ended 31 March 2025 were approximately HK\$357,778,000 and HK\$7,521,000 respectively as compared with loss of approximately HK\$218,804,000 and profit of approximately HK\$5,655,000 last financial year (2024) respectively. For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group's revenue from continuing operations amounted to approximately HK\$44,857,000 as compared with last financial year (2024) of approximately HK\$30,693,000, which represented an increase of approximately HK\$14,164,000 or approximately 46.1% as compared with last financial year (2024). The Financial Year's gross profit margin was approximately 59.8% (2024: approximately 88.5%). The basic and diluted loss per share of the Company from continuing and discontinued operations for the year ended 31 March 2025 were HK\$0.81 and HK\$0.81 (2024: restated basic and diluted loss per share of HK\$2.42 and HK\$2.42) respectively.

In face of an extraordinarily challenging year with global economic uncertainties and continuing challenges posed by prolonged international geopolitical tensions and potential market instability with high inflationary pressure and interest rates, the Group continuously and closely monitors and explores market and investment opportunities, and constantly and prudently focuses on its core business operations in order to improve financial performance and create long-term values to maximize the interests of its Shareholders.

Finally, the Board and I would like to take this opportunity to express heartfelt appreciation to our Directors, management team, staff, Shareholders and business partners for their continuous support to the Company.

敬啟者:

本人謹代表高山企業有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2025年3月31日止年度(「本財政年度」)之全年業績。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司股 東(「股東」)應佔本集團之綜合虧損約為 365,299,000港元,相比上個財政年度(2024 年)虧損約為213,149,000港元。截至2025 年3月31日止年度,來自持續經營業務綜合 虧損及來自已終止經營業務虧損分別錄得 約為357,778,000港元及7,521,000港元, 而上個財政年度(2024年)則分別為虧損約 218,804,000港元及盈利約5,655,000港元。 截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團來自 持續經營業務錄得營業額約為44.857.000 港元,而上個財政年度(2024年)則約為 30,693,000港元,較上個財政年度(2024 年)增加約14,164,000港元或約46.1%。本 財政年度毛利率錄得約59.8%(2024年:約 88.5%)。截至2025年3月31日止年度,來自 持續經營及來自已終止經營業務的本公司每 股基本及攤薄虧損分別為0.81港元及0.81港 元(2024年:經重列的每股基本及攤薄虧損分 別為2.42港元及2.42港元)。

面對極具挑戰性的全球經濟存在不穩定因素、持久的國際地緣政治緊張局勢、潛在的市場波動、通脹壓力及利率高企的一年,本集團繼續密切關注及探索市場及投資機遇,持續審慎專注於其核心業務營運,以提高財務業績並創造長期價值,以提升其股東利益。

最後,董事會及本人謹藉此機會衷心感謝我們的董事、管理層、員工、股東及業務合作 夥伴一直以來對本公司的鼎力支持。

此致 各位股東

Lai Law Kau Chairman

Hong Kong, 27 June 2025

賴羅球

主席

香港,2025年6月27日

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Director(s)") of Eminence Enterprise Limited (the "Company") is pleased to announce the audited annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2025 (the "Financial Year") together with comparative figures. These annual results have been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee").

#### FINAL RESULTS

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group's consolidated loss attributable to shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") was approximately HK\$365,299,000 as compared with loss of approximately HK\$213,149,000 last financial year (2024). The consolidated loss from continuing operations and discontinued operation for the year ended 31 March 2025 were approximately HK\$357,778,000 and HK\$7,521,000 respectively as compared with loss of approximately HK\$218,804,000 and profit of approximately HK\$5,655,000 last financial year (2024) respectively. The increase in consolidated loss for the Financial Year was mainly attributable to, among other things, (i) the increase in loss on changes in fair value of investment properties; (ii) the increase in loss on disposal of investment properties; (iii) the increase in write-down on properties held for development for sale and properties held for sale; (iv) the increase in the net loss on changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss; (v) the increase in loss on modification of terms of convertible note; and (vi) the increase in finance costs, which were partially offset by the decrease in taxation expenses.

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group's revenue from continuing operations amounted to approximately HK\$44,857,000 as compared with last financial year (2024) of approximately HK\$30,693,000, which represented an increase of approximately HK\$14,164,000 or approximately 46.1% as compared with last financial year (2024). The Financial Year's gross profit margin was approximately 59.8% (2024: approximately 88.5%).

The basic and diluted loss per share of the Company (the "Share(s)") from continuing and discontinued operations for the year ended 31 March 2025 were HK\$0.81 and HK\$0.81 (2024: restated basic and diluted loss per share of HK\$2.42 and HK\$2.42) respectively.

#### FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: nil).

高山企業有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)會 (「董事會」)欣然公佈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2025年3月31日止年度(「本財政年度」)之經審核全年業績連同比較數字。 本全年業績已由本公司之審核委員會(「審核委員會」)審閱。

#### 全年業績

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司股東(「股 東」)應佔本集團之綜合虧損約為365,299,000 港元,相比上個財政年度(2024年)虧損約 為213,149,000港元。截至2025年3月31 日止年度,來自持續經營業務綜合虧損及 來自已終止經營業務綜合虧損分別錄得約 為357,778,000港元及7,521,000港元, 而上個財政年度(2024年)則分別為虧損約 218,804,000港元及盈利約5,655,000港元。 本財政年度綜合虧損增加主要由於(其中包 括)(i)投資物業之公平值變動虧損增加;(ii)投 資物業出售虧損增加;(iii)持有作出售發展物 業及持有作出售物業的撇銷增加;(iv)按公平 值計入損益之金融資產之公平值變動虧損淨 額增加;(v)修訂可換股票據條款虧損增加; 及(vi)融資成本增加,部分被稅項開支減少抵 銷。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團來自持續經營業務錄得營業額約為44,857,000港元,而上個財政年度(2024年)則約為30,693,000港元,較上個財政年度(2024年)增加約14,164,000港元或約46.1%。本財政年度毛利率錄得約59.8%(2024年:約88.5%)。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,來自持續經營業務及來自已終止經營業務的本公司每股(「股」)基本及攤薄虧損分別為0.81港元及0.81港元(2024年:經重列的每股基本及攤薄虧損分別為2.42港元及2.42港元)。

#### 末期股息

董事會不建議派發截至2025年3月31日止年度之末期股息(2024年:無)。



#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

During the Financial Year, the Group was principally engaged in property development, property investment (comprising ownership and rental of investment properties), investment in securities and others and loan financing business which property development and property investment are the core businesses of the Group. The review of each business segment of the Group is set out below.

#### (i) Property Development

One of the Group's core businesses is property development. The Group has extensive experience on property redevelopment, in particular, acquisition of old buildings for renewal and redevelopment. Below are the major projects of the Group.

#### (a) Project Matheson Street

As at 31 March 2025, the Group, through its indirect whollyowned subsidiary, owned the property at No. 11 Matheson Street, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong, named as "THE HEDON". The total site area of the property is approximately 2,857 square feet with a gross floor area of approximately 42,854 square feet of 27-storeys brand new Ginza-style building. Occupation permit was obtained in February 2024.

#### (b) Project King Lam Street

As at 31 March 2025, the Group, through its indirect whollyowned subsidiary, owned the property located at No. 121 King Lam Street, Kowloon, Hong Kong, named as "One Two One". The total gross floor area of the property is approximately 7,326 square metres. The property is a brand new grade-A industrial building 28-storeys with a total of 47 units. Occupation permit was obtained in May 2024.

#### 業務回顧

於本財政年度內,本集團主要從事物業發展、物業投資(包括擁有及租賃投資物業)、證券及其他投資及貸款融資業務,而物業發展和物業投資為本集團之核心業務。本集團之各業務分部回顧載於下文。

#### (i) 物業發展

本集團的核心業務之一是物業發展。 本集團在物業重建方面擁有豐富經 驗,尤其是收購舊樓以進行翻新及重 建。以下是本集團的主要項目。

#### (a) 勿地臣街項目

於2025年3月31日,本集團透過 其間接全資附屬公司擁有位於香 港銅鑼灣勿地臣街11號,名為 「THE HEDON」之物業。該物業 地盤總面積約為2,857平方呎, 提供總建築面積約為42,854平方 呎之樓高27層全新銀座式樓宇。 於2024年2月取得佔用許可證。

#### (b) 瓊林街項目

於2025年3月31日,本集團透過 其間接全資附屬公司擁有位於香港九龍瓊林街121號,名為「One Two One」之物業。該物業總建築面積約為7,326平方米。該物 業為全新甲級工業大廈,樓高28層,共有47個單位。於2024年5 月取得佔用許可證。

#### (c) Project Kennedy Town

As at 31 March 2025, the Group, through its indirect whollyowned subsidiaries, owned all the units of (i) Nos. 1B and 1C and Nos. 1D and 1E of Davis Street, Kennedy Town, Hong Kong ("Davis Street"); and (ii) Nos. 93 and 95 Catchick Street, Hong Kong ("Catchick Street"). The combined site area of Davis Street and Catchick Street is approximately 7,122 square feet which will be developed into a commercial and/or residential mixed use development to maximize its usage. Superstructure works have been commenced and the project is expected to complete in the last quarter of 2025.

#### (d) Project Fung Wah

As at 31 March 2025, the Group, through its indirect whollyowned subsidiaries, owned the site at Nos. 646, 648 and 648A Castle Peak Road, Kowloon. The total site area is approximately 9,206 square feet. In light of the current market condition, a change of development plan may be considered.

#### (c) 堅尼地城項目

於2025年3月31日,本集團透過 其間接全資附屬公司擁有(i)香港 堅尼地城爹核士街1B及1C號及 1D及1E號(「爹核士街」):及(ii)香港 港吉席街93及95號(「吉席街」)之 全部單位。爹核士街及吉席街」之 分併地盤面積約為7,122平 呎,該地盤將發展為商業及/ 住宅綜合發展項目,以發揮其最 大用途。現正開展上蓋工程,而 該項目預期將於2025年最後季 度完工。

#### (d) 豐華項目

於2025年3月31日,本集團透過 其間接全資附屬公司擁有位於九 龍青山道646、648及648A號之 地盤。該地盤總面積約為9,206 平方呎。鑒於目前市場狀況,本 集團或會考慮調整發展計劃。

#### (ii) Property Investment

The Group's other core business is property investment.

During the Financial Year, the total rental income of the Group recorded from continuing operations was approximately HK\$32,354,000 (2024: approximately HK\$28,751,000), representing an increase of approximately 12.5% over the last financial year.

#### Hong Kong

In Hong Kong, the Group owns residential, commercial and industrial units, and land with attached structure with a total carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,057,900,000 as at 31 March 2025 (2024: approximately HK\$1,176,600,000). For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recorded property rental income and building management fee income from continuing operations of approximately HK\$31,558,000 (an increase of approximately 15.1% as compared with 2024) and HK\$816,000 respectively (2024: approximately HK\$27,423,000 and HK\$12,000 respectively), which is primarily attributable to the rental income from the Project Matheson Street.

#### Singapore

In Singapore, the Group owns nil (2024: one) residential unit with a carrying amount of nil as at 31 March 2025 (2024: approximately HK\$73,843,000). For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group received property rental income from continuing operations of approximately HK\$796,000 (2024: approximately HK\$1,328,000), representing a decrease of approximately 40.1% over the last financial year, due to the disposal of the sole remaining property in October 2024.

#### The People's Republic of China (the "PRC")

Pursuant to a land resumption agreement signed on 5 October 2022 by the Group and the municipal government, the lands and buildings in Huzhou were resumed by the municipal government.

The financial results of the property investment in the PRC was classified as discontinued operation. The compensation amount was received by the Group in full in February 2024, and the Huzhou Properties were resumed by the Huzhou Government, and accordingly, the Huzhou Properties were no longer accounted for in the financial statements of the Group as at 31 March 2025.

Further information can be found in the joint announcement issued by Easyknit International Holdings Limited ("Easyknit") (stock code: 1218) and the Company dated 5 October 2022, and circular of the Company dated 18 October 2023 respectively.

#### (ii) 物業投資

本集團的另一項核心業務為物業投 資。

於本財政年度內,本集團來自持續經營業務錄得租金收入總額約 為32,354,000港元(2024年:約 28,751,000港元),較上個財政年度增加約12.5%。

#### 香港

於2025年3月31日,本集團於香港擁有住宅、商業及工業單位,以及有附屬結構之土地,總賬面值約為1,057,900,000港元(2024年:約1,176,600,000港元)。截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團來自持續經營業務錄得物業租金收入及物業管理費收入分別約為31,558,000港元(較2024年增加約15.1%)及816,000港元(2024年:分別約27,423,000港元及12,000港元),該增加主要由於來自勿地臣街項目的租金收入。

#### 新加坡

於2025年3月31日,本集團於新加坡擁有零個(2024年:一個)住宅單位,賬面值為零(2024年:約73,843,000港元)。截至2025年3月31日止年度,由於在2024年10月出售餘下唯一物業,本集團來自持續經營業務收取物業租金收入約為796,000港元(2024年:約1,328,000港元),較上個財政年度減少約40.1%。

#### 中華人民共和國(「中國」)

根據本集團與鎮政府於2022年10月5日 簽訂的土地收儲協議書,位於湖州的 土地及建築物已由鎮政府收回。

於中國的物業投資的財務業績已被分類為已終止經營業務。於2024年2月,本集團已全數收取補償金額,而湖州物業已交回湖州政府;因此,於2025年3月31日,湖州物業不再計入本集團的財務報表。

詳細資料請參閱永義國際集團有限公司(「永義」)(股份代號:1218)及本公司日期為2022年10月5日之聯合公佈,以及本公司日期為2023年10月18日之通承。

#### (iii) Investment in Securities and Others

The Group adopted a prudent attitude in its well-diversified securities investment. During the Financial Year, the Group had acquired and disposed of listed securities and other investment products. The Group recorded fair value loss in securities and other investments from continuing operations of approximately HK\$20,427,000 (2024: loss of HK\$4,391,000). During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group did not record fair value gain in investment in securities and others from discontinued operation (2024: gain of approximately HK\$204,000). As a result, the Group reported a segment loss from continuing operations of approximately HK\$20,530,000 (2024: segment loss of approximately HK\$4,600,000) during the Financial Year. The Group received dividend income from the listed securities investments from continuing operations of approximately HK\$37,000 (2024: approximately HK\$1,373,000) during the year ended 31 March 2025.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group's investment in equity securities listed in Hong Kong amounted to approximately HK\$41,531,000 (2024: approximately HK\$47,124,000). This value represented an investment portfolio comprising eight (2024: eight) equity securities which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The movements during the Financial Year were (a) net purchase of securities investments which had a fair value of approximately HK\$5,753,000; and (b) net decrease in market value of securities investments in the amount of approximately HK\$7,565,000.

For further information, please refer to "MATERIAL NOTIFIABLE TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS" section below.

#### (iii) 證券及其他投資

本集團對其具多元化的證券投資採 取謹慎態度。於本財政年度內,本 集團購入及出售上市證券及其他投 資產品。本集團來自持續經營業務 錄得證券及其他投資之公平值虧損 約為20,427,000港元(2024年:虧損 4,391,000港元)。於截至2025年3月31 日止年度內,本集團並無錄得來自已 終止經營業務的證券及其他投資之公 平值收益(2024年:收益約204,000港 元)。因此,於本財政年度內,本集團 來自持續經營業務錄得分部虧損約為 20,530,000港元(2024年:分部虧損約 4,600,000港元)。於截至2025年3月31 日止年度內,本集團來自持續經營業 務從上市證券投資中獲得股息收入約 為37,000港元(2024年:約1,373,000 港元)。

於2025年3月31日,本集團於香港上市之權益證券投資金額約為41,531,000港元(2024年:約47,124,000港元)。該投資價值對應的投資組合包括八隻(2024年:八隻)於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市之權益證券。於本財政年度內之變動為(a)淨購入證券投資之公平值約為5,753,000港元:及(b)證券投資市值金額淨減少約7,565,000港元。

詳細資料請參閱下列「重大須予公佈的 交易及事件」一節。



The Group held significant securities investments as at 31 March 2025 as below:

於2025年3月31日,本集團持有以下重 大證券投資:

		Approximate percentage					
		held to the		Dividend			Approximate
		total issued		income	Fair value		percentage of
		share capital of	Investment	for the year	(loss)/gain for		total assets of
	Number of	the company/	cost/cost of	ended	the year ended	Fair value at	the Group at
Company name (stock code)	shares held	investment	acquisition	31 March 2025	31 March 2025	31 March 2025	31 March 2025
Company name (clock code)	onaroo nola	4公司	aoquiomon	OT MIGROTI EDEO	OT MUION EDEC	or maron Loco	or maron Edeo
		已發行			截至2025年		於2025年
		總股本/投資		截至2025年	3月31日		3月31日
		總額之		3月31日	止年度之	於2025年	佔本集團
	持有	持股概約	投資成本/	止年度之	公平值	3月31日之	總資產之
公司名稱(股份代號)	股份數目	百分比	收購成本	股息收入	(虧損)/收益	公平值	概約百分比
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Best Food Holding Company Limited (1488)							
百福控股有限公司(1488)	33,126,000	2.10	38,195	-	(6,625)	26,501	0.55
Pacific Legend Group Limited (8547)	14,270,000	5.21	1,504	-	380	1,884	0.04
Symphony Holdings Limited (1223)							
新澧集團有限公司(1223)	7,170,000	0.24	6,494	35	(72)	5,664	0.12
Capital Estate Limited (193)							
冠中地產有限公司(193)	6,240,000	2.68	1,666	-	892	2,558	0.05
Easyknit International Holdings Limited (1218)							
永義國際集團有限公司(1218)	2,243,000	3.03	7,532	-	(1,911)	3,813	0.08
Other listed shares*							
其他上市股份*	1,126,600	N/A不適用	2,514	2	(229)	1,111	0.02
O coddodd							
Grand total:			F7.00F	07	/7 [05]	44 504	0.00
總計:			57,905	37	(7,565)	41,531	0.86

<sup>\*</sup> Other listed shares included one company whose shares are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange and two companies whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange respectively.

<sup>\*</sup> 其他上市股份包括一間在聯交所GEM上 市的公司股份及兩間在聯交所主板上市 的公司股份。

The Group considers the prospects in respect of the investments in securities and others remain cautiously optimistic. The Group understands that the performance of the investments may be affected by global economic uncertainties and degree of volatility in the Hong Kong financial market and subject to other external factors. Accordingly, the Group will continuously maintain a diversified portfolio of investment of different segments of markets to minimise the possible financial risks. The Group will also closely monitor the performance progress of the investment portfolio in a prudent and balanced risk management approach from time to time.

#### (iv) Loan Financing

The loan financing business of the Group is primarily operated by City China International Limited ("City China"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company which is a licensed money lender carrying on business under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The borrowers of the loan financing business are individuals and corporate entities that have short-term funding needs and could provide sufficient collaterals, if needed, for their borrowings. The borrowers are primarily acquired through business referrals and introductions. City China's source of funding is financed by the Group's internal resources. During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group recorded interest income from loan financing business from continuing operations amounting to approximately HK\$1,329,000 (2024: approximately HK\$1,930,000), representing a decrease of approximately 31.1% as compared with last financial year. During the Financial Year, the Group had not recorded any interest income from loan financing business from discontinued operation (2024: nil). The segment loss of loan financing business from continuing operations was approximately HK\$72,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: segment profit of approximately HK\$190,000). The outstanding principal amount of loans receivable as at 31 March 2025 was approximately HK\$29,578,000 (2024: approximately HK\$31,023,000). During the Financial Year, reversal of impairment loss of approximately HK\$55,000 was recognised in profit or loss in its loan financing business from continuing operations amounting (2024: HK\$473,000). During the Financial Year, no reversal of impairment loss (2024: nil) was recognized in profit or loss in its loan financing business from discontinued operation.

本集團認為證券及其他投資前景仍為 審慎樂觀。本集團明白,投資表現 受全球經濟存在不穩定因素和香港也 融市場波動程度影響,並受到其他 部因素限制。因此,本集團將繼續 持不同市場分部的多元化投資。本 持不盡量降低潛在的金融風險。 的表別 所將不時密切監察投資組合的 展狀況,並採取審慎而平衡的風險管 理方案。

#### (iv) 貸款融資

本集團的貸款融資業務主要由城中國 際有限公司(「城中」)(本公司的一間 間接全資附屬公司)經營,為根據《放 債人條例》(香港法例第163章)經營業 務的持牌放債人。貸款融資業務之借 款人是有短期資金需要, 並可就借貸 提供足夠抵押品(倘需要)之個人及公 司實體。借款人主要是通過業務引薦 和介紹獲得。城中的資金來源由本集 團內部資源提供。於截至2025年3月 31日止年度內,本集團來自持續經營 業務錄得來自貸款融資業務之利息收 入約為1,329,000港元(2024年:約 1,930,000港元),與上個財政年度相 比減少約31.1%。於本財政年度內, 本集團並無錄得任何來自已終止經營 業務的貸款融資業務之利息收入(2024 年:無)。於截至2025年3月31日止年 度,來自持續經營業務貸款融資業務 之分部虧損約為72,000港元(2024年: 分部盈利約190,000港元)。於2025年 3月31日,應收貸款之未償還本金金 額約為29,578,000港元(2024年:約 31,023,000港元)。於本財政年度內, 來自持續經營業務貸款融資業務於損 益確認之減值虧損撥回約55,000港元 (2024年:473,000港元)。於本財政年 度內,概無來自已終止經營業務貸款 融資業務於損益確認之減值虧損撥回 (2024年:無)。

The Group has credit policies, guidelines and procedures in place which cover key internal controls of a loan transaction including due diligence, credit appraisal, proper execution of documentations, continuous monitoring and collection and recovery. Before entering into loan agreements, the Group focuses on the due diligence procedures and credit risk assessment work, including but not limited to meeting with each borrower, conducting research on their backgrounds, evaluating their current business operations and financial conditions (such as income and assets proof), market reputation and creditability, conducting financial and recoverability analysis, and reviewing on repayment history (including recent settlement records, and any litigations and winding up or bankruptcy searches) and change in career or business background and financial position of each borrower in order to better understand the circumstances of each borrower. The Group regularly assesses the value of the collaterals or pledges and guarantees of the borrowers for their credit quality, and defines credit limits to be granted to the borrowers. To minimize credit risks, the Group may require guarantees, including collaterals or pledges with expected realized value exceeding the loan amount, post-dated cheques and/or personal or corporate quarantee(s). The Group closely monitors on an ongoing review of credit risks of loans recoverability and collection to ensure that follow-up actions (including issue of demand letters and/or taking legal actions, if necessary) are taken to recover overdue debts.

The Group continues to adopt stringent loan review procedures and remains prudent approach on sufficiency of loan security by strengthening its overall credit risk management and control mechanism in its loan financing business. For collection of overdue loans, the Group discussed settlement plans with certain borrowers, issued demand letters and subsequently initiated legal actions and court proceedings in order to recover the loans. During the Financial Year, the Group closely monitored and regularly reviewed its loan portfolio and assessed the sufficiency of loan security for the loans receivable.

本集團已制定信貸政策、指引及程 序,涵蓋貸款交易之關鍵內部監控, 包括盡職審查、信貸評估、妥善簽訂 文件、持續監控及還款和收回。於訂 立貸款協議前,本集團集中於盡職審 查步驟及信貸風險評估工作包括但不 限於與每個借款人會面、調查借款人 的背景、評估其現時的業務營運及財 務狀況(如收入及資產證明)、市場聲 譽及信譽,以及進行財務及可收回性 分析,以及審查每個借款人的還款歷 史(包括近期的償付記錄,以及任何訴 訟及清盤或破產查冊)和職業或業務背 景的變化以及財務狀況,以便更好地 了解每個借款人的情況。本集團就借 款人的信貸質素定期評估抵押品或質 押及擔保的價值,並界定授予借款人 的信貸額度。為盡量降低信貸風險, 本集團可能要求客戶提供擔保,包括 預期實現價值超過貸款金額的抵押品 或質押、遠期支票及/或個人或公司 擔保。本集團密切關注對貸款可回收 性和催收信用風險的持續審查,以確 保採取後續行動(包括發出要求償還書 及/或採取必要的法律行動)收回逾期 債務。

本集團持續採取嚴格的貸款審查程序,並透過加強貸款融資業務的整體信貸風險管控機制,對貸款抵押是否充足保持審慎態度。就催收逾期貸款而言來集團與部分借款人商討清採。 一言來集團與部分借款人適討清與 一方案、發出要求償還書,並其後款。 一方案,發出要求償還書。 一方案,發出要求償還書。 一方案,發出要求償還書。 一方案,發出要求償還書。 一方案,並其後款。 一方案,並其後款。 一方案及方,本集團密切監察及定 期政年度內,本集團密切監察及定 期政年度內。

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group provided short-term loans of maturity of not more than three years. The repayment terms and conditions were determined by factors including the repayment ability of the borrowers, the Group's funding and cash flows management strategies, and the terms and rates of the prevailing market.

The Group has concentration of credit risk in relation to loans receivable, amounting to approximately HK\$29,578,000 as at 31 March 2025 (2024: approximately HK\$31,023,000), from a few borrowers with approximately 55% (2024: approximately 55%) of the balance were secured by properties with estimated fair values of HK\$18,595,000 (2024: HK\$17,745,000).

The Group is not permitted to sell or repledge the collaterals in the absence of default by the borrowers. There have not been any significant changes in the quality of the collateral held for the loans receivable. In addition, the unsecured loans receivable as at 31 March 2025 amounting to HK\$13,421,000 (2024: HK\$14,052,000). The largest borrower of the Group by itself and together with the other four largest borrowers of the Group accounted for approximately 33% (2024: approximately 31%) and approximately 94% (2024: approximately 93%) respectively of the loans receivable of the Group as at 31 March 2025. During the Financial Year, the range of interest rates on the fixed-rate loans receivable of the Group was 0% (including an one-off upfront fee, representing 9% of the loan amount for three-year loan period paid in one lump sum at drawdown date) to 8% (2024: 0% to 14%) per annum, and the total number of the borrowers of the loan financing business of the Group is nine.

In view of the foreseeable increase in risk of default by the borrowers as economic uncertainties continued, the Group reassessed the credit ratings of individual borrowers and made necessary provisions for potential impairment loss. As at 31 March 2025, allowance for loans receivable amounted to approximately HK\$1,022,000 (2024: approximately HK\$1,077,000). Except for those credit-impaired loans receivable, there was no loans receivable which was past due as at 31 March 2025.

於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,本集團提供不超過三年的短期貸款。還款期及條件的釐定因素包括借款人的還款能力、本集團的資金及現金流管理策略,以及現行市場條款及利率等。

本集團就應收貸款的相關信貸風險集中,於2025年3月31日約為29,578,000港元(2024年:約31,023,000港元),來自少數借款人的結餘約為55%(2024年:約55%)估計公平值為18,595,000港元(2024年:17,745,000港元)的物業作為抵押。

在借款人沒有違約的情況下,本集團 不得出售或再質押抵押品。應收貸款 持有的抵押品質量並無重大變化。 此外,於2025年3月31日,無抵押應 收貸款為13,421,000港元(2024年: 14,052,000港元)。於2025年3月31 日,本集團最大借款人本身及連同本 集團其他四大借款人分別佔本集團應 收貸款約33%(2024年:約31%)及約 94%(2024年:約93%)。於本財政年 度內,本集團之定息應收貸款每年利 率介乎0厘(包括一次性預付費用,相 當於三年貸款期間貸款金額的9%於提 款日一次性支付)至8厘(2024年:0厘 至14厘),而本集團貸款融資業務借款 人總數為九名。

隨著經濟的不確定性的持續,預期借款人違約風險增加,本集團重新評估個別借款人的信用評級,並對潛在的減值虧損作出撥備。於2025年3月31日,應收貸款撥備約為1,022,000港元(2024年:約1,077,000港元)。除以作信貸減值的應收貸款外,於2025年3月31日,概無逾期的應收貸款。

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on loans receivable which are subject to impairment assessment under Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 9 "Financial Instruments" issued by Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the loans receivable's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, such as a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the borrower;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the borrower's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the borrower; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environments of the borrower that results in a significant decrease in the borrower's ability to meet its debt obligations.

The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding loans receivable to minimize credit risk. Impairment allowances on outstanding loans receivable are determined by an evaluation of financial backgrounds, financial conditions and historical settlement records, including past due rates and default rates, of the borrowers and relevant information from public domain at the end of each reporting period. The borrowers are assigned different grading under internal credit ratings to calculate ECL, taking into consideration the estimates of expected cash shortfalls which are driven by estimates of possibility of default and the amount and timing of cash flows that are expected from foreclosure on the collaterals (if any) less the costs of obtaining and selling the collaterals.

In prior years, the management assessed, taking into account the relevant information from public domain, such balances became credit-impaired. Since then, the management has taken various actions (including legal actions) against the Borrower to recover the balances.

本集團根據預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模式就根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」進行減值評估的應收貸款進行減值評估。預期信貸虧損的金額於各報告日期更新,以反映自初始確認以來的信貸風險變動。特別是在評估信貸風險是否大幅上升時會考慮以下資料:

- 應收貸款的外部(如有)或內部信貸評級實際或預期大幅轉差;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標大幅轉差,例如信貸息差大幅擴大、借款人信貸違約掉期價格大幅上升;
- 預期業務、財務或經濟環境的現 有或預測不利變動將導致借款人 履行債務責任的能力大幅下降;
- 借款人的經營業績實際或預期大幅轉差;及
- 借款人的監管、經濟或技術環境 實際或預期出現重大不利變動, 導致借款人履行債務責任的能力 大幅下降。

本集團力求嚴格控制其未償還的應收貸款,以盡量降低信貸風險。未償還的應收貸款的減值撥備乃根據各報告別根據各報告別人的財務背景、財務狀況之歷史結算記錄(包括逾期率及違評估分配,是公開領域的相關資料的評級以計算預期信貸虧損,驅力減去取得到對違約可能性的估計以及預點抵押品止贖而產生的現金流量和時間(如有)減去取得和出售抵押品的成本。

在過往年度,管理層在考慮公開領域的相關資料後評估,該等結餘已發生信用減值。自此之後,管理層已對借款人採取多項行動(包括法律行動),以收回結餘。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### 財務回顧

		For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度				
		2025 2025年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	Change 變動 HK\$'000 千港元	% 百分比	
Continuing operations	持續經營業務					
Revenue	營業額	44,857	30,693	14,164	46%	
Gross profit	毛利	26,834	27,173	(339)	(1%)	
Gross profit margin	毛利率	59.8%	88.5%	_	(29%)	
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(48,680)	(58,483)	9,803	(17%)	
Finance costs	融資成本	(92,555)	(55,074)	(37,481)	68%	
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(370,973)	(205,319)	(165,654)	81%	
Taxation credit (charge)	税項抵免(開支)	13,195	(13,485)	26,680	N/A不適用	
Loss for the year from continuing operations	來自持續經營業務的					
	年度虧損	(357,778)	(218,804)	(138,974)	64%	
Net loss margin	淨虧損利率	(797.6%)	(712.9%)	-	85%	
Discontinued operation	已終止經營業務					
(Loss) profit for the year from discontinued	來自已終止經營業務					
operation	的年度(虧損)盈利	(7,521)	5,655	(13,176)	N/A不適用	
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the	本公司股東應佔年度					
Company	虧損	(365,299)	(213,149)	(152,150)	71%	
		For the year ended 31 March				
		截至3月31日止年度		日止年度		
		2025	2024	Change		
		2025年	2024年	變動		
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	%	
		港元	港元	港元	百分比	
			(Restated)			
			(經重列)			
Loss per share	每股虧損					
From continuing and discontinued	來自持續經營及已終					
operations	止經營業務					
- Basic	- 基本	(0.81)	(2.42)	1.61	(67%)	
- Diluted	- 攤薄	(0.81)	(2.42)	1.61	(67%)	
From continuing operations	來自持續經營業務					
- Basic	- 基本	(0.79)	(2.49)	1.7	(68%)	
- Diluted	- 攤薄	(0.79)	(2.49)	1.7	(68%)	

#### Revenue

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group's revenue from continuing operations increased by approximately 46.1% to approximately HK\$44,857,000 as compared with last financial year of approximately HK\$30,693,000 which was mainly due to increase in properties sales and rental income. For the year ended 31 March 2025, no revenue was recorded from discontinued operation by the Group (2024: nil).

#### **Gross Profit/Margin**

Gross profit from continuing operations of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 was approximately HK\$26,834,000, representing a decrease of approximately 1.2% or approximately HK\$339,000 as compared to approximately HK\$27,173,000 in 2024. Gross profit margin for the Financial Year decreased to approximately 59.8% (2024: approximately 88.5%).

#### Loss before Taxation

Loss before taxation from continuing operations of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 was approximately HK\$370,973,000, as compared with loss before taxation of approximately HK\$205,319,000 for the last financial year. Loss before taxation from discontinued operation of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 was approximately HK\$3,752,000, as compared with profit before taxation of approximately HK\$42,980,000 for the last financial year.

Administrative expenses from continuing operations of the Group decreased by approximately 16.8% to approximately HK\$48,680,000 as compared with last financial year of approximately HK\$58,483,000. Administrative expenses from discontinued operation of the Group increased by approximately HK\$2,836,000 to approximately HK\$4,194,000 as compared with last financial year of approximately HK\$1,358,000.

During the Financial Year, there was net loss on changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss from continuing operations amounting to approximately HK\$20,427,000 (2024: loss of approximately HK\$4,391,000). During the Financial Year, no gain on changes in fair value of financial assets from discontinued operation was recorded (2024: gain of approximately HK\$204,000).

Finance costs from continuing operations of the Group for the Financial Year were approximately HK\$92,555,000, representing an increase of approximately HK\$37,481,000 or approximately 68.1% from approximately HK\$55,074,000 in 2024, of which approximately HK\$20,525,000 (2024: approximately HK\$17,941,000) was the effective interest expense on convertible note.

#### 營業額

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團來自持續經營業務的營業額較上個財政年度約30,693,000港元增加約46.1%至約44,857,000港元,此乃主要是由於物業銷售及租金收入增加所致。截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團並無錄得來自已終止經營業務的營業額(2024年:無)。

#### 毛利/毛利率

本集團於截至2025年3月31日止年度來自持續經營業務的毛利約為26,834,000港元,較2024年約27,173,000港元減少約1.2%或約339,000港元。本財政年度的毛利率減少至約59.8%(2024年:約88.5%)。

#### 除税前虧損

本集團於截至2025年3月31日止年度來自持續經營業務的除稅前虧損約為370,973,000港元,而上個財政年度除稅前虧損則約205,319,000港元。本集團於截至2025年3月31日止年度來自已終止經營業務的除稅前虧損約為3,752,000港元,而上個財政年度除稅前盈利則約42,980,000港元。

本集團來自持續經營業務的行政開支較上個財政年度約58,483,000港元減少約16.8%至約48,680,000港元。本集團來自已終止經營業務的行政開支較上個財政年度約1,358,000港元增加約2,836,000港元至約為4,194,000港元。

於本財政年度內,來自持續經營業務按公平 值計入損益之金融資產之公平值變動虧損 淨額約為20,427,000港元(2024年:虧損約 4,391,000港元)。於本財政年度內,概無錄 得來自已終止經營業務的金融資產之公平值 變動收益(2024年:收益約204,000港元)。

本集團於本財政年度來自持續經營業務的融資成本約為92,555,000港元·較2024年約55,074,000港元增加約37,481,000港元或約68.1%·其中可換股票據之實際利息支出約為20,525,000港元(2024年:約17,941,000港元)。

#### Loss Attributable to the Shareholders and Loss per Share

The consolidated loss from continuing operations for the year ended 31 March 2025 was approximately HK\$357,778,000 (2024: loss of approximately HK\$218,804,000) while the consolidated loss from discontinued operation was approximately HK\$7,521,000 (2024: a profit of approximately HK\$5,655,000).

Taxation credit from continuing operations for the year ended 31 March 2025 was approximately HK\$13,195,000 (2024: taxation charge of HK\$13,485,000).

Basic and diluted loss per Share from continuing and discontinued operations for the year ended 31 March 2025 were approximately HK\$0.81 and HK\$0.81 respectively (2024: restated basic and diluted loss per Share of approximately HK\$2.42 and HK\$2.42 respectively). Basic and diluted loss per Share from continuing operations for the Financial Year were approximately HK\$0.79 and HK\$0.79 respectively (2024: restated basic and diluted loss per Share of approximately HK\$2.49 and HK\$2.49 respectively).

#### **Liquidity and Financial Resources**

As at 31 March 2025, total assets of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$4,842,030,000 (2024: approximately HK\$5,408,807,000). In terms of financial resources as at 31 March 2025, the Group's total bank balances and cash was approximately HK\$57,266,000 (2024: approximately HK\$299,717,000). Such decrease was mainly due to the repayment of bank borrowings and interest paid.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group has total bank borrowings of approximately HK\$1,892,260,000 (2024: approximately HK\$2,066,734,000). The Group's gearing ratio, which is calculated as a ratio of total bank borrowings to Shareholders' equity, was approximately 0.7 (2024: approximately 0.7). As at 31 March 2025, the Group's current ratio was approximately 2.3 (2024: approximately 3.2).

The Group financed its operations primarily with recurring cash flow generated from its operations, proceeds raised from the capital market and bank financing. For details of secured bank borrowings, please refer to note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 股東應佔虧損及每股虧損

截至2025年3月31日止年度,來自持續經營業務錄得綜合虧損約為357,778,000港元(2024年:虧損約為218,804,000港元),而來自已終止經營業務的綜合虧損約為7,521,000港元(2024年:盈利約為5,655,000港元)。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,來自持續經營 業務的税項抵免約為13,195,000港元(2024 年:税項開支為13,485,000港元)。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,來自持續經營業務及來自已終止經營業務的每股基本及攤薄虧損分別約為0.81港元及0.81港元(2024年:經重列每股基本及攤薄虧損分別約2.42港元及2.42港元)。於本財政年度,來自持續經營業務的每股基本及攤薄虧損分別約為0.79港元及0.79港元(2024年:經重列每股基本及攤薄虧損分別約2.49港元及2.49港元)。

#### 流動資金及財務資源

於2025年3月31日,本集團之資產總額約為4,842,030,000港元(2024年:約5,408,807,000港元)。財政資源方面,於2025年3月31日,本集團之銀行結餘及現金總額約為57,266,000港元(2024年:約299,717,000港元)。有關減少乃主要由於償還銀行借款及已付利息。

於2025年3月31日,本集團之銀行借貸總額約為1,892,260,000港元(2024年:約2,066,734,000港元)。本集團之資本負債比率(即銀行借貸總額佔股東資產之百分比)約為0.7(2024年:約0.7)。於2025年3月31日,本集團流動比率約為2.3(2024年:約3.2)。

本集團之營運資金主要來自其營運產生的循環現金流、在資本市場募集的資金及銀行融資。有關有抵押銀行借貸之詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註27。

Set out below are the particulars of the outstanding convertible note of the Company as at 31 March 2025:

以下為本公司於2025年3月31日未兑換之可 換股票據詳情:

2023年可換股票據(「2023年可換股票據」)

#### 2023 Convertible Note (the "2023 Convertible Note")

Holder of the 2023 Convertible Note : Goodco Development Limited ("Goodco") 2023 年可換股票據持有人 : 佳豪發展有限公司(「佳豪」)

Principal amount:HK\$209,000,000本金金額:209,000,000港元

Outstanding principal amount:HK\$70,000,000未償還本金金額:70,000,000港元

Interest : 5% per annum 利息 : 每年5厘

 Issue date
 :
 20 February 2023

 發行日期
 :
 2023年2月20日

Maturity date: 19 February 2028到期日: 2028年2月19日

Conversion price : HK\$0.14\* (subject to adjustments)

During the Financial Year, no exercise of the conversion rights under the 2023 Convertible Note was made and the outstanding principal amount as at the date of this annual report is HK\$70,000,000.

With respect to the 2023 Convertible Note, (i) upon completion of the rights issue of the Company on 4 February 2025, the conversion price of the 2023 Convertible Note was adjusted from HK\$0.18 to HK\$0.14 per conversion share; and (ii) upon completion of partial redemptions during the Financial Year, the outstanding principal amount of 2023 Convertible Note was reduced to HK\$70,000,000. Based on the adjusted current conversion price of the 2023 Convertible Note of HK\$0.14 per conversion share, the number of conversion shares decreased to 500,000,000.

For further information, please refer to the section headed "MATERIAL NOTIFIABLE TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS" below.

於本財政年度內,2023年可換股票據之兑換權沒有被行使,因此於本年報日期未償還本金金額為70,000,000港元。

\* 就2023年可換股票據而言 · (i)本公司於2025 年2月4日完成供股後 · 2023年可換股票據的 兑股價由每股兑換股份0.18港元調整至0.14 港元 : 及(ii)於本財政年度內完成部分贖回後 · 2023年可換股票據的未償還本金金額減少至 70,000,000港元。根據2023年可換股票據的經 調整現行兑換價每股兑換股份0.14港元計算 · 兑換股份數目減少至500,000,000股。

詳細資料請參閱下述「重大須予公佈的交易及事件」一節。

#### **Capital Structure**

As at 31 March 2025, the total number of issued ordinary Shares was 1,014,444,348 (2024: 103,148,116 Shares) and the nominal value per Share was HK\$0.01 (31 March 2024: HK\$0.01). As at the date of this annual report, the total number of issued ordinary Shares was 1,014,444,348.

For movement of the total number of issued Shares during the Financial Year, please refer to the sub-sections headed "Placing of New Shares under Specific Mandate" and "The Rights Issue" below.

#### **Charges of Assets**

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had bank loans amounting to approximately HK\$1,892,260,000 (2024: approximately HK\$2,066,734,000) which were secured by the Group's properties with an aggregate net book value of approximately HK\$1,057,900,000 (investment properties), approximately HK\$1,846,612,000 (properties held for development for sale) and approximately HK\$1,712,654,000 (properties held for sale) respectively (2024: approximately HK\$1,211,443,000, HK\$2,520,754,000 and HK\$1,065,891,000 respectively).

#### **Exposure on Foreign Exchange Fluctuations**

All bank borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. Most of the Group's revenues and payments are denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars, Singapore dollars and Renminbi. During the Financial Year, the Group did not have significant exposure to the fluctuation in exchange rates and thus, no financial instrument for hedging purposes was employed. The Group considered the risk of exposure to the currency fluctuation to be minimal.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2025 (2024: nil).

#### 股本結構

於2025年3月31日,本公司已發行普通股總數為1,014,444,348股(2024年:103,148,116股),而每股面值為0.01港元(2024年3月31日:0.01港元)。於本年報日期,本公司已發行普通股總數為1,014,444,348股。

於本財政年度內有關已發行股份總數的變動,請參閱下述「根據特別授權配售新股份」及「供股」分節。

#### 資產抵押

於2025年3月31日,本集團之銀行借貸約為1,892,260,000港元(2024年:約2,066,734,000港元)乃以本集團之物業作為抵押・賬面總淨值分別約為1,057,900,000港元(投資物業)、約為1,846,612,000港元(持作出售發展物業)及約為1,712,654,000港元(持作出售物業)(2024年:分別約1,211,443,000港元、2,520,754,000港元及1,065,891,000港元)。

#### 外匯波動之風險

所有銀行借貸均以港元計值。本集團的收入 與支出大多數以港元、美元、新加坡元及人 民幣計值。於本財政年度內,本集團並無因 兑換率波動而承受重大風險,因此並無運用 任何金融工具作對沖用途。本集團認為承受 兑換率波動之風險極微。

#### 或然負債

於2025年3月31日,本集團並無任何重大或 然負債(2024年:無)。



#### **Capital Expenditures and Capital Commitments**

#### Capital Expenditures

For the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group of approximately HK\$10,000 invest in the purchase of property, plant and equipment (2024: approximately HK\$681,000). These capital expenditures were financed from internal resources and funds from previous fund raising activities of the Company.

#### Capital Commitments

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had no capital commitment in respect of capital expenditures contracted for but not provided (2024: approximately HK\$4,418,000).

#### **Changes in Fair Value of Investment Properties**

During the Financial Year, there was a loss of approximately HK\$28,700,000 on changes in fair value of investment properties from continuing operations (2024: loss of approximately HK\$9,563,000). During the Financial Year, the loss on changes in fair value of investment properties from discontinued operation was nil (2024: nil).

#### **Finance Costs**

Finance costs from continuing operations were approximately HK\$92,555,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025, representing an increase of approximately HK\$37,481,000 or approximately 68.1% from approximately HK\$55,074,000 for the previous financial year. Included in the finance costs, approximately HK\$20,525,000 (2024: approximately HK\$17,941,000) was the effective interest expense on the convertible note.

#### 資本開支及資本承擔

#### 資本開支

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本集團將約10,000港元投資於購置物業、廠房及設備(2024年:約681,000港元)。該等資本開支的資金均來自內部資源及先前本公司之集資活動。

#### 資本承擔

於2025年3月31日,本集團並無有關已訂約 但未撥備之資本性開支的資本承擔(2024年: 約4,418,000港元)。

#### 投資物業之公平值變動

於本財政年度內,來自持續經營業務投資物業之公平值變動產生虧損約為28,700,000港元(2024年:虧損約為9,563,000港元)。於本財政年度內,來自已終止經營業務的投資物業之公平值變動產生虧損為零(2024年:無)。

#### 融資成本

截至2025年3月31日止年度,來自持續經營業務的融資成本約為92,555,000港元,較上個財政年度的約55,074,000港元增加約37,481,000港元或約68.1%。計入融資成本的約20,525,000港元(2024年:約17,941,000港元)為可換股票據之實際利息支出。

#### MATERIAL NOTIFIABLE TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS

#### Placing of New Shares under Specific Mandate

Unless otherwise stated, capitalized terms used herein this section shall have the same meanings as those defined in Company's announcements dated 23 January and 17 April 2024, and the Company's circular dated 29 February 2024. On 23 January 2024, the Company entered into a conditional placing agreement pursuant to which a total of 235,000,000 placing shares will be placed by the placing agent to not less than six placees at the placing price of HK\$0.18 per placing share, representing approximately 69.5% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the allotment and issue of the placing shares. The Placing Shares under the Placing rank pari passu in all respects with the Shares in issue on the date of allotment and issue of the Placing Shares. The aggregate nominal value of the maximum number of the Placing Shares under the Placing is HK\$2,350,000. The Placing Price represents a discount of approximately 4.76% to the closing price of HK\$0.1890 per Share as guoted on the Stock Exchange on the Last Trading Day. The net proceeds from the placing, after deduction of the placing commission and other related costs and expenses of the placing, amounted to HK\$41,877,000 would be used for repayment of the Group's bank borrowings and general working capital of the Group. The placing was completed on 17 April 2024. As at the date of this annual report, the net proceeds has been utilised as intended. Further information can be found in the Company's announcements dated 23 January and 17 April 2024, and the Company's circular dated 29 February 2024.

# Connected Transaction – Proposed Alterations of terms of the 2023 Convertible Note and Proposed Grant of Specific Mandate to Issue Conversion Shares

On 23 January 2024, the Company entered into a deed of amendment with Goodco pursuant to which the conversion price of the 2023 Convertible Note issued by the Company with principal amount of HK\$209,000,000 would be adjusted from HK\$3.70 to HK\$0.18 per conversion share and an early redemption provision was altered to give the Company and Goodco the right to redeem the 2023 Convertible Note at any time, in whole or in part. The number of conversion shares would be adjusted from 56,486,486 to 1,161,111,111. The aforesaid placing of new shares was approved in the special general meeting of the Company on 27 March 2024 and the conditions precedent under the deed of amendment were fulfilled on 17 April 2024. Accordingly, the placing of new shares and amendment of terms of the 2023 Convertible Note were completed on 17 April 2024. The modification of the terms is determined to be substantial and hence will result in the extinguishment of the original liability component of the 2023 Convertible Note and the recognition of new liability and equity components. Accordingly, the difference between the fair value of the new liability component and the carrying amount of the original liability component will be recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2025. Further information can be found in the Company's announcements dated 23 January and 17 April 2024, and the Company's circular dated 6 March 2024.

#### 重大須予公佈的交易及事件

#### 根據特別授權配售新股份

除文義另有所指外,本章節所用詞彙與本公 司日期為2024年1月23日及4月17日之公佈 以及本公司日期為2024年2月29日之通函所 界定者具有相同涵義。於2024年1月23日, 本公司訂立有條件配售協議,據此,配售代 理將以每股配售股份0.18港元之配售價向不 少於六名承配人配售合共235,000,000股配 售股份, 佔本公司經配發及發行配售股份擴 大後之已發行股本約69.5%。配售事項項下 之配售股份一經發行,將於配發及發行配售 股份當日在所有方面與股份享有同等地位。 配售事項項下之最高配售股份數目總面值 為2,350,000港元。配售價較於最後交易日 在聯交所所報的收市價每股股份0.1890港元 折讓約4.76%。配售事項所得款項淨額(經 扣除配售佣金及其他相關成本和開支後)為 41,877,000港元,將用作償還本集團的銀行 借貸及本集團一般營運資金。有關配售事項 已於2024年4月17日完成。於本年報日期, 所得款項淨額已用作擬定用途。詳細資料請 參閱本公司日期為2024年1月23日及4月17日 之公佈以及本公司日期為2024年2月29日之 通函。

## 關連交易一建議修訂2023年可換股票據之條款及建議授出特別授權以發行兑換股份

於2024年1月23日,本公司與佳豪訂立修 訂契據,據此,本公司發行本金金額為 209,000,000港元之2023年可換股票據之兑 換價由每股兑換股份3.70港元調整為0.18港 元,並更改提前贖回條款,賦予本公司及佳 豪隨時贖回全部或部分2023年可換股票據之 權利。兑換股份數目將由56,486,486股調整 至1,161,111,111股。上述配售新股份已於 2024年3月27日本公司股東特別大會上獲得 批准以及修訂契據項下的先決條件已於2024 年4月17日獲達成。因此,配售新股份及 2023年可換股票據條款修訂已於2024年4月 17日完成。修訂條款被認定為實質性,故將 導致2023年可換股票據的原有負債部分終止 確認,並確認新的負債和權益部分。因此, 新負債部分的公平值與原有負債部分賬面值 之間的差額將於截至2025年3月31日止年度 內於損益確認。詳細資料請參閱本公司日期 為2024年1月23日及4月17日之公佈以及本公 司日期為2024年3月6日之通函。

#### Major Transaction - Disposal of Limited Partnership Interest

On 31 May 2024, the Group entered deeds of assignment with independent third parties pursuant to which the Group agreed to assign and transfer all of the rights, title and interests in a limited partnership at a consideration of USD3,700,000 (equivalent to HK\$28,971,000). The disposal was approved by the Shareholders at a special general meeting of the Company held on 17 July 2024. During the Financial Year, all the conditions precedent to the disposal had been fulfilled and completion of the disposal took place in July 2024. Further information can be found in the Company's announcement and circular dated 31 May 2024 and 24 June 2024 respectively.

#### Major Transaction - Disposal of Property in Hong Kong

On 28 June 2024, the Group, entered into a preliminary sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which the Group agreed to sell, and the independent third party agreed to purchase, the property at a consideration of HK\$36,000,000, subject to fulfilment of the conditions precedent as stipulated in the preliminary sale and purchase agreement. The property situated at Ground Floor, No. 148 Johnston Road, Hong Kong which comprises a shop on the ground floor in a fifteenstorey residential and commercial composite building with a saleable area of approximately 516 sq. ft. (equivalent to approximately 47.94 sq. m.) plus a yard of approximately 62 sq. ft. (equivalent to approximately 5.76 sq. m.). The disposal was approved by the Shareholders at a special general meeting of the Company held on 13 August 2024. During the Financial Year, all the conditions precedent to the disposal had been fulfilled and completion of the disposal took place in September 2024. Further information can be found in the Company's announcement and circular dated 28 June 2024 and 22 July 2024 respectively.

#### Major Transaction - Disposal of Property in Singapore

An agreement was entered into between the Group (as vendor) and an independent third party (as purchaser), in relation to the grant and exercise of the option on 24 July 2024 to purchase the four-bedroom residential apartment units with a gross floor area of approximately 268 sq. m. (equivalent to approximately 2,885 sq. ft.) located on the eighteenth storey of a thirty-storey block within a condominium development of 15 Ardmore Park #18-02, Ardmore Park, Singapore 259959 at a sale price of S\$12,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$72,216,000). The disposal was approved by the Shareholders at a special general meeting of the Company held on 3 September 2024.

During the Financial Year, all the conditions precedent to the disposal had been fulfilled and completion of the disposal took place in October 2024. Further information can be found in the Company's announcement and circular dated 24 July 2024 and 12 August 2024 respectively.

#### 主要交易 - 出售有限合夥公司權益

於2024年5月31日,本集團與獨立第三方訂立出讓契據,據此,本集團同意出讓及轉售有限合夥公司的權益的所有權利、所有權及權益,代價為3,700,000美元(相當於28,971,000港元)。有關出售事項已於本公司2024年7月17日舉行之股東特別大會上獲得股東批准。於本財政年度內,出售事項的所有先決條件已獲達成,而出售事項已於2024年7月完成。詳細資料請參閱本公司日期分別為2024年5月31日之公佈及2024年6月24日之通函。

#### 主要交易 - 出售香港物業

於2024年6月28日,本集團與獨立第三方訂立臨時買賣合約,據此,本集團同意出售,而獨立第三方同意購買該物業,代價為36,000,000港元,惟須達成臨時買賣合約規定的先決條件。該物業位於香港莊士敦道148號地下,包括一棟十五層住宅及商業綜合大樓地下的一間店舖,其實用面積約為516平方呎(相當於約47.94平方米),加上庭院約62平方呎(相當於約5.76平方米)。有關出售東項已於本公司2024年8月13日舉行之時東特別大會上獲得股東批准。於本財政年度內,出售事項已於2024年9月完成。詳細資料請參閱本公司日期分別為2024年6月28日之公佈及2024年7月22日之通函。

#### 主要交易 - 出售新加坡物業

本集團(作為賣方)與一名獨立第三方(作為買方)訂立協議,內容有關於2024年7月24日授出及行使選擇權以按售價12,000,000新加坡元(相當於約72,216,000港元)購買總建築面積約268平方米(相當於約2,885平方呎)的四房住宅公寓單位,該物業位於一座三十層高的共管公寓發展項目的第十八樓層,坐落於新加坡259959雅茂園15號#18-02單位。有關出售事項已於本公司2024年9月3日舉行之股東特別大會上獲得股東批准。

於本財政年度內,出售事項的所有先決條件已獲達成,而出售事項已於2024年10月完成。詳細資料請參閱本公司日期分別為2024年7月24日之公佈及2024年8月12日之通函。

#### The Rights Issue

Unless otherwise stated, capitalized terms used herein this section shall have the same meanings as those defined in the announcement and circular of the Company dated 15 October 2024 and 29 November 2024 respectively.

On 15 October 2024, the Company announced that it proposed to raise up to approximately HK\$62.2 million before expenses by way of the issue to the Qualifying Shareholders of a maximum of 676,296,232 Rights Shares (assuming no change in the number of Shares in issue on or before the Record Date) at the Subscription Price of HK\$0.092 per Rights Share, representing a discount of approximately 8.00% to the closing price of HK\$0.100 per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on the Last Trading Day, on the basis of two Rights Shares for every one existing Share held on the Record Date. The Rights Issue, which is on a non-underwritten basis, is available only to the Qualifying Shareholders and will not be extended to the Non-Qualifying Shareholders. The Rights Shares, when allotted, fully-paid and issued, shall rank pari passu in all respects with Shares then in issue, including as to the right to receive all future dividends and distributions which may be declared, made or paid on or after the date of allotment of the Rights Shares. The aggregate nominal value of the Rights Shares is HK\$6,762,962. The net price per Rights Share (after deducting the relevant estimated expenses) is approximately HK\$0.0905. The purpose of the Rights Issue is to repay the Group's bank loans and obtain additional general working capital. Approximately HK\$47.0 million of the net proceeds was planned for repayment of the Group's bank loan(s) and the remaining balance of approximately HK\$14.2 million was planned for general working capital of the Group.

In accordance with Rule 7.19A(1) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), as the Rights Issue will increase the number of Shares by more than 50%, the Rights Issue is subject to the approval of the Independent Shareholders at the SGM by way of poll.

A SGM regarding the Rights Issue was held on 19 December 2024 and the prospectus was despatched on 8 January 2025. On 3 February 2025, the Company announced the results of the Rights Issue and the conversion price adjustment as a result of the Rights Issue that reduced the conversion price from HK\$0.18 to HK\$0.14 per conversion Share of the 2023 Convertible Note. The dealings in the fully-paid Rights Shares on the Stock Exchange commenced on 5 February 2025. As at the date of this annual report, the net proceeds has been utilised as intended.

Further information can be found in the Company's announcements dated 15 October 2024 and 3 February 2025, the circular dated 29 November 2024 and the prospectus dated 8 January 2025.

#### Change of Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer office

On 26 February 2025, the Company announced the change of the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office with effect from 31 March 2025. Further information can be found in the Company's announcement dated 26 February 2025.

#### 供股

除文義另有所指外,本章節所用詞彙與本公司日期分別為2024年10月15日之公佈及2024年11月29日之通函所界定者具有相同涵義。

於2024年10月15日,本公司宣佈其建議按於 記錄日期每持有一股現有股份獲發兩股供股 股份的基準,以每股供股股份0.092港元的認 購價(較於最後交易日在聯交所所報的收市價 每股股份0.100港元折讓約8.00%),向合資 格股東發行最多676,296,232股供股股份(假 設於記錄日期或之前已發行股份數目概無變 動),藉此籌集最多約62.2百萬港元(扣除開 支前)。供股按非包銷基準僅可提呈予合資 格股東,且將不會延伸至不合資格股東。供 股股份於配發、繳足及發行後,將在各方面 與當時已發行的股份享有同等地位,包括收 取配發供股股份當日或之後所宣派、作出或 派付的所有未來股息及分派的權利。供股之 總面值為6,762,962港元。每股供股股份之淨 價格(經扣除相關估計開支後)約為0.0905港 元。供股目的為償還本集團銀行貸款,並取 得額外一般營運資金。所得款項淨額約47.0 百萬港元計劃用作償還本集團銀行貸款,而 餘下結餘約14.2百萬港元則計劃用作本集團 一般營運資金。

根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第7.19A(1)條,由於供股將增加股份數目超過50%,供股須於股東特別大會上以投票表決方式取得獨立股東的批准。

有關供股之股東特別大會已於2024年12月19日舉行,而供股章程已於2025年1月8日寄發。於2025年2月3日,本公司宣佈供股結果及因供股而作出之兑換價調整,將2023年可換股票據之兑換價由每股兑換股份0.18港元減至0.14港元。繳足股款之供股股份已於2025年2月5日開始於聯交所買賣。於本年報日期,所得款項淨額已用作擬定用途。

詳細資料請參閱本公司日期為2024年10月15 日及2025年2月3日的公佈、日期為2024年11 月29日的通函及日期為2025年1月8日的供股 章程。

#### 更改香港股份過戶登記分處

於2025年2月26日,本公司宣佈更改本公司 香港股份過戶登記分處,自2025年3月31日 起生效。詳細資料請參閱本公司日期為2025 年2月26日的公佈。



#### COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Compliance is an integral part of the Group's corporate governance. As far as the Board is aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on its businesses and operations of the Group. During the year ended 31 March 2025, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group that caused material adverse impact on the Group's business operation.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE**

The Group is embedded with a strong corporate culture for corporate social responsibilities that forms an integral part of its business strategies. Being a responsible corporate citizen, the Group is committed to the longterm sustainability of the environment in which it operates and support the environmental protection initiatives to conserve the natural resources. The Group understands global implications of climate change and is committed to place a high priority on reducing the potential impact on the environment by its business operations through building awareness of environmental conservation, minimizing carbon footprints, employing green office initiatives and enhancing environmental awareness among employees and other key stakeholders. Acting in an environmentally responsible manner, the Group endeavours to comply with laws and regulations regarding environmental protection and to adopt effective measures in achieving efficient use of resources, energy-saving and waste management. Details will be disclosed in the environmental, social and governance report of the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules in due course.

#### **KEY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

The Group's businesses, financial condition, results of operations and prospects are subject to a number of directly or indirectly business risks and uncertainties. In general, volatility in the worldwide financial markets, fluctuations in commodity prices and increasing energy costs, uncertain inflationary pressures, uncertain interest rate movement, political turbulence, international trade competition and supply chain disruptions have all contributed to the increased uncertainty of global economic prospects.

Climate change poses different risks to the Group's businesses. Apart from physical risks such as rising earth's temperature and sea level, increasing greenhouse gas and extreme weather condition, have already created and will continue to create, resulting in a number of negative effects to the environment and the Group's assets, businesses and supply chain management which may pose increased risks for the Group's stakeholders such as employees, customers and suppliers.

Faced with such daunting macro-economic and geo-political risks and uncertainties, the Group devotes considerable effort to focus on developing its core businesses and to explore new market opportunities in order to create and realize long-term values to the Shareholders and its key stakeholders.

#### 遵守法例及法規

合規乃本集團企業管治的重要部分。據董事會所知悉,本集團已在重大方面遵守對其業務及本集團營運有重大影響的相關法例及法規。於截至2025年3月31日止年度,概無本集團嚴重違反或不遵守適用法例及法規而對本集團業務營運造成重大不利影響的情況。

#### 環保表現

#### 主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團的業務、財務狀況、經營業績及前景可能受多種直接或間接的風險及不明朗因素所影響。一般而言,全球金融市場波動、商品價格浮動和能源成本上升、不確定的通脹壓力、不確定的利率變動、政治動盪、國際貿易競爭及供應鏈受阻,均導致全球經濟前景的不明朗因素增加。

氣候變化對本集團的業務構成不同的風險。 除了地球氣溫和海平面上升、溫室氣體增加 和極端天氣情況等實體風險已經產生並將繼 續產生,對環境和本集團的資產、業務和供 應鏈管理造成多種負面影響,這可能會增加 本集團持份者(如僱員、客戶和供應商)的風 險。

面對如此嚴峻的宏觀經濟及地緣政治風險及 不明朗因素,本集團致力發展其核心業務及 開拓新的市場機會,為股東及其主要持份者 創造及實現長期價值。

#### **EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had 38 employees (2024: 40). Staff costs (including the Directors' emoluments) amounted to approximately HK\$32,050,000 for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: approximately HK\$40,218,000). The Group regards human resources as its valuable assets. The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, experience and prevailing industry practice. The Group has participated in the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all eligible employees of the Group in Hong Kong as required under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and has made contributions to the state-sponsored pension scheme operated by the PRC government for the PRC employees, if needed. Other benefits to employees include medical and dental scheme and insurance coverage.

#### **PROSPECTS**

The Group will continue focusing its efforts on the development of its existing principal businesses, including property development, property investment, investment in securities and others and loan financing business while exploring other potential opportunities and projects with a view to providing steady and favourable returns to the Shareholders and bringing increased values to the Group's stakeholders.

Despite the existing uncertainties on global economic growth in the macroenvironment associated with uncertain inflation rate and interest rate movements, and ongoing geopolitical tensions, the Group continuously and closely monitors the current situation and remains prudently optimistic about the prospects of the property and securities markets in Hong Kong and believes these markets will continue to grow over the longer term.

In line with its investment strategy and policy, the Company will continue to seize and identify appropriate investment and divestment opportunities during this challenging period that fit the objective and investment criteria of the Company, and will continue to seek attractive opportunities to replenish its property portfolio as an ongoing business exercise. The Board would exercise utmost caution so as to bring long-term benefits to the operating and financial results to the Company in the foreseeable future.

#### 僱員

於2025年3月31日,本集團有38名僱員(2024年:40名)。於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,員工成本(包括董事酬金)約為32,050,000港元(2024年:約40,218,000港元)。本集團視人力資源為其寶貴資產。本集團根據僱員之表現、經驗及現行業內慣例而釐定彼等之薪酬。本集團根據《強制性公積金計劃條例》(香港法例第485章)之規定為本集團香港所有合資格僱員設立強制性公積金計劃,並為中國僱員向中國政府設立國家資助退休金計劃作出供款(倘需要)。其他僱員福利包括醫療及牙科計劃及保險保障。

#### 展望

本集團將繼續集中發展其現有主要業務,包括物業發展、物業投資、證券及其他投資及貸款融資業務,以及開拓其他潛在機遇及項目,期望為股東提供穩定而有利的回報,並 為本集團持份者帶來更多的增值。

儘管全球經濟增長的宏觀環境現有不明朗因素連同不確定的通脹率及利率變動,以及地緣政治局勢持續緊張,但本集團繼續密切關注現今的情況,並對香港物業及證券市場的前景仍持審慎樂觀的態度,並認為該等市場長遠將持續增長。

根據其投資策略及政策,本公司在面對這段 挑戰時期將繼續抓緊及尋找合適的投資及撤 資機會,以符合本公司之目標及投資標準,並將繼續物色具吸引力的機遇補充其作為一 項持續業務活動之物業投資組合。董事會將 審慎行事,以在可預見未來對本公司的經營 及財務業績帶來長遠的收益。



#### COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Board is committed to maintaining and upholding a high standard of corporate governance practices and procedures by integrating social and environmental concerns into business operations of the Group, such that the interests of the Shareholders and its stakeholders as well as the long-term sustainable development of the Company can be safeguarded.

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules. During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company has fully complied with all the applicable code provisions of the CG Code, thereby ensuring that the Company is up to the requirements as being diligent, accountable and professional, except for the deviations with considered reasons disclosed in this annual report.

#### 遵守《企業管治守則》

董事會致力於維持及堅持高標準的企業管治 常規及程序,並將本集團的業務營運融合社 會和環境關注因素的理念,以使股東及其持 份者的利益以及本公司的長遠持續發展得到 保障。

本公司企業管治常規乃依據上市規則附錄C1 所載《企業管治守則》(「《企業管治守則》」)之 原則及守則條文。於截至2025年3月31日止 年度內,本公司已全面遵守《企業管治守則》 所載所有適用守則條文,以確保本公司合乎 盡職、問責及專業要求,惟本年報所披露之 偏離情況和闡述原因除外。

## Biographical Details of Directors 董事之履歷

## EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS MR LALLAW KALL

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Lai Law Kau, aged 64, is the chairman, chief executive officer, an executive director (the "Director"), the chairman of the executive committee (the "Executive Committee") of the Company, and a member of the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") of the Company. Mr. Lai has been involved in the textiles industry over 20 years and has extensive experience in design, manufacturing, marketing and distribution of apparel. He is a brother-in-law of Ms. Lui Yuk Chu, the deputy chairman and an executive Director; and the vice president and an executive director of Easyknit International Holdings Limited (stock code: 1218) ("Easyknit"). Mr. Lai is also an uncle of Ms. Koon Ho Yan Candy ("Ms. Candy Koon"), the president and chief executive officer, and an executive director of Easyknit. In August 2020, he was appointed as an executive Director and a member of the Executive Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. In October 2020, Mr. Lai was re-designated from an executive Director and a member of the Executive Committee to the chairman, chief executive officer, and the chairman of the Executive Committee.

#### MS. LUI YUK CHU

Deputy Chairman

Ms. Lui Yuk Chu, aged 67, is the deputy chairman, an executive Director and authorised representative of the Company, and a member of the Executive Committee. She is also an executive director and vice president, and a member of the executive committee of Easyknit. Ms. Lui has been involved in the textiles industry for over 30 years and has extensive experience in design, manufacturing, marketing and distribution of apparel. She serves as director of various subsidiaries of the Company and Easyknit. Ms. Lui was appointed to the board of the Company (the "Board") as an executive Director in 2003 and was appointed as deputy chairman in 2006. She is a sister-in-law of Mr. Lai Law Kau, the chairman, chief executive officer, and an executive Director of the Company. Ms. Lui is also the mother of Ms. Candy Koon.

#### 執行董事

#### 賴羅球先生

主席兼首席行政總裁

賴羅球先生,64歲,為本公司主席、首席 行政總裁、執行董事(「董事」)、執行委員會」)主席,以及本公司薪酬委員會」)主席,以及本公司薪酬委員會 (「執行委員會」)及提名委員會(「提名委員會」) 員。賴先生從事紡織業逾20年,並於成改 計、製造、市場推廣及分銷方面擁有豐富 驗。彼為本公司及永義國際集團有限行董事 份代號:1218)(「永義」)副主席兼執行董事相 成代號:1218)(「永義」)副主席兼執行董事在 京行政總裁,及執行董事官可欣女士(「官為定 女士」)之姑丈。於2020年8月,彼獲委員會成 提名委員會成員。於2020年10月,賴先生司 提名委員會成員。於2020年10月,賴先生司 執行董事及執行委員會的員獲調任為本及 提名委員會成員。於2020年10月,賴先生司 執行董事及執行委員會方委員會主席。

#### 雷玉珠女士

副主席

雷玉珠女士,67歲,為本公司副主席、執行董事及授權代表,以及執行委員會之成員。彼亦為永義之執行董事兼副主席及執行委員會成員。雷女士從事紡織業逾30年,並於成衣設計、製造、市場推廣及分銷方面擁有豐富經驗。彼為本公司及永義多間附屬公司董事。(「董事會」)為執行董事,及於2006年獲委任為副主席。彼為本公司主席、首席行政總裁及執行董事賴羅球先生之嫂子。雷女士亦為官可欣女士之母親。



## Biographical Details of Directors 董事之履歷

#### MR. KWONG JIMMY CHEUNG TIM

Mr. Kwong Jimmy Cheung Tim, aged 82, is an executive Director and authorised representative of the Company, and a member of the Executive Committee. Mr. Kwong graduated from The University of Hong Kong in 1965 and was admitted as Barrister-at-Law in the United Kingdom in 1970 and in Hong Kong in 1973 respectively. He has over 30 years of experience in the legal field. Mr. Kwong was appointed to the Board as an independent non-executive Director in 2003, and was subsequently re-designated as an executive Director in 2007. In 2007, he was appointed as chairman and chief executive officer of the Company. Mr. Kwong also serves as director of various subsidiaries of the Company and a subsidiary of Easyknit. In October 2020, he was re-designated from the chairman and chief executive officer of the Company and the chairman of the Executive Committee of the Company to an executive Director and a member of the Executive Committee; and resigned as a member of the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee.

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS MR. KAN KA HON

Mr. Kan Ka Hon, aged 74, is an independent non-executive Director since 2003. Mr. Kan is also the chairman and a member of the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee"), and a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Science from The University of Hong Kong and is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Kan has over 30 years of experience in accounting and finance.

#### MR. LAU SIN MING

Mr. Lau Sin Ming, aged 63, is an independent non-executive Director since 2004. Mr. Lau is also the chairman and a member of the Remuneration Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee. He is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Lau has over 30 years of experience in accounting and auditing and is now working as a tax consultant.

#### MR. WU KOON YIN WELLY

Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly, aged 40, is an independent non-executive Director since 2017. Mr. Wu is also the chairman and a member of the Nomination Committee, and a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. He holds a Master in Finance degree from the University of Essex and a Bachelor of Commerce degree in the University of Sydney, Australia. He has over 16 years of extensive experience in the brokerage industry.

#### 鄺長添先生

屬長添先生,82歲,為本公司之執行董事及 授權代表,以及執行委員會成員。屬先生於 1965年畢業於香港大學,分別於1970年及 1973年成為英國及香港之大律師。彼於法律 界擁有逾30年經驗。屬先生於2003年獲委任 加入董事會為獨立非執行董事,其後於2007 年獲調任為執行董事。於2007年,彼獲委任 為本公司主席兼首席行政總裁。屬先生亦為 本公司多間附屬公司以及永義一間附屬公司 之董事。於2020年10月,彼由本公司主席兼 首席行政總裁及執行委員會主席獲調任為執 行董事及執行委員會成員;以及辭任提名委 員會及薪酬委員會成員。

# 獨立非執行董事 簡嘉翰先生

簡嘉翰先生,74歲,自2003年起為獨立非執行董事。簡先生亦為本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)主席及成員、並為薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。彼持有香港大學理學士學位,並為英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。簡先生於會計及金融方面擁有逾30年經驗。

#### 劉善明先生

劉善明先生,63歲,自2004年起為獨立非執行董事。劉先生亦為薪酬委員會主席及成員、並為審核委員會及提名委員會成員。彼為英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。劉先生擁有逾30年會計及核數經驗,現為稅務顧問。

#### 吳冠賢先生

吳冠賢先生,40歲,自2017年起為獨立非執行董事。吳先生亦為提名委員會主席及成員、並為審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。彼持有英國艾塞克斯大學金融學碩士學位及澳洲悉尼大學商學學士學位。彼在經紀行業擁有逾16年的豐富經驗。

## **Corporate Governance Report**

### 企業管治報告

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Director(s)") of the Company is dedicated to maintaining and developing a good standard of corporate governance within a sensible and practical framework with key practices and procedures by integrating social and environmental concerns into the business operations of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). The Board firmly believes that the principles of transparency, accountability and independence are essential for upholding the interests of the stakeholders and maximizing the shareholders' value. The Board is committed to excellence in corporate governance. It is responsible for developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance as well as complying with statutory and regulatory requirements.

本公司董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)致力於在合理而可行的框架及主要常規下維持及發展良好企業管治常規及程序,並將本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)的業務營運融合社會和環境關注因素的理念。董事會堅信透明度、問責制與獨立性原則為保障持份者之利益及提升股東價值為根本。董事會致力實踐卓越的企業管治。其負責制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策與實務,並遵守法定及監管規定。

#### CORPORATE CULTURE AND STRATEGY

#### **Corporate Culture**

The Board and the management of the Group set the tone and shape the corporate culture of people-centered, risk-prevention-oriented, legally compliant and steady progress, which is underpinned by the core values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly across all levels of the Group. The Board leads the management in defining the purpose, values and strategic direction of the Group and in fostering a corporate culture that is building a long-term sustainable business models where customers, partners, investors, suppliers and employees can benefit in the shared value of corporate success. The desired culture is developed and reflected consistently in the Group's business operations, workplace policies and practices as well as relationships with the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholder(s)") and other stakeholders. The Board, together with the management of the Group, create an organizational culture of maintaining and developing an effective corporate governance framework with stringent corporate governance practices and procedures through workforce engagement, employee retention and training, robust financial reporting, whistleblowing, data privacy and anti-corruption policies, and legal and regulatory compliance. The Group promotes its culture continuously by setting out various policies, including but not limited to, the whistleblowing policy, the anti-corruption policy and the Shareholders' communication policy. Taking into account the corporate culture in a range of contexts, the Board has reviewed and considered that the Group's culture, purpose, values and strategy are aligned as at the date of this annual report.

#### 企業文化及策略

#### 企業文化

董事會和本集團管理層為企業文化定下基調 並塑造以人為中心、以防範風險為本、依 法合規及穩中求進的企業文化,其核心價 值觀是在本集團各個層面以合法、合乎道德 和負責任的方式行事。董事會領導管理層確 定本集團的宗旨、價值觀和策略方針,並培 養一種企業文化,建立長期可持續的業務模 式,讓客戶、合作夥伴、投資者、供應商和 僱員都可以從共同創造的價值的企業成就中 受益。期望的文化在本集團所經營的業務運 作、工作場所政策和常規,以及與本公司股 東(「股東」)和其他持份者的關係中得以發展 和反映一致。董事會與本集團管理層一起, 通過員工參與、僱員挽留和培訓、穩健的財 務報告、舉報、資料隱私和反貪污政策,以 及遵守法律和規管合規。本集團透過包括但 不限於舉報政策、反貪污政策及股東通訊政 策等各項政策,以推廣本集團的文化。考慮 到各種情況下的企業文化,於本年報日期, 董事會已審閱及認為本集團的文化、宗旨、 價值觀和策略均是一致的。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **Corporate Strategy**

In order to achieve the Group's principal objective of enhancing long-term values and interests to the Shareholders and other stakeholders, the Group focuses on achieving sustainable growth in both financial and environmental, social and governance ("ESG") performance. The Group executes disciplined management of revenue and profitability, margin and costs, capital and investment return and other financing activities. The Group's core competency in operational excellence in its various properties projects is a key initiative to capture continuing cost and revenue opportunities in its core businesses. The "CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT" and the "MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS" in this annual report include discussions and analyses of the Group's performance, the basis on which the Board directs to generate the Group's core values in the longer term and delivers the Group's corporate culture, strategy and objectives. The Group is increasingly conscious on ESG and focusing on supporting the global low-carbon and sustainable future transition. Further details on the Group's ESG initiatives and relationships with its key stakeholders are disclosed in the "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT" of this annual report.

## RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND ESG

The Group recognizes the significance of sound ESG practices and is committed to the environment protection, provision of quality workplace, and serving our community. The ESG considerations are reflected in the policies, procedures and processes that are relevant to the Group's daily operations. The Board plays a key role in ESG strategy and oversight in order to create long-term growth and sustainable value for the Group's stakeholders. The Group had established a ESG governance structure to advise and oversee the Group's sustainability and ESG-related issues and risks. The ESG management approach and policies are overseen by the Board. The Board identifies and evaluates the material ESG issues related to the Group's internal and external stakeholders, including risks to the Group's businesses. With the ever-changing ESG-related risks and the growing prominence of ESG-related issues to the Group's stakeholders, the Group will uphold and strengthen its risk management system in order to cope with the ever-changing ESG-related risks and opportunities. The ESG policies and performance of the Group are contained in the "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT" of this annual report.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company has fully complied with the code provisions of the CG Code, thereby ensuring that the Company is up to the requirements as being diligent, accountable and professional except for the deviations with considered reasons disclosed herein.

#### 企業策略

以實現為股東及其他持份者提高長期價值 和利益的主要目標,本集團專注於財務和 環境、社會和治理(「環境、社會及管治」)表 現以實現可持續增長。本集團對營業額和盈 利、利潤和成本、資本和投資回報,以及其 他融資活動進行嚴謹的管理。本集團在其各 種物業項目中的卓越運營核心競爭力是在其 核心業務中獲取持續的成本和營業額機遇的 關鍵舉措。在本年報中的「主席報告」和「管理 層討論及分析」包括有關本集團表現的討論和 分析,董事會旨在締造本集團較長遠的核心 價值和達成本集團的企業文化、策略和目標 的基礎。本集團對環境、社會及管治的意識 日益增強, 並專注於支持轉向於全球低碳和 可持續的未來。有關本集團的環境、社會及 管治措施,以及與其主要持份者的關係的進 一步詳情載於本年報的「環境、社會及管治報 告|中披露。

#### 企業管治與環境、社會及管治之關係

本集團深明良好的環境、社會及管治實踐的重 要性,致力於環境保護、提供優質工作場所及 服務我們的社區。環境、社會及管治因素已納 入本集團日常營運的政策、程序及流程中。董 事會擔當本集團的環境、社會及管治策略及監 督的關鍵角色,為本集團的持份者創造長遠及 可持續的價值。本集團已設立環境、社會及管 治的管治架構,以建議及監督本集團的可持續 發展,以及環境、社會及管治相關的事宜及風 險。董事會監督環境、社會及管治的管治方針 及政策,辨識及評估對於本集團內部及外部持 份者屬於重大的環境、社會及管治相關事宜, 當中包括對於本集團業務的風險。隨著不斷變 化的環境、社會及管治的相關風險,以及環 境、社會及管治相關議題對本集團持份者的重 要性日益顯著,本集團將堅持及加強其風險管 理系統以應對不斷變化的環境、社會及管治相 關風險及機遇。關於本集團的環境、社會及管 治政策及表現載於本年報的[環境、社會及管 治報告一內。

#### 企業管治常規

本公司企業管治常規乃依據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C1所載《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守則」)之原則及守則條文。於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,本公司已全面遵守企業管治守則之所有守則條文,以確保本公司合乎盡職、問責及專業要求,惟本年報所披露之偏離情況和闡述原因除外。

## Corporate Governance Report

### 企業管治報告

#### Code Provision C.2.1

The roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code provides that the roles of chairman (the "Chairman") and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the year ended 31 March 2025, Mr. Lai Law Kau ("Mr. Lai") served as the Chairman as well as the chief executive officer of the Company (the "Chief Executive Officer"). This dual leadership role has been adopted by the Company for a number of years and is deemed appropriate as it is considered to be more efficient to have one single person to be the Chairman as well as to discharge the executive functions of the Chief Executive Officer thereby enabling more effective planning and better execution of long-term strategies. In addition, the Board considers that a balance of power and authority is adequately ensured by the operations and governance of the Board which comprises experienced and high-calibre individuals, with half of them being independent non-executive Directors. The Directors also meet regularly to consider major matters affecting the Group's operations. As such, the Board believes that with the support of other executive Directors and senior management of the Group, vesting the roles of both the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer in Mr. Lai can facilitate the execution of the Group's business strategies and boost effectiveness of its operations. The Board will review the current structure when and as it becomes appropriate.

#### Code Provision D.2.5

The issuer should have an internal audit function.

Code provision D.2.5 of the CG Code stipulates that the Group should have an internal audit function. The Group does not have an internal audit function. During the year ended 31 March 2025, the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") and the Board reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems and considered that the systems are effective and adequate, and there were no major issues but areas for improvement have been identified by the Audit Committee and appropriate measures have been taken. In addition, the Board has put in place adequate measures to perform the internal control functions in relation to the Group's critical operational cycles including the establishment of arrangements to apply financial reporting and internal control principles in accounting and financial matters to ensure compliance with the Listing Rules and relevant laws and regulations. The Board considers that the existing organization structure and close supervision by the executive Directors and senior management of the Group can maintain sufficient risk management and internal control of the Group. As such, the Board was of the view that there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit function within the Group in light of the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business. An annual review will be conducted.

#### 守則條文第C.2.1條

主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由 一人同時兼任。

企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.1條規定主席 (「主席」)與行政總裁之角色應有區分,並不 應由一人同時兼任。於截至2025年3月31日 止年度內,賴羅球先牛(「賴先生」)擔任主席 及本公司首席行政總裁(「首席行政總裁」)。 此雙角色領導模式於本公司推行已久且行之 有效並被視為恰當,原因是由同一人擔任主 席兼履行首席行政總裁的執行職能被視為更 具效率,能提高長遠策略的有效規劃及執行 表現。此外,董事會認為董事會成員不乏經 驗豐富及具才幹之人士(其中半數為獨立非 執行董事),其營運及管治足以確保權力及職 能平衡。董事亦會定期會面以審議影響本集 團經營之重要事宜。故此,董事會相信,在 其他執行董事和本集團高級管理人員的協助 下,主席及首席行政總裁之職務均由賴先生 一人擔任可推動貫徹落實本集團之業務策略 並提高其營運效率。董事會將於適當時檢討 現行架構。

#### 守則條文第D.2.5條

發行人應設立內部審核功能。

企業管治守則之守則條文第D.2.5條訂明本集 團應設立內部審核功能。本集團沒有設立內 部審核功能。於截至2025年3月31日止年度 內,本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)及董 事會已對本集團的風險管理及內部監控制度 的有效性進行檢討,並認為該制度是有效和 足夠,以及沒有發現重大問題,但審核委員 會已經確定有待改進的範疇,並採取適當措 施。此外,董事會已實施充分措施,履行與 本集團重大營運週期相關的內部監控職能, 包括制定安排,於會計及財務事宜上應用財 務申報及內部監控原則,以確保遵守上市規 則及相關法例及法規。董事會認為現有組織 架構及本集團執行董事與高級管理人員的密 切監管可使本集團維持充分的風險管理及內 部監控。故此,董事會認為,鑑於本集團業 務的規模、性質及複雜性,本集團目前並無 設立內部審核功能的急切需要。審查將每年 進行。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The overall management of the business of the Group is vested in the Board, who assumes the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and operational performances, interests of all Shareholders and that all issues are considered in an objective manner.

#### **BOARD COMPOSITION**

During the year ended 31 March 2025 and up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprised six Directors, including three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors.

Details of the Board are as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lai Law Kau (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. Lui Yuk Chu (Deputy Chairman) Mr. Kwong Jimmy Cheung Tim

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Kan Ka Hon Mr. Lau Sin Ming Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly

Mr. Lai Law Kau and Ms. Lui Yuk Chu, both being executive Directors, are family members. Details of background and qualifications of all Directors are set out in the section headed "BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS" of this annual report. Each of the Directors is subject to retirement by rotation at the annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") for a term of up to three years pursuant to bye-law 99 of the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws") and code provision B.2.2 of the CG Code.

The Board possesses a balance of skills, experience and diversity which are appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Group. A balanced composition of executive and independent non-executive Directors also generates a strong independent element on the Board, which allows independent and objective decision making process for the best interest of the Group. The Company will review the composition of the Board regularly to ensure the Board possesses the appropriate and necessary expertise, skills and experience to meet the needs of the business development of the Group.

#### 董事會

董事會被賦予對本集團之整體業務管理責任,肩負領導及管理本公司之責任,並監管本集團旗下業務、策略決策及營運表現、本公司所有股東的利益及客觀考慮所有事宜。

#### 董事會之組成

於截至2025年3月31日止年度內及截至本年報日期,董事會由六名董事組成,其中包括 三名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。

董事會細節載列如下:

#### 執行董事

賴羅球先生(主席兼首席行政總裁) 雷玉珠女士(副主席) 鄺長添先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

簡嘉翰先生 劉善明先生 吳冠賢先生

賴羅球先生及雷玉珠女士(均為執行董事)為家庭成員。有關全體董事之背景及專業資格資料均載於本年報「董事之履歷」一節。根據本公司之公司細則(「公司細則」)第99條及企業管治守則之守則條文第B.2.2條,各董事須於本公司股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上輪值退任,任期最長不超過三年。

董事會具備均衡的技能、經驗及切合本集團 業務要求。執行與獨立非執行董事之間均衡 的成員組成亦構成董事會有力的獨立要素, 可提供獨立而客觀的決策流程實現本集團最 佳利益。本公司將定期檢討董事會的成員組 成,以確保董事會具備合適而必要的專業知 識、業務技能及發展經驗,滿足本集團的業 務發展需要。

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **Board Independence**

The independent non-executive Directors bring to the Board independent views and judgment on issues relating to the Group's strategy, policy, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments and standards of conducts, and enhance the Board's balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives. The established governance framework and effective mechanisms are kept under annual review by the independent Board to ensure their effectiveness.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company has complied with the requirements under Rules 3.10 and 3.10A of the Listing Rules regarding the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors, representing at least one-third of the Board and with at least one of them having appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors was appointed for a term of up to three years and subject to retirement by rotation at the AGM pursuant to the Bye-laws. The Company has received written annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Despite the fact that each of Mr. Kan Ka Hon and Mr. Lau Sin Ming has served as an independent nonexecutive Director on the Board for more than nine years, the Board is of the view that their duration of service will not interfere with their exercise of independent judgement in carrying out their duties and responsibilities as the independent non-executive Directors and believes that their valuable knowledge and experience in the Group's business will continually benefit the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. Accordingly, the Board considers that all independent non-executive Directors have met the independence guidelines of Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Re-election of the retiring Directors will be subject to a separate resolution at the AGM to be approved by the Shareholders by way of poll.

The Chairman meets at least annually with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors in compliance with code provision C.2.7 of the CG Code.

#### **Appointment and Re-election of Directors**

The appointment of a new Director is made on the recommendation of the Nomination Committee to the Board and then by the approval of the Shareholders in a general meeting of the Company. Pursuant to the Byelaws, all Directors, including those appointed for a specific term, are subject to retirement by rotation at the AGM no later than the third AGM since the last re-election. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next following AGM after his or her appointment, or any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following AGM after his or her appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election.

#### 董事會獨立性

獨立非執行董事於董事會之參與,可就有關本集團的策略、政策、表現、問責性、資源、主要委任和操守準則作出獨立的意見和判斷,並強化董事會成員在技能、經驗及多元化觀點方面的平衡。在已建立的管治框架和有效的機制由獨立董事會進行每年審查,以確保其有效性。

於截至2025年3月31日止年內,本公司已遵守上市規則第3.10及3.10A條有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董事(至少佔董事會人數的三分之一)的規定且其中至少一名已具備上市規則所規定的適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。

各獨立非執行董事的委任任期最長不超過三年,並須按公司細則於股東週年大會上輪值退任。本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事書人會上前規則第3.13條作出的年度獨立確認書會於董事總九年,但董事會認其執行董事職責時作出獨立判斷,亦相信彼等實際,亦相信彼等實際,亦相信彼等實際,亦相信彼等實際,亦相信彼等實際,亦相信彼等實際,亦相信彼等實際,於股東整體受惠。因此,董事曾認為經費。因此,董事的深入認識及實量經驗將繼續認為經費。因此,董事的獨立性指引。退任董事須獲股東於股東表決會上以一項獨立決議案以按股數投票表決方式表決通過方可連任。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.7條,主 席於其他董事避席之情況下最少每年與獨立 非執行董事會面一次。

#### 委任及重選董事

委任新董事乃基於提名委員會向董事會提出建議,並由股東於本公司股東大會上通過。根據公司細則,所有董事(包括有特定任期的董事)均須於股東週年大會上輪值退任,惟不得遲於自最後一次重選後第三屆股東週年大會。任何獲董事會委任以填補臨時空缺之軍事,其任期僅持續至在緊隨相關委任後召開的股東週年大會時止;或任何獲董事會增補成員之董事,其任期僅持續至在緊隨相關委任後召開的股東週年大會時,之後均有資格膺選連任。



## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **Board Meetings**

Regular Board meetings are held at least four times a year with at least fourteen days' prior notice being given to all the Directors to facilitate fullest possible attendance. Additional meetings, if necessary, are arranged and will be held as and when required. All Directors or Board Committee(s) members will receive the meeting agenda and accompanying Board or Board Committee(s) papers at least three days before the date of the regular Board or Board Committee(s) meeting(s) pursuant to code provision C.5.8 of the CG Code; and may attend Board or Board Committee(s) meeting(s) either in person or through electronic means of communication. A total of five Board meetings (including four regular Board meeting(s) were held and written resolutions of the Directors were circulated and passed for approving significant matters during the year ended 31 March 2025. Pursuant to code provision C.5.5 of the CG Code, draft and final versions of minutes are circulated to all Directors or Board Committee(s) members for comments and records respectively. The attendance records of the Directors are set out as below section headed "ATTENDANCE RECORDS OF DIRECTORS AND BOARD COMMITTEE(S) MEMBERS".

The Board is responsible for the approval and monitoring of the Group's overall strategies and policies, approval of business plans, evaluating the performance of the Group and oversight of management. It is also responsible for promoting the success of the Company and its businesses by directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

The Board focuses on overall strategies and policies with particular attention paid to the growth and financial performance of the Group.

The Board delegates day-to-day operations of the Group to the executive Directors and senior management of the Group of every business segment, while reserving certain key matters for its approval. Decisions of the Board are communicated to the management through executive Directors who have attended the Board meetings.

All Directors have been provided, on a monthly basis, with the Group's management information updates to give them aware of the Group's affairs and facilitates them to discharge their duties under the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules.

#### **Directors' Induction and Continuous Professional Development**

Every newly appointed Director receives a comprehensive induction package to ensure that he or she has a proper understanding of the Group's operations, business and governance policies. In addition, our external legal adviser meets with the new Director to ensure that he or she is fully aware of the responsibilities as a Director under the Listing Rules, applicable legal requirements and other regulatory requirements.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company provides regular updates on the business performance of the Group to the Directors. The Directors are regularly updated on the latest development regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable statutory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeep of good corporate governance practices.

#### 董事會會議

本公司每年最少舉行四次董事會定期會議, 為促使能盡量出席,全體董事將於董事會定 期會議舉行最少十四天前接獲誦知。如有必 要,本公司會於適當時候安排及將會加開額 外會議。根據企業管治守則之守則條文第 C.5.8條,在召開董事會定期會議或董事會委 員會會議日期至少三天前,全體董事或董事 委員會成員將獲收到會議議程及相關董事會 或董事會委員會文件;且全體董事或董事會 委員成員可親身或以電子通訊方式出席董事 會會議。於截至2025年3月31日止年度內, 本公司合共舉行五次董事會會議(包括四次董 事會定期會議),並傳閱及通過董事書面決議 案批准重大事項。根據企業管治守則之守則 條文第C.5.5條,會議記錄的擬稿及定稿會分 別發送給全體董事或董事會委員成員徵求意 見及以作記錄。董事之出席記錄載於下文[董 事及董事委員會成員的出席記錄 |。

董事會負責批准及監察本集團之整體策略及 政策、批准業務計劃、評估本集團之表現及 監管管理層。董事會亦負責領導及監管本公司事務來促進本公司及其業務之成功。

董事會專注於整體策略及政策,尤其著重本 集團之增長及財務表現。

董事會將本集團之日常營運交由執行董事及 各業務分部之本集團高級管理人員處理,同 時保留對若干主要事項作出審批之權利。董 事會之決定由出席董事會會議之執行董事轉 達管理。

全體董事每月均獲本集團管理層提供有關本 集團之最新資料,以便彼等掌握本集團之業 務狀況及履行彼等於上市規則相關規定下的 職責。

#### 董事就職資訊及持續專業發展

每名新委任之董事均獲全面就職資訊,確保 他或她對本集團之營運、業務及管治政策有 適當的瞭解。此外,我們的外聘法律顧問會 與新任董事會晤,確保他或她完全知悉其在 上市規則、適用法律規定及其他監管規定下 之董事職責。

於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,本公司定期向董事提供本集團業務表現的最新資料,亦定期向董事提供關於上市規則及其他適用法律規定的最新進展,以確保遵守及維護良好企業管治常規。

### **Corporate Governance Report**

### 企業管治報告

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development (the "Continuous Professional Development") regarding the Directors' duties and responsibilities, and the latest updates on rules and regulations to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant in compliance with code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code. According to the training records confirmations received from all the existing Directors, all Directors have participated in the Continuous Professional Development for the year ended 31 March 2025 in the following manner:

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第C.1.4條,本集團鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業發展(「持續專業發展))有關董事職責與責任,以及規則與規例的最新發展,以發展及更新彼等知識及技能,以確保彼等在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。根據所有現任董事提供的培訓記錄確認書,全體董事於截至2025年3月31日止年度有參與持續專業發展,情況如下:

Name 姓名 Type of Training 培訓類型 (Note) (附註)

Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Lai Law Kau	賴羅球先生	✓
Ms. Lui Yuk Chu	雷玉珠女士	✓
Mr. Kwong Jimmy Cheung Tim	鄺長添先生	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Kan Ka Hon	簡嘉翰先生	✓
Mr. Lau Sin Ming	劉善明先生	✓
	m1 E 7170 T	
Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly	吳冠賢先生	✓

Note:

 $Continuous\ Professional\ Development\ through\ attending\ briefings/seminars/webcast/\\ conferences/forums/online\ training/reading\ relevant\ materials$ 

### **Corporate Governance Functions**

With the requirement set out in the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code in respect of the responsibilities for performing the corporate governance duties, the Board has delegated its following responsibilities to the Audit Committee:

- To develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- (b) To review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- To review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) To develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and the Directors; and
- (e) To review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the "CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT" of the Company's annual report.

附註:

透過出席簡報會/研討會/網絡廣播/會議/論壇/ 網上培訓/閱讀相關資料參與持續專業發展

### 企業管治職能

根據企業管治守則第A.2.1條有關履行企業管治職責的責任,董事會已將以下責任轉授予審核委員會:

- (a) 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及 常規,並向董事會提出建議;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓及持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司於遵守法律及監管 規定方面的政策及常規;
- (d) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守 準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況 及檢閱本公司年報中「企業管治報告」的 披露內容。

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Audit Committee had performed the abovementioned corporate governance functions by reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

### Directors' and Officers' Liability Insurance and Indemnity

The Company has appropriate insurance cover for the Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any claims against the Directors and officers of the Group arising out of corporate activities of the Group.

### **DELEGATION BY THE BOARD**

#### Board Committees (the "Board Committee(s)")

The Board has established four Board Committees, namely, the Audit Committee, the remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee"), the nomination committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") and the executive committee of the Company (the "Executive Committee"), to assist in the execution of the Board's responsibilities and to oversee particular aspect of the Group's affairs. Each Board Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties properly, and holds meetings in accordance with the Bye-laws, its specific written terms of reference and, where applicable, the proceedings of the Board Committees meetings. The terms of reference of the Board Committees are reviewed and updated regularly to ensure that they are aligned with prevailing governance practices. Each Board Committee is required to report to the Board on its decisions and recommendations, where appropriate. The terms of reference of each of the Board Committees are available on the Company's website. The attendance records of each member of the Board Committees are set out as below section headed "ATTENDANCE RECORDS OF DIRECTORS AND BOARD COMMITTEE(S) MEMBERS".

### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee currently comprises all three independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Kan Ka Hon (chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Lau Sin Ming and Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly and held two meetings during the year ended 31 March 2025.

The chairman of the Audit Committee, Mr. Kan Ka Hon, possesses appropriate professional qualifications in finance and accounting and meets the requirements of Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules. No member of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the existing auditing firm of the Company during two years after he ceases to be partner of the audit firm.

於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,審核委員 會已審閱本公司之企業管治及遵守法律及監 管規定之政策及常規,以履行上述企業管治 職能。

### 董事和要員責任保險及賠償

針對本集團董事及要員因履行本集團企業活動而引致的法律訴訟指控,本公司已安排適當的保險保障董事及要員的責任。

### 董事會權力之轉授

### 董事委員會(「董事委員會」)

董事會已設立四個董事委員會所審核委員會、本公司薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及本公司提名委員會(「提名委員會」)及本董事會(「提名委員會」)及本董事委員會(「提名委員會」)及本董事務。各董事務。各董事委員會均獲提供充足資源以適當履職權範圍,如董事會定期檢討及更新轄下色現行管治定制檢討。各董事委員會的職權範圍均載於本數方文「董事委員會各成員的出席記錄」。

### 審核委員會

審核委員會現由所有三名獨立非執行董事組成,包括簡嘉翰先生(審核委員會主席)、劉善明先生及吳冠賢先生。於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,審核委員會已舉行兩次會議。

審核委員會主席簡嘉翰先生具備合適的財務 及會計專業資格並符合上市規則第3.21條規 定。審核委員會中並無成員為於兩年內辭任 本公司現聘核數公司職務的核數公司前合夥 人。

The principal functions of the Audit Committee included:

- to oversee the relationship with the external auditor;
- to review the interim and annual financial statements before publication;
- to oversee the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems;
- to review the financial controls, and risk management and internal control systems of the Company with particular regard to their effectiveness;
- to perform the corporate governance functions;
- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management of the Group;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the "CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT" of the Company.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Audit Committee members met twice with senior management of the Group and the Company's auditor to review (i) the reports from the Company's auditor, accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, management representation letters, and management's response in relation to the annual results for the year ended 31 March 2024 and the interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2024; (ii) the draft consolidated financial statements of the Group in relation to the annual results for the year ended 31 March 2024 and the interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2024 and recommended the same to the Board for approval; and (iii) the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Company. The Audit Committee reviewed and satisfied with the independence and objectivity of the Company's auditor and the audit fees including non-audit services, if any, provided by the Company's auditor to the Group and recommended to the Board the re-appointment of Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu ("Deloitte") as the Company's auditor for the ensuing year at the forthcoming AGM.

The Audit Committee reviewed the 2024/2025 consolidated financial statements in conjunction with the Company's auditor. Based on this review and discussions with senior management of the Group, the Audit Committee was satisfied that the consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, and fairly present the Group's financial position and results for the year ended 31 March 2025.

審核委員會之主要職責包括:

- 監察與外聘核數師之關係;
- 於刊發中期及全年財務報表前進行審問:
- 監察本集團之財務報告系統、風險管理及內部監控制度;
- 檢討本公司之財務監控和風險管理及 內部監控制度,尤其注重其有效性;
- 履行企業管治職責;
- 制訂及檢討本公司企業管治政策及常規,並向董事會提出建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及本集團高級管理人員之培訓及持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司就遵守法律及監管 要求之政策及常規;及
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則條文的 情況及在本公司「企業管治報告」內的披露。

於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,審核委員 會與本集團高級管理人員及本公司核數師會 面兩次,以審閱(i)截至2024年3月31日止年度 之全年業績及截至2024年9月30日止六個月 之中期業績相關之本公司核數師報告、本集 團採納之會計原則及常規、管理層聲明函件 及管理層之回應; (ii)截至2024年3月31日止 年度的年度業績及截至2024年9月30日止六 個月的中期業績之本集團綜合財務報表草擬 本並向董事會建議審批;及(iii)風險管理及內 部監控制度的成效。審核委員會審閱並滿意 本公司核數師的獨立性和客觀性,以及本公 司核數師向本集團提供的包括非審核服務(如 有)在內的審核費用,並向董事會建議於應屆 股東週年大會上續聘德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師 行(「德勤」)為本公司來年的核數師。

審核委員會聯同本公司核數師審核 2024/2025年度的綜合財務報表。根據這項審 閱以及與本集團高級管理人員的討論,審核 委員會確信綜合財務報表是按適用的會計準 則編製,並公平呈列本集團截至2025年3月 31日止年度的財政狀況及業績。

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lau Sin Ming (chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Kan Ka Hon and Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly, and one executive Director, namely Mr. Lai Law Kau.

The principal functions of the Remuneration Committee included:

- to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Group;
- to review and determine and make recommendations to the Board, with delegated responsibility, on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management of the Group, including, but not limited to, benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments for loss or termination of their office or appointment:
- to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of nonexecutive Directors, if any;
- to review and approve the compensation arrangements in connection with any loss or termination of their office or appointment, or dismissal or removal for misconduct to executive Directors and senior management of the Group which shall be fair and not excessive; and
- to review and/or approve matters relating to any share scheme(s) under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting to review and approve the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management of the Group by reference to factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment, responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere within the Group and in the market; and to make recommendations to the Board on the Directors' fee for independent non-executive Directors. No Director was involved in deciding his or her own remuneration. Details of the remuneration of the Directors are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Remuneration Committee has discharged or will continue to discharge its major roles to, among other things, approve the terms of the service agreements of the Directors and senior management of the Group, make recommendations to the Board regarding the remuneration and policies of the Directors and senior management of the Group and to review and recommend to the Board the remuneration package including salaries, bonuses and incentive awards for the Directors and senior management of the Group.

### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會現由三名獨立非執行董事,包括 劉善明先生(薪酬委員會主席)、簡嘉翰先生 及吳冠賢先生,以及一名執行董事賴羅球先 生組成。

薪酬委員會之主要職責包括:

- 向董事會提供建議有關董事及本集團 高級管理人員之薪酬制度及架構方 面;
- 就個別執行董事及本集團高級管理人 員之薪酬待遇(包括但不限於非金錢利 益、退休金權利及喪失或終止職務或 委任之賠償金額),按彼等被授予之特 定責任,檢討及釐定並向董事會提出 建議;
- 就非執行董事(如有)之薪酬向董事會提 出建議;
- 審查及批准與執行董事和本集團高級 管理人員之任何損失或針對職務或終 止任命或解僱或因行為不當而罷免有 關賠償安排,該安排應公平且不超出 範圍;及
- 審閱及/或批准上市規則第17章項下 與任何股份計劃有關的事項。

於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,薪酬委員會已舉行一次會議,以審閱及批准董事及本集團高級管理人員之薪酬待遇,當中參考因素包括相似公司所支付的薪金、投放時間、本集團內及於市場上同類職位的職責和實際情況。並就獨立非執行董事的董事袍金向董事會提供建議。概無董事參與釐定其本身之薪酬。董事薪酬詳情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

薪酬委員會已履行或將繼續履行其主要職責,其中包括批准董事及本集團高級管理人員的服務協議的條款、就董事及本集團高級管理人員的薪酬和政策向董事會提供建議、審閱和向董事會建議有關董事及本集團高級管理人員的薪酬待遇(包括薪金、花紅和獎勵)。

## **Corporate Governance Report**

### 企業管治報告

### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee currently comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly (chairman of the Nomination Committee), Mr. Kan Ka Hon and Mr. Lau Sin Ming, and one executive Director, namely Mr. Lai Law Kau.

The principal functions of the Nomination Committee included:

- to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board;
- to identify and nominate suitable candidates of the Directors for the Board's consideration;
- to assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; and
- to make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the succession planning for the Chairman and the chief executive of the Company.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Nomination Committee held one meeting to review and make recommendations to the Board for approval on (i) the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board; (ii) the nomination policy and the Board diversity policy of the Company; (iii) the assessment of the independence of the existing independent non-executive Directors; and (iv) the nomination of the retiring Directors for retirement by rotation and re-appointment at the AGM. The Nomination Committee reviewed that the current composition of the Board satisfied the Board diversity policy of the Company which considered to be effective.

### **Nomination Policy and Board Diversity Policy**

The nomination policy of the Company sets out the nomination procedures for the nomination, appointment or re-appointment, and succession planning of the Directors. This policy provides the key selection criteria and principles of the Nomination Committee in making any such recommendations. In assessing the suitability for directorship of any proposed candidate, factors which would be considered by the Nomination Committee include, *inter alia*, reputation for integrity, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Group's businesses and corporate strategies, commitment in respect of time to discharge Director's duties, diversity of the Board, and such other perspectives appropriate to the Company's businesses. The Nomination Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval.

### 提名委員會

提名委員會現由三名獨立非執行董事,包括 吳冠賢先生(提名委員會主席)、簡嘉翰先生 及劉善明先生,以及一名執行董事賴羅球先 生組成。

提名委員會之主要職責包括:

- 檢討董事會的架構、規模及成員組成 (包括技能、知識及經驗);
- 物色並提名合適的董事候選人以供董事會考慮;
- 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- 就有關主席和本公司行政總裁繼任計劃的相關事宜向董事會提出建議。

於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,提名委員會已舉行一次會議,審閱並向董事會提出建議以批准(i)董事會的架構、規模、成員組成和多元化:(ii)本公司提名政策及董事會成員多元化政策:(iii)評核現有獨立非執行董事之獨立性:及(iv)提名退任董事在股東週年大會上輪值退任並重新委任。提名委員會已檢討目前董事會的組成乃符合本公司董事會成員多元化政策並認為其有效。

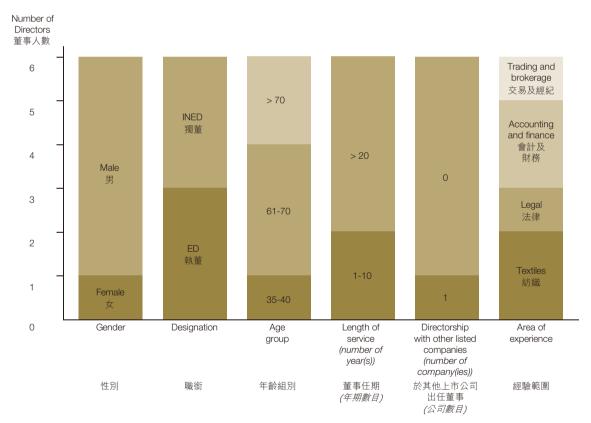
### 提名政策和董事會成員多元化政策

本公司提名政策就提名、委任或重新委任董事、及董事繼任計劃制定程序。該政策說明提名委員會於作出任何有關建議時所採用的主要甄選標準及原則。於評估建議候選人是否適合擔任董事職務時,提名委員會用作考慮的因素包括(除其他以外)誠信聲譽、技能、知識及經驗,履行董事職責的時間承諾、董事會多元化以及適合本公司業務的其他方面。提名委員會將作出推薦建議以供董事會考量及審批。

The Board also adopted a Board diversity policy which sets out the approach to achieving Board diversity in the Company in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and its corporate governance standard. The Company recognizes the importance of having a diverse team of Board members, which is an essential element in maintaining a competitive advantage. The Nomination Committee has been delegated the authority to review and assess the diversity of the Board and its skills and experience by way of consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, industry experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Nomination Committee will give consideration to the Board diversity policy when identifying and selecting suitably qualified candidates. The policy has been and will be reviewed annually taking into account the Group's structure, business models and corporate strategy to ensure its effectiveness.

The following chart shows the diversity profile of the Board as at 31 March 2025:

下圖顯示於2025年3月31日董事會成員多元 化的概況:



Remarks:

ED - executive Director

INED - independent non-executive Director

Further information on the biography of the Directors is set out in the section headed "BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS" of this annual report.

附註:

執董-執行董事 獨董-獨立非執行董事

有關董事履歷之進一步詳情載於本年報「董事 之履歷 | 一節內。

## **Corporate Governance Report**

### 企業管治報告

The Board currently has one female Director out of six Directors and is committed to maintaining gender diversity at the Board level. At present, the Board considers an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of the Board is maintained and has not set any other measurable objectives. The Company has also taken, and continues to take steps to promote diversity at all levels of its workforce. As at 31 March 2025, total workforce of the Company comprised 54% female and 46% male. The Group has achieved the objective of maintaining a relatively balanced gender ratio. Based on the Board's review, there was no mitigating factor or circumstance which makes achieving gender diversity across the workforce (including senior management) more challenging or less relevant. The Company will continue to strive to achieve an appropriate balance of gender diversity in the workforce as well as the Board according to business needs and future development so as to develop a pipeline of potential successors to the Board in the future.

Both the nomination policy and the Board diversity policy of the Company are available on the Company's website.

### **Executive Committee**

The Executive Committee currently comprises all the executive Directors, namely Mr. Lai Law Kau (chairman of the Executive Committee), Ms. Lui Yuk Chu and Mr. Kwong Jimmy Cheung Tim.

It meets as and when required between regular Board meetings of the Company, and operates as a general management committee under the direct authority of the Board. Within the parameters of authority delegated by the Board, the Executive Committee is committed to the implementation of the Group's strategy set by the Board, monitors the Group's investment and trading performance, funding and financing requirements, and reviews the management performance.

### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

Deloitte has been re-appointed as the external auditor of the Company at the 2024 AGM until the conclusion of the forthcoming 2025 AGM.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the audit fee paid or payable to the Company's external auditor, Deloitte, represented annual audit fee of approximately HK\$1,650,000, and no non-audit fees.

董事會目前於六位董事中有一名女性董事, 並致力於董事會層面維持性別多元化。 前,董事會認為其多元觀點得到適當平衡, 故並未制定任何其他可計量目標。本公團 採取,並將繼續採取措施促進各級員公園 的多元化。於2025年3月31日,本本人國 實現維持性別比例相對均衡的目標。基於包 實現維持性別比例相對均衡的目標。其(包括 高級管理層)性別多元化更具挑戰性或較需 屬的緩和因素或情況。本公司將按業務需要 及未來發展,繼續致力在員工團隊以培養未 來董事會的潛在繼任人選。

本公司提名政策和董事會成員多元化政策均 載於本公司網站。

### 執行委員會

執行委員會現由所有執行董事組成,包括賴 羅球先生(執行委員會主席)、雷玉珠女士及 鄺長添先生。

執行委員會於有需要時於本公司定期董事會 會議之間召開會議,並在董事會直接授權下 以一般管理委員會模式運作。在董事會授予 之權力範圍下,執行委員會致力落實董事會 所制訂之本集團策略、監控本集團之投資及 交易表現、資金及融資需求,並檢討管理層 表現。

### 核數師酬金

德勤已於2024年股東週年大會上獲續聘為本公司外聘核數師,任期至2025年應屆股東週年大會結束為止。

於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,已付或應付本公司外聘核數師德勤的審核費用為年度審核費用約1,650,000港元,且並無非審核費用。



## ATTENDANCE RECORDS OF DIRECTORS AND BOARD COMMITTEE(S) MEMBERS

Details of the attendance records of each individual Director at the Board meetings (including regular Board meetings), the Board Committee(s) meetings, the AGM and the special general meeting of the Company (the "SGM") held during the year ended 31 March 2025 are as follows:

### 董事及董事委員會成員的出席記錄

於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,個別董事在本公司所召開之董事會會議(包括董事會定期會議)、董事委員會會議、股東週年大會及本公司股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)之出席記錄的情況詳情如下:

## Attended/Eligible to attend 出席/合資格出席

Name		Board meeting 董事會	Audit Committee meeting 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee meeting 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee meeting 提名委員會	AGM 股東週年	SGM 股東特別
姓名		會議	會議	會議 	會議	大會	大會
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Lai Law Kau	賴羅球先生	4/5*	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1	4/4
Ms. Lui Yuk Chu	雷玉珠女士	5/5	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	4/4
Mr. Kwong Jimmy Cheung Tim	鄺長添先生	5/5	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	4/4
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Kan Ka Hon	簡嘉翰先生	4/5	2/2*	1/1	1/1	1/1	4/4
Mr. Lau Sin Ming	劉善明先生	4/5	2/2	1/1*	1/1	1/1	4/4
Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly	吳冠賢先生	4/5	2/2	1/1	1/1*	1/1	4/4

<sup>\*</sup> Chairman of the Board/Board Committee(s)

### COMPANY SECRETARY

During the year ended 31 March 2025, Mr. Lee Po Wing ("Mr. Lee") who is not an employee of the Company and is an external service provider of Paul Kwong & Company, was engaged by the Company as the company secretary of the Company; and Mr. Lee has confirmed that Mr. Lee has taken no less than fifteen hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules. Mr. Kwong Jimmy Cheung Tim, the executive Director is the contact person of Mr. Lee at the Company pursuant to code provision C.6.1 of the CG Code.

### ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Board leads and maintains effective controls over the Group's activities, with executive responsibility for the running of the Group's business being delegated to management. The management provides all members of the Board with monthly updates in order to give a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects to enable them to discharge their duties.

### \* 董事會/董事委員會之主席

### 公司秘書

於截至2025年3月31日止年度,李寶榮先生 (「李先生」)(非本公司僱員且為外聘服務機構 鄺偉全律師行)獲委任為本公司公司秘書, 李先生並已確認按照上市規則第3.29條之規 定李先生已接受不少於十五小時的相關專業 培訓。根據企業管治守則之守則條文第C.6.1 條,執行董事鄺長添先生為李先生在本公司 的聯絡人。

### 問責制及審核

董事會領導和維持對本集團活動之有效監控,將經營本集團業務之執行責任交由管理層處理。管理層向所有董事會成員提供每月一次的更新資料,以對本集團表現,狀況及前景作出全面而通俗的評價,讓董事可履行職責。

### **Risk Management and Internal Control**

The Board is responsible for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks and it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives and ensuring that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. The Board is also responsible for overseeing the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems. The risk management and internal control systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operating systems or in achievement of the Group's business objectives.

The Board, through the Audit Committee, conducts a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems annually by requiring all department managers to undergo a detailed self-risk assessment process using a common risk management framework. It covers all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, on an annual basis. It also considers the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function.

Under the enterprise risk management framework, policies and procedures are in place to identify, assess, manage, control and report risks. Such risks include strategic, credit, operational (including but not limited to, administrative, system, human resources and reputation), market, liquidity, legal and regulatory risks. Exposure to these risks is continuously monitored by the Board through the Audit Committee. The internal control system includes a defined management structure with specified limits of authority. The Board has clearly defined the authorities and key responsibilities of each division to ensure adequate checks and balances.

The internal control system has been designed to safeguard the Group's assets against unauthorized use of disposition, to ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for producing reliable financial information, and to ensure compliance with applicable laws, regulations and industry standard.

The Group does not have an internal audit function. During the year under review, the Audit Committee and the Board reviewed the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and considered that the systems are effective and adequate, and there were no major issues but areas for improvement have been identified by the Audit Committee and appropriate measures have been taken. The Board is of the view that the enterprise risk management and internal control systems in place for the year and up to the date of this annual report is effective and adequate. In addition, the Board is currently of the view that there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit function within the Group in light of the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business. An annual review will be conducted.

### 風險管理和內部監控

董事會負責評估和確定本集團在實現策略目標中將承擔的風險的性質和程度,並負責確保本集團建立並維持適當而有效的風險管理和內部監控制度,並審查其有效性。董事會亦負責監督對風險管理和內部監控制度的計、實施和監察。風險管理和內部監控制度旨在提供合理的,但不是絕對的保證,以防重大的錯誤或損失,並管理而不是消除操作系統故障或實現本集團業務目的風險。

董事會通過審核委員會每年對本集團之風險 管理和內部監控制度的有效性進行檢討, 要求所有部門經理採用共同的風險管理框 架,接受詳細的自我風險評估。是項評估涵 蓋所有重要的監控,包括財務、營運及合規 監控,並每年進行一次。評估亦同時考慮本 集團會計及財務報告職能部門的資源是否充 裕、員工的資歷和經驗、培訓計劃及預算。

根據企業風險管理框架制定的各項政策和程序,旨在識別、評估、管理、控制和匯報風險。這些風險包括策略、信貸、營運(包括但不限於行政、制度、人力資源和聲譽)、市場、流動性、法律和監管風險。董事會通過審核委員會不斷監察該等風險。內部監控制度包括一個有指明權限的職責分明的管理架構。董事會已明確界定各部門的權力和主要職責,以確保充分的制衡。

內部監控制度的目的是為了保護本集團的資產免受非法挪用,確保留存正確的會計記錄 用於編製可靠的財務資料,並確保遵守適用 的法律、法規和行業標準。

本集團沒有內部審核職能。於回顧年度內,審核委員會及董事會已對本集團風險管理及內部監控制度的有效性進行檢討,現及沒有發現重大問題,但審核委員會已經確定有待改進的範疇,並採取適當措施。董事會認為,於於本集國權至本年報日期止實施的企業風險管,性質及複雜性,本集團目前並無設立內部審核職能的急切需要。審查將每年進行。



### **Whistleblowing Policy**

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining a high standard of openness, probity and accountability. The Company encourages reporting of concerns and actual or suspected misconduct or malpractice or unethical acts by employees and/or external parties in any matters related to the Company. In this regard, the Company has adopted the whistleblowing policy which aims to provide reporting channels and guidance on reporting possible improprieties and concerns, in confidence and anonymity. The Board delegated the authority to the Audit Committee, which is responsible for ensuring that proper arrangements are in place for fair and independent investigation of any matters raised and appropriate follow-up actions are taken.

### **Anti-corruption Policy**

The Company takes a zero-tolerance approach towards all forms of bribery and corruption and is committed to observing and upholding high standards of business integrity, honesty, fairness, impartiality and transparency in all its business dealings at all times. The Company has adopted the anti-corruption policy which sets out the basic standard of conduct which applies to all directors, officers and employees at all levels of the Group who must conduct their activities in full compliance with this policy and all other applicable laws relating to bribery or corruption.

### **Financial Reporting**

The Directors acknowledged their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements of the Group which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Group's financial performance and cash flows for the relevant accounting periods, and in compliance with all the relevant statutory requirements, the Listing Rules requirements and applicable accounting standards. In preparing the financial statements of the Group, the appropriate accounting policies are selected, applied consistently and in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and appropriate and reasonable judgment and estimates are made. The Directors have prepared the financial statements for the reporting year on a going concern basis.

The Board is committed to present a clear, balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance and financial positions in all its financial reporting and to ensure relevant publications in a timely manner.

### **Auditor's Statement**

The statement by the Company's external auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 is set out in the "INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT" on pages 86 to 91 of this annual report.

### 舉報政策

本公司致力達至及維持高水平的透明度、廉潔與問責性。本公司鼓勵僱員及/或外部各方就本公司相關的任何事項報告關注以及多數。 際或疑似不正當或舞弊或不道德的行為。因此,本公司採納舉報政策,旨在提供舉報的方式舉報可能會 道及指引,以保密和匿名的方式舉報可能會 不當行為和疑慮。董事會授予審核委員。 力以負責確保對提出的任何事項進行公平和獨立的調查並採取適當的後續行動和作出適當的安排。

### 反貪污政策

本公司對一切形式賄賂和貪污採取零容忍的態度,並致力於在所有業務交易中任何時候堅持遵守和維護高標準的商業誠信、誠實、公平、公正和透明度。本公司已採納反貪污政策,訂明適用於本集團各級所有董事、高級職員及僱員的基本行為準則,彼等之行為必須完全遵守本政策和所有其他與賄賂或貪污有關的適用法律。

### 財務報告

董事確認其負責編製可真實公平地反映本集團財務狀況及本集團於相關會計期間之財務表現與現金流量之本集團財務報表,並遵守所有相關監管規定、上市規則規定及適用會計準則。本集團在編製財務報表時,已遵守香港財務報告準則,適當選用合適的會計政策並作一致應用,亦有作出適當而合理的判斷和評估。董事按持續經營基準編製報告年度之財務報表。

董事會致力於在所有財務匯報中均對本集團 之業務表現及財務狀況作出清晰、均衡而且 通俗易明之評價,並確保及時刊發相關資 料。

### 核數師聲明

本公司外聘核數師就其對截至2025年3月31 日止年度財務報表之報告責任作出之聲明, 載於本年報第86至91頁之「獨立核數師報告」 內。

## COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS AND RELEVANT EMPLOYEES

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct for the Directors in their dealings in the Company's securities. Having made specific enquiries by the Company, all the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2025. The Company has also adopted the Model Code to regulate the dealings in the Company's securities by its employees and directors of the subsidiaries of the Group who are likely to possess inside information relating to the Company's securities.

### **Dividend Policy**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy") which sets out the guidelines for the Board and the Company to determine (i) whether dividends are to be declared and paid, and (ii) the level of dividend to be paid to the Shareholders.

The Dividend Policy is to allow the Shareholders to participate in the Company's profit whilst to retain adequate cash reserves for its working capital requirements and future growth.

In determining or recommending the frequency, amount and form of any dividend in any financial year or period, the Board shall, *inter alia*, consider the following factors:

- (i) the actual and expected financial performance of the Group;
- economic conditions and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group;
- the Group's business strategies and operations, including future cash commitments and investment needs to sustain the long-term growth aspect of the business;
- the current and future liquidity position and capital requirements of the Group;
- (v) the interests of the Shareholders; and
- (vi) any other factors that the Board may consider relevant.

The dividend payout ratio will vary from year to year. There is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period.

### 遵守董事及相關僱員進行證券交易之標 準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)作為董事進行本公司證券交易之行為守則。經本公司作出具體查詢後,所有董事已確認於截至2025年3月31日止年度內彼等已遵守標準守則載列的規定標準。本公司亦採納標準守則以規管可能擁有本公司證券內幕消息之僱員及本集團附屬公司之董事進行本公司證券交易。

#### 股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策(「**股息政策**」),為董事會及本公司訂立指引,以決定(i)是否宣派及支付股息,及(ii)向股東支付之股息水平。

股息政策是允許股東分享本公司之利潤,同 時保留足夠的現金儲備以作營運資金及未來 發展。

在決定/建議於任何財政年度/期間的任何 股息的派發次數、金額和形式時,董事會(除 其他以外),應考慮下列因素:

- i) 本集團之實際及預期財務表現;
- (ii) 可能對本集團業務或財務表現及狀況 產生影響之經濟狀況及其他內部或外 部因素:
- (iii) 本集團之業務策略及營運,包括未來 對資金需求及維持業務長期增長之投 資需要;
- (iv) 本集團現時及未來之流動資金狀況及 對資本的要求;
- (v) 股東之利益;及
- (vi) 董事會認為適當之任何其他因素。

每年股息支付率會有所不同。本公司不予保 證於任何指定期間將支付任何特定金額之股 息。



Subject to the Bye-laws and the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Company may declare and pay dividends by way of cash or scrip or by other means that the Board considers appropriate.

The Board may determine and pay to the Shareholders interim dividends as it considers appropriate. Any final dividends declared by the Company must be approved by the Shareholders at general meetings and must not exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

### **Procedures for Convening a SGM**

Shareholders shall have the right to request the Board to convene a SGM. Shareholders holding in aggregate of not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may send a written request to the Board to request for a SGM. The written requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the Shareholder(s) and deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Block A, 7th Floor, Hong Kong Spinners Building, Phase 6, 481–483 Castle Peak Road, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong (for the attention of Company Secretarial Department).

The Company would take appropriate actions and make necessary arrangements, and the Shareholders concerned would be responsible for the expenses incurred in giving effect thereto in accordance with the requirements under Section 74 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) (the "Companies Act") once a valid requisition is received.

### **Procedures for Putting Forward Proposals at the General Meetings**

The following Shareholders are entitled to put forward a proposal (which may properly be put to the meeting) for consideration at a general meeting of the Company:

- (a) any number of the Shareholders representing not less than onetwentieth of the total voting rights of the Company on the date of the requisition; or
- (b) not less than 100 Shareholders holding Shares in the Company.

根據公司細則及《公司條例》(香港法例第622章),股息可以現金或以配發本公司股份之形式支付。董事會亦可以考慮其他合適方式支付股息。

董事會可決定並向股東宣派其認為適當之中期股息。任何末期股息,本公司須交由股東於股東大會上批准宣派,該等末期股息不能超過董事會建議宣派之金額。

### 股東權利

### 召開股東特別大會之程序

股東有權請求董事會召開股東特別大會。當股東之合共持股比例不低於提呈請求當日本公司已繳足股本中附帶股東大會投票權的股本的十分之一,則股東可向董事會遞交書面請求召開股東特別大會。有關書面請求必須列明召開大會之目的,並由股東簽署及送呈本公司之香港主要營業地點(地址為香港九龍長沙灣青山道481-483號香港紗廠大廈第6期7樓A座),抬頭請註明公司秘書部收。

當接獲有效請求後,本公司會採取適當行動並作出必要安排,而相關股東應根據百慕達 1981年公司法(經修訂)(「公司法」)第74條負責有關執行所產生之費用。

### 於股東大會提呈議案之程序

以下股東均有權提出議案(可正式向大會提出)於本公司股東大會中審議:

- (a) 股東人數佔比例不低於提出請求當日本公司總投票權之二十分一;或
- (b) 至少100名或以上本公司的持股股東。

### **Corporate Governance Report**

### 企業管治報告

The requisition specifying the proposal, duly signed by the Shareholders concerned, together with a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in the proposal or the business to be dealt with at the general meeting must be deposited at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Block A, 7th Floor, Hong Kong Spinners Building, Phase 6, 481–483 Castle Peak Road, Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong. The Company would take appropriate actions and make necessary arrangements, and the Shareholders concerned would be responsible for the expenses incurred in giving effect thereto in accordance with the requirements under Sections 79 and 80 of the Companies Act once valid documents are received.

提出有關議案的請求書,經由有關股東正式簽署後,須連同一份不超過1,000字關於建議書所述事項或擬於大會上審議業務的陳述書一起交到本公司之香港主要營業地點,地址為香港九龍長沙灣青山道481-483號香港紗廠大廈第6期7樓A座。當接獲有效請求後,本公司會採取適當行動並作出必要安排,而相關股東應根據公司法第79及80條負責有關執行所產生之費用。

### Proposing a person for Election as a Director

If a Shareholder wishes to propose a person other than a retiring Director for election as a Director at a general meeting, the Shareholder should follow the "RULES AND PROCEDURES GOVERNING THE ELECTION OF DIRECTORS", which can be found on the website of the Company.

### Procedures for Putting Enquiries by the Shareholders to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing via the following channel:

Company Secretarial Department Block A, 7th Floor Hong Kong Spinners Building, Phase 6 481–483 Castle Peak Road Cheung Sha Wan, Kowloon Hong Kong E-mail: info@eminencehk.com

Shareholders may also make enquiries with the Board at the general meetings of the Company.

### 提名某人士膺選董事

倘若股東有意在股東大會上提名某人士(退任董事除外)膺選董事,該股東應遵守在本公司網站上載的「董事選舉規則及程序」。

### 股東向董事會作出查詢之程序

股東可隨時透過以下渠道以書面方式向董事 會寄發查詢及提問:

公司秘書部 香港 九龍長沙灣 青山道481-483號 香港紗廠大廈第6期 7樓A座 電郵:info@eminencehk.com

股東亦可於本公司股東大會上向董事會作出 查詢。



### **Shareholders' Communication Policy**

The Company considers that effective two-way communication with the Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company has in place a Shareholders' communication policy which aims to promote an effective communication with the Shareholders, enabling them to exercise their rights in a timely manner so that their views and concerns are appropriately addressed, and to furnish the investment community with ready and equal information about the Company.

The Company maintains a website at http://www.eminence-enterprise.com, where up-to-date information and updates on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are posted.

The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with its Shareholders and in particular, through the AGMs or other general meetings to communicate with the Shareholders. During the year ended 31 March 2025, four physical SGMs were held, and the last AGM was held on 22 August 2024.

The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' communication policy during the year ended 31 March 2025. Having considered the multiple channels of communication and Shareholders' engagement in the general meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2025, the Board is satisfied that the Shareholders' communication policy has been properly implemented during this year and is effective.

### CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company has not made any changes to its Bye-laws. A consolidated version of the memorandum of association of the Company and the Amended and Restated Bye-laws are available on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

### 股東通訊政策

本公司認為與股東有效雙向溝通對加強投資 者關係及投資者對本集團業務表現及策略之 瞭解非常重要。本公司已制定股東通訊政 策,旨在提升與股東之有效溝通,促使股東 及時行使其作為股東的權利以便彼等的意見 及關注得到適切的回應,並向投資人士提供 有關本公司現有及平等的資料。

本公司設有網站(http://www.eminenceenterprise.com),以發佈有關本公司業務運作 及發展、財務資料、企業管治常規及其他資 訊之最新資料及更新。

本公司致力維持與股東的持續交流,特別是透過股東週年大會或其他股東大會與股東進行溝通。於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,已舉行四次實體股東特別大會,而上一屆股東週年大會已於2024年8月22日舉行。

董事會已於截至2025年3月31日止年度內檢討股東通訊政策的實施及有效性。經考慮多種溝通渠道及於截至2025年3月31日止年度內舉行的股東大會中股東的參與情況後,董事會確認股東通訊政策已於該年度內適當實施且有效。

### 憲章文件

於截至2025年3月31日止年度內,本公司並 無對其公司細則作出任何更改。本公司之組 織章程大綱及經修訂及重列的公司細則之合 訂版本可分別於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。

The directors of the Company (the "Director(s)") present this annual report together with the audited financial statements of Eminence Enterprise Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2025 (the "Year").

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group are property development, property investment, investment in securities and others and loan financing and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

### FINANCIAL RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025 are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on pages 92 to 93 of this annual report.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Further discussion and review on the business activities of the Group as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) including an analysis of the Group's performance, material events that have occurred since the year end date and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business are contained in this Directors' report and the preceding "CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT" and "MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS" set out on pages 5 to 27 of this annual report.

Details of the Group's financial risk management are disclosed in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

In addition, relevant details of the Company's environmental, social and governance policies and performance are reported in the "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT" set out on pages 65 to 85 of this annual report.

The Directors were not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group during the Year.

### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 210 of this annual report.

### DIVIDEND

The board of the Directors (the "Board") does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2025 (2024: Nil).

本公司董事(「董事」)謹此提呈高山企業有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)於截至2025年3月31日止年度(「本年度」)之年報及經審核財務報表。

### 主要業務

本集團之主要業務為物業發展、物業投資、 證券及其他投資及貸款融資,其附屬公司之 主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註39。

### 財務業績

本集團截至2025年3月31日止年度之業績載 於本年報第92至93頁之綜合損益及其他全面 收益表。

### 業務回顧

有關按《公司條例》(香港法例第622章)附表 5規定對本集團業務活動的進一步討論及回顧,包括本集團業務分析、年結日後發生的 重大事項,以及對本集團未來業務發展的指示,均載於本董事會報告及前面本年報第5至 27頁之「主席報告」及「管理層討論及分析」章 節。

本集團的財務風險管理詳情於綜合財務報表 附註34披露。

此外,有關本公司環境,社會和管治政策及 表現的相關詳情載於本年報第65至85頁所載 的「環境、社會及管治報告」章節。

董事所知於本年度內本集團並無違反相關法 律法規而受重大影響。

### 財務資料概要

本集團於過往五個財務年度之業績、資產及 負債概要載於本年報第210頁。

### 股息

董事會(「**董事會**」)不建議派發截至2025年3月 31日止年度之末期股息(2024年:無)。



### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the Year are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

The Group's investment properties were revalued as at 31 March 2025 by independent firms of qualified professional property valuers and the gain/loss arising from changes in fair value of investment properties was recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. Details of these are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **RESERVES**

Details of movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the Year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity on pages 96 to 97 of this annual report and note 40 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to its shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholder(s)") as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

### 股本

本公司股本於本年度內之變動詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註30。

### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於本年度內之變動 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註15。

### 投資物業

本集團之投資物業於2025年3月31日由獨立 合資格專業物業估值公司重新估值,而投資 物業之公平值變動所產生之收益/虧損被確 認於綜合損益及其他全面收益表。詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註17。

### 儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度內之儲備變動詳情 分別載於本年報第96至97頁之綜合權益變動 表及綜合財務報表附註40。

### 本公司的可供分派儲備

本公司於2025年及2024年3月31日可向本公司股東(「股東」)分派之儲備如下:

		31 March 2025 2025年3月31日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31 March 2024 2024年3月31日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Contributed a walve	46h 7 75h &A	450,000	450,000
Contributed surplus  Accumulated profits	繳入盈餘 累計利潤	458,830 273,371	458,830 261,193
	2381 1377		
		732,201	720,023

Under the Companies Act of Bermuda, the contributed surplus shall not be distributed to the Shareholders if there are reasonable grounds for believing that:

- (a) the company is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (b) the realizable value of the company's assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium account.

根據百慕達公司法,倘若有合理理由相信會 發生下列情況,則繳入盈餘不得分派予股 東:

- (a) 公司現時或於分派後將無法償還到期 負債;或
- (b) 公司資產之可變現價值將因分派而少 於其負債及其發行股本及股份溢價賬 之總和。

### **DONATIONS**

During the Year, the Group made charitable and other donations of approximately HK\$780,000.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lai Law Kau (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. Lui Yuk Chu (Deputy Chairman)

Mr. Kwong Jimmy Cheung Tim

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Kan Ka Hon

Mr. Lau Sin Ming

Mr. Wu Koon Yin Welly

The biographical details of the Directors as at the date of this report are set out on pages 28 to 29 of this annual report.

Pursuant to bye-law 99 of the Bye-laws, Ms. Lui Yuk Chu ("Ms. Lui"), an executive Director and Mr. Lau Sin Ming ("Mr. Lau"), an independent non-executive Director, shall retire from office by rotation at the annual general meeting (the "AGM"). Ms. Lui and Mr. Lau, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election at the AGM.

### CHANGES IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

There is no change in information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules since the date of the Company's latest published 2023/2024 annual report and up to the date of this report.

### 捐款

於本年度內,本集團作出慈善及其他捐款約 780.000港元。

### 董事

於本年度內及截至本報告日期止的董事如 下:

### 執行董事

賴羅球先生*(主席兼首席行政總裁)* 雷玉珠女士*(副主席)* 鄺長添先生

### 獨立非執行董事

簡嘉翰先生 劉善明先生 吳冠賢先生

於本報告日期之董事履歷資料載於本年報第 28至29頁。

根據公司細則第99條細則,雷玉珠女士(「雷女士」)(為一名執行董事)及劉善明先生(「劉先生」)(為一名獨立非執行董事)將於股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上輪值退任。雷女士及劉先生均符合資格願意於股東週年大會上重選連任。

### 董事資料變動

自本公司最近刊發之2023/2024年報日期起至本報告日期概無董事資料變動須根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條須予披露。



### INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS.

The Company has received annual written confirmation pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules from each of the independent non-executive Directors as regards their independence to the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025. Despite the fact that each of Mr. Kan Ka Hon and Mr. Lau Sin Ming has served as an independent non-executive Director on the Board for more than nine years, the Board is of the view that their duration of service will not interfere with their exercise of independent judgement in carrying out their duties and responsibilities as the independent non-executive Directors and believes that their valuable knowledge and experience in the Group's business will continually benefit the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. Accordingly, the Company considers all the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

### DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Directors is subject to retirement by rotation at the AGM for a term of up to three years under bye-law 99 of the Bye-laws.

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts for the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company was entered into or existed during the Year.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements headed "Related Party Transactions/Connected Transactions" of this annual report, there were no transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the Group's business, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at any time during the Year or at the end of the Year.

## CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

There was no contracts of significance between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries subsisting during or at the end of the Year, and there was no contracts of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by a controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries.

### 獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條,就截至2025年3月31日止年度彼等對本公司之獨立性而作出之年度確認書。儘管簡嘉翰先生及劉善明先生已於董事會擔任獨立非執行董事逾九年,但董事會認為該服務年期將不會影響彼等在履行獨立非執行董事之職責時作出獨立判斷,亦相信彼等對本集團業務的深入認識及寶貴經驗將繼續令本公司及全體股東受惠。因此,本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。

### 董事服務合約

根據公司細則第99條,各董事須於股東週年 大會上輪值退任,任期最長不超過三年。

概無擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任的董事已與本集團訂立不可於一年內由本集團終止而毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務合約。

### 管理合約

於本年度內概無訂立或存在任何本公司全部 或任何重大部分業務的管理及行政合約。

### 董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

除本年報之綜合財務報表附註32「關聯人士交易/關連交易」所披露者外,於本年度內任何時間或於本年度結束時,本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立有關本集團業務之重大交易、安排或合約中,概無董事或與董事有關連之實體直接或間接於其中擁有重大權益。

### 控股股東於重大合約之權益

於本年度內或於本年度結束時,本公司或其 任何附屬公司概無與控股股東或其任何附屬 公司訂立重大合約。此外,控股股東或其任 何附屬公司概無訂立向本公司或其任何附屬 公司提供服務之重大合約。

### DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES. UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2025, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company (the "Chief Executive") had any interests or short positions in the shares of the Company (the "Share(s)"), underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), which were required to be (i) notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests which the Directors or the Chief Executive were taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO), or (ii) entered in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or (iii) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix C3 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2025, so far as is known to the Directors and the Chief Executive, the following persons or corporations (other than a Director or the Chief Executive) had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were required to be entered in the register kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO:

### Long Positions in Ordinary Shares and Underlying Shares

於普诵股股份及相關股份之好倉

## 董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份 及債權證之權益

於2025年3月31日,董事及本公司主要行政 人員(「主要行政人員」)概無於本公司或其任何 相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期 貨條例」)第XV部)的本公司股份(「股份」)、相 關股份及債權證中擁有(i)根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第7及8分部條文須知會本公司及香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)的權益或 淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例之該等 條文董事或主要行政人員被當作或視為擁有 之權益),或(ii)本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 352條規定須列入存置之登記冊內的權益或淡 倉,或(iii)根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)附錄C3所載之上市發行人董事進行證券 交易的標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的權 益或淡倉。

## 主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益及淡

於2025年3月31日,就董事及主要行政人員 所知,下列人士或法團(董事或主要行政人員 除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司及 聯交所披露的權益或淡倉,或根據證券及期 貨條例第336條須列入本公司存置之登記冊內 的權益或淡倉:

Name of substantial Shareholder	Notes	Capacity	Number of ordinary Shares held 持有普通股	Number of underlying Shares held 持有相關	Total	Approximate percentage of the total issued Shares 佔已發行股份總數之
主要股東名稱	附註	身份	股份數目	股份數目	總計	概約百分比
Goodco Development Limited ("Goodco") 住豪發展有限公司(「住豪」)	(i), (iii) and (iv) (i)、(iii)及 (iv)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	42,167,397	500,000,000	542,167,397	53.44%
Easyknit Properties Holdings Limited	(i), (iii) and (iv) (i)、(iii)及 (iv)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	42,167,397	500,000,000	542,167,397	53.44%



Name of substantial Shareholder 主要股東名稱	Notes 附註	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary Shares held 持有普通股 股份數目	Number of underlying Shares held 持有相關 股份數目	Total總計	Approximate percentage of the total issued Shares 佔已發行股份總數之概約百分比
工女瓜不口冊	LITHT	3 W	11X (1) 5X E1	/// X/// X/I	WQ/ EI	ON IC IL IWMI.
Easyknit International Holdings Limited ("Easyknit") 永義國際集團有限公司(「永義」)	(i), (iii) and (iv) (i)、(iii)及 (iv)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	80,261,811	500,000,000	580,261,811	57.20%
		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,025,000	-	2,025,000	0.20%
			82,286,811	500,000,000	582,286,811	57.40%
Magical Profits Limited	(ii), (iii) and (iv) (ii)、(iii)及 (iv)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,286,811	500,000,000	582,286,811	57.40%
Accumulate More Profits Limited	(ii) and (iv) (ii)及(iv)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,286,811	500,000,000	582,286,811	57.40%
The Winterbotham Trust Company Limited 溫特博森信託有限公司	(ii) and (iv) (ii)及(iv)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,286,811	500,000,000	582,286,811	57.40%
Winterbotham Holdings Limited	(ii) and (iv) (ii)及(iv)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,286,811	500,000,000	582,286,811	57.40%
Christopher Geoffrey Douglas Hooper	(ii) and (iv) (ii)及(iv)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,286,811	500,000,000	582,286,811	57.40%
Markson International Holding Limited	(ii) and (iv) (ii)及(iv)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,286,811	500,000,000	582,286,811	57.40%
Ivan Geoffrey Douglas Hooper	(ii) and (iv) (ii)及(iv)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團之權益	82,286,811	500,000,000	582,286,811	57.40%
Chu Nin Yiu, Stephen 朱年耀		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	161,325,339	-	161,325,339	15.90%
Law Sai Hung 羅世鴻		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	98,897,825	-	98,897,825	9.75%
Chan Lo Chiu Angus 陳羅超		Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	80,210,717	-	80,210,717	7.90%

#### Notes:

- (i) In the 80,261,811 Shares, 36,340,362\* Shares, 1,754,052 Shares and 42,167,397 Shares were registered in the name of and beneficially owned by Ace Winner Investment Limited, Landmark Profits Limited and Goodco (which was wholly-owned by Easyknit Properties Holdings Limited) respectively, all of which were wholly-owned subsidiaries of Easyknit. 2,025,000 Shares were also beneficially owned by Easyknit.
- (ii) As at 31 March 2025, to the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief having made all reasonable enquiries, Magical Profits Limited, which was interested in approximately 39.43% of the issued share capital of Easyknit, was wholly-owned by Accumulate More Profits Limited which in turn was wholly-owned by Delacroix Limited and beneficially owned by The Winterbotham Trust Company Limited as trustee of The Magical 2000 Trust. The Winterbotham Trust Company Limited was owned as to 60% by Winterbotham Holdings Limited, which in turn was owned as to approximately 99.99% by Mr. Christopher Geoffrey Douglas Hooper, and 40% by Markson International Holding Limited, which in turn was owned as to approximately 99.99% by Mr. Ivan Geoffrey Douglas Hooper, respectively.
- Ms. Lui Yuk Chu, a Director, was also a director of Goodco, Easyknit Properties Holdings Limited, Easyknit and Magical Profits Limited and a substantial shareholder of Easyknit.
- (iv) According to two Forms 2 filed on 7 February 2025 and 28 March 2025 by Easyknit, in respect of the 5% per annum coupon rate convertible note issued to Goodco by the Company on 20 February 2023 in the original principal amount of HK\$209,000,000 (the "2023 Convertible Note"), (a) upon completion of rights issue of the Company on 4 February 2025; and (b) upon completion of partial redemptions of 2023 Convertible Note by the Company, the conversion price of the 2023 Convertible Note has been revised from HK\$0.18 to HK\$0.14 per conversion Share and the outstanding principal amount of 2023 Convertible Note has been reduced to HK\$70,000,000 which is convertible into 500,000,000 Shares at an adjusted conversion price of HK\$0.14 per conversion Share. Therefore, Easyknit's shareholding interest in the Company has decreased to 57.40%.
- \* According to Form 2 filed on 2 July 2021 by Ace Winner Investment Limited, on 25 June 2021, 300,000,000 Shares were pledged to Hang Seng Bank Limited. Upon completion of the capital reorganisation of the Company on 19 July 2023, the number of pledged Shares has reduced from 300,000,000 to 7,500,000 Shares, representing approximately 0.74% equity interest of total issued Shares as at 31 March 2025.

### 附註:

- (i) 於80,261,811股股份中·36,340,362\*股股份、 1,754,052股股份及42,167,397股股份分別以運 榮投資有限公司、Landmark Profits Limited及佳 豪(由Easyknit Properties Holdings Limited全資擁 有)之名義登記及由其實益擁有,該等為永義之 全資附屬公司。2,025,000股股份亦由永義實益 擁有。
- (ii) 於2025年3月31日,據董事經作出合理查詢後所深知、全悉及確信,Magical Profits Limited 擁有永義已發行股本約39.43%權益,該公司由Accumulate More Profits Limited全資擁有,而Accumulate More Profits Limited則由 Delacroix Limited全資擁有,並由溫特博森信託有限公司作為The Magical 2000 Trust之信託人實益擁有。溫特博森信託有限公司分別由Winterbotham Holdings Limited擁有60%權益(而Christopher Geoffrey Douglas Hooper先生於Winterbotham Holdings Limited擁有約99.99%權益)及由Markson International Holding Limited擁有40%權益(而International Holding Limited擁有約99.99%權益)。
- (iii) 雷玉珠女士(一名董事)亦為佳豪、Easyknit Properties Holdings Limited、永義及Magical Profits Limited之一名董事及一名永義主要股東。
- (iv) 根據永義於2025年2月7日及2025年3月28日提交的兩份表格2、就本公司於2023年2月20日向 住豪發行的原始本金額為209,000,000港元、 票息率每年五厘的五年期可換股票據(「2023年 可換股票據」)而言、在(a)本公司於2025年2月4 日完成供股後:及(b)本公司完成部分贖回2023 年可換股票據後,2023年可換股票據的兑換價 已由每股兑換股份0.18港元修訂為0.14港元, 而2023年可換股票據的未償還本金額已減少 至70,000,000港元,可按經調整的兑換價每股 0.14港元兑換為500,000,000股股份。因此,永 義於本公司的持股權益比例已下降至57.40%。
- \* 根據運榮投資有限公司於2021年7月2日提交的 表格2·於2021年6月25日·300,000,000股股份 已質押予恒生銀行有限公司。於本公司股本重 組在2023年7月19日完成後·質押的股份數目已 從300,000,000股股份減少至7,500,000股股份, 相當於2025年3月31日已發行股份總數約0.74% 股本權益。

Apart from Ms. Lui Yuk Chu, no Director was also a director or an employee of any substantial Shareholders.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2025, the Directors and the Chief Executive were not aware of any other persons (other than a Director or the Chief Executive) who had an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were required to be recorded in the register kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the Year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18, was granted any right to subscribe for the equity or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate nor had exercised any such right.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

Interests of the Directors in competing businesses as at 31 March 2025 required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules were as follows:

除雷玉珠女士外,概無董事亦為任何主要股 東之董事或僱員。

除上文所披露者外,於2025年3月31日,董事及主要行政人員並不知悉有任何其他人士(董事或主要行政人員除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文須向本公司及聯交所披露的權益或淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須列入本公司存置之登記冊內之權益或淡倉。

### 董事認購股份或債權證之權利

本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度內任何時間概無訂立任何安排,致使董事可藉購買本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲益,亦概無董事或其配偶或未滿18歲子女獲授予任何權利以認購本公司或任何其他法人團體之股本或債務證券,亦無行使任何該等權利。

### 董事於競爭業務權益

於2025年3月31日,根據上市規則第8.10條 規定本公司須披露董事的競爭業務的權益如 下:

Name of Director 董事姓名	Name of company 公司名稱	Nature of competing business 競爭業務性質	Nature of interest 權益性質
Ms. Lui Yuk Chu	Easyknit	Property development, property investment, investment in securities	Director of Easyknit and substantial shareholder
雷玉珠女士	永義	and others and loan financing 物業發展、物業投資、證券及其他 投資及貸款融資	of Easyknit 永義董事及永義主要股東

As the Board is independent of the board of Easyknit and maintains three independent non-executive Directors, the Group operates its businesses independently of, and at arm's length from, the businesses of Easyknit.

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2025.

董事會獨立於永義董事會,並維持三名獨立 非執行董事,本集團獨立於永義業務外並按 公平基準經營其業務。

### 購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司或其 任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司 任何上市證券。

### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions which were undertaken during the financial year in the normal course of business are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements. For those related party transactions that constituted connected transactions or continuing connected transactions (as the case may be) under the Listing Rules, these transactions (if any) were (i) exempt from reporting, annual review, announcement and the independent Shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules; or (ii) handled in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Bye-law 178 of the Bye-laws provides that, among others, every Director and other officers of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them shall or may incur sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices and related matters provided that the indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any of them. In this connection, the Company has arranged directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Company during the Year.

### MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

During the Year, the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 77.4% of the Group's purchases and the largest supplier accounted for approximately 39.1% of the Group's purchases.

During the Year, the five largest customers of the Group accounted for approximately 38.7% of the Group's revenue and the largest customer accounted for approximately 23.1% of the Group's revenue.

During the Year, none of the Directors and their respective close associates or any Shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued Shares) have any interest in the five largest suppliers or customers of the Group.

### 關連人士交易

於本財政年度,在日常業務過程中進行的關連人士交易載於綜合財務報表附註32。就構成上市規則項下關連交易或持續關連交易的關連人士交易(視情況而定)而言,該等交易(如有)為(i)獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章項下之報告、年度審閱、公佈及獨立股東批准規定:或(ii)根據上市規則第14A章處理。

### 獲准賠償條文

公司細則第178條規定,除其他外,每名董事 及本公司其他主管人員如在履行其職位所屬 的職務或應盡職務及相關事務時產生,執行職務過程中作出、同步執行或未執行 任何行動而導致之所有訴訟、數費、司資 損失、損害賠償及開支,應從本公司,惟 強利中提供補償並擔保其不受損害,惟 致 範圍不包括因上述人士欺詐或失信所引為 任何損失。為此,本公司已於本年度內為董 事及本公司主管人員安排董事及主管人員 責任保險。

### 主要供應商及客戶

於本年度內,本集團之五大供應商佔本集團 之採購額約77.4%,而最大供應商則佔本集 團之採購額約39.1%。

於本年度內,本集團之五大客戶佔本集團之 營業額約38.7%,而最大客戶則佔本集團之 營業額約23.1%。

於本年度內,概無董事及彼等之緊密聯繫人 士或任何股東(即據董事所知擁有多於5%之 已發行股份)於本集團五大供應商或客戶中擁 有任何權益。



### PROPERTY VALUATION

Property valuations in respect of the Group's investment properties in Hong Kong have been carried out by Vincorn Consulting and Appraisal Limited, an independent firm of qualified professional property valuers. For the investment property in Singapore, the valuation was carried out by Edmund Tie & Company (SEA) Pte Ltd, another independent firm of qualified professional property valuers. Their valuations were based on residual value approach, income capitalisation approach and/or direct comparison method as the valuation methodologies and were used in preparing 2024/2025 final results. The Group's investment properties were valued at approximately HK\$1,057,900,000 (2024: approximately HK\$1,250,443,000). The decrease in fair value of approximately HK\$28,700,000 was recognized in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the financial year. Development properties and non-investment properties of the Group were stated at cost less impairment, if any, in these consolidated financial statements.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group is exposed to various risks in its businesses and operations. Through internal control systems and procedures, the Company has taken reasonable steps to ensure that significant risks are monitored and do not adversely affect the Group's operations and performances. The relevant risks are managed on an ongoing basis. A non-exhaustive list of principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group is set out below.

### **Market Risk**

The Group's revenue is principally derived from Hong Kong. The conditions of the economy as a whole and the property market may have significant impact to the Group's financial results and conditions.

### **Compliance Risk**

The Group's operations require compliance with local and overseas laws (including those of Bermuda and the British Virgin Islands) and regulations, including but not limited to property sale, management and construction as well as companies and securities laws. The Group has constantly monitored its compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group.

### ACCOUNT OF KEY RELATIONSHIPS

The Group adheres to the standards of business ethics, this underpins how we conduct business with our customers, suppliers and contractors.

### **Employees**

The Group value its employees who are the Group's most important assets. Staff are rewarded with competitive remuneration packages and benefits. The Group is committed to fostering a conducive, harmonious and discrimination-free working environment.

### 物業估值

本集團位於香港之投資物業由泓亮諮詢及評估有限公司進行物業估值,其為獨立合資格專業估值公司Edmund Tie & Company (SEA) Pte Ltd 進行物業估值。所有評估皆持續採納餘值法、收入資直接比較法作為估值方法,並已新數2024/2025年全年業績。本集團投資物業之估值為約1,057,900,000港元(2024年:約1,250,443,000港元)。於本財政年度公平组減少約28,700,000港元已於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內確認。本集團之發展物業及非投資物業乃於本年度綜合財務報表中按成本扣除減值(如有)列賬。

### 主要風險及不確定性

本集團在其業務及營運上面對著各種風險。 通過內部監控制度及程序,本公司已採納合 理措施,確保重大風險得到監控而且不會對 本集團的營運及表現產生不利影響。相關風 險在持續的基礎上進行管理。本集團面對著 的主要風險及不確定性載列如下(未盡列)。

### 市場風險

本集團的營業額主要來自香港。整體經濟及 房地產市場的情況可能對本集團的財務業績 及情況造成顯著影響。

### 合規風險

本集團的業務需要符合本地及海外的法律(包括百慕達及英屬處女群島)及法規,包括但不限於物業銷售、物業管理和建設,以及公司法和證券法。本集團已不斷監測對本集團有顯著影響的相關法律及法規之合規情況。

### 主要關係概述

本集團堅守商業道德標準,我們與客戶、供 應商及承辦商進行業務均遵守此準則。

### 僱員

本集團視員工為本集團最重要的資產。本集 團為員工提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇及福利, 並致力打造良好、諧和及不存在歧視的工作 環境。

Occupational health and safety is the top priority across the Group's operations. Safety guidelines are established to safeguard the employees from any occupational hazards.

#### Customers

The Group strive to provide high quality and reliable services to its customers. The privacy of the Group's customers are well protected through a privacy policy. Any complaints from customers are handled and investigated in a thorough and efficient manner.

### **Suppliers**

The Group is committed to forging collaborative partnership with its suppliers and have a database of approved suppliers and vendors who are assessed on a regular basis.

### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The emoluments policy of employees of the Group is set up by the executive Directors on the basis of employee performance, experience and prevailing industry practice.

The emolument of the Directors is determined by the Board after review and on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, having regard to factors such as the time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, the Company's performance and the prevailing market practice.

### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws although there are no restrictions against such rights under the laws in Bermuda where the Company is incorporated.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued Shares as required under the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 March 2025 and as at the date of this annual report.

職業健康及安全是本集團營運的首要工作。 本集團制定安全指引以保障員工免受職業危 害。

### 客戶

本集團致力為客戶提供優質可靠的服務。本 集團客戶的私隱受到私隱政策的保護。本集 團亦會全面及有效調查及處理客戶的投訴。

### 供應商

本集團致力與供應商建立合作夥伴關係,並 設有認可供應商及賣方資料庫,定期評估供 應商及賣方的表現。

### 薪酬政策

本集團僱員之薪酬政策乃由執行董事按僱員 之表現、經驗及現行業內慣例而制定。

董事之薪酬在經過薪酬委員會審閱及建議後 由董事會釐定,其中已考慮到董事所投放時 間及職責、本公司之業績及現行市況。

### 優先認購權

公司細則中並無關於優先認購權之條文,但 本公司註冊成立地百慕達的相關法律並無針 對優先認購權的限制。

### 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司從公開途徑所得之資料及就董事所知,本公司於截至2025年3月31日止年度及於本年報日期已按照上市規則要求維持高於本公司已發行股份25%的足夠公眾持股量。



### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") in compliance with the requirement of the Listing Rules and the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules. The principal responsibilities of the Audit Committee is to review and supervise the financial reporting process and risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The Audit Committee comprises all three independent non-executive Directors as at 31 March 2025. The Audit Committee has met in person or by electronic means the Group's auditor, Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, and has reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements, and risk management and internal control systems of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the "CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT" from pages 30 to 49 of this annual report.

### ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company (or "we" or "our") has prepared an annual environmental, social and governance ("ESG") report for 2024/2025 in compliance with the ESG Reporting Code set out in Appendix C2 to the Listing Rules. This section highlights the ESG policies and performance of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2025. The Company is committed to addressing sustainability issues and managing ESG risks through prudent business planning and operational implementation. The Board, assisted by the management of the Company, has the overall responsibility to review policies, oversee sustainability issues and address ESG-related risks. Through this internal sustainability governance framework, the Board has developed and formulated relevant policies which better align with the Group's business goals and objectives.

### **Discussion on Environmental Performance**

The Group is devoted to the integration of corporate social responsibility ("CSR") into our day-to-day business operations to create long-term positive value and contribute to a better future for the community while minimization of its operational environmental footprint is resulted. We have focused our efforts on environmental stewardship, energy efficiency, resource management and cultivation of environmental awareness amongst employees. We remain attentive to different energy-saving opportunities and adopt hardware upgrades to improve our energy efficiency with a comprehensive approach to waste and resource management, our goal is to create a paperless office to minimize our paper usage. Apart from undertaking hardware upgrades to further enhance the energy performance of existing infrastructure, we apply new technologies to our new properties, including the installation of low emissivity or double-glazed windows which help reduce heat loss and optimise thermal insulation. Furthermore, we work hard to ensure waste materials and other useful resources are reused, recovered and recycled whenever possible before the consideration of landfill disposal.

### 審核委員會

本公司設有符合上市規則及上市規則附錄C1所載之《企業管治守則》規定的審核委員會(「審核委員會」)。審核委員會主要職責為審閱和監督本集團財務匯報過程與風險管理及內部監控制度。於2025年3月31日,審核委員會已與本集團核數師德勤•關黃陳方會計師行親身或以電子方式會面,並已審閱本集團截至2025年3月31日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表,以及風險管理及內部監控制度。

### 企業管治

本公司企業管治常規之詳情載於本年報第30 至49頁之「企業管治報告」。

### 環境、社會及管治報告

本公司(或「我們」)乃根據上市規則附錄C2所載的《環境、社會及管治報告守則》編製一份2024/2025年度的環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告。本節重點表述本集團截至2025年3月31日止年度對於環境、社會及管治的政策及表現。本公司透過審慎的議題及管理環境、社會及管治之風險。董事會在本公司管理層的協助下整體負責審閱政會及管治槽關的風險。透過此內部可持續性管治框架,董事會訂立並制定相關的政策,從而更有效地符合本集團的業務目標及宗旨。

### 有關環境表現的討論

本集團致力將企業社會責任(「企業社會責 任」)融入日常營運業務,以創造長遠正面的 價值,以及為社區創造更美好的將來作出貢 獻,並最大限度地減少其營運環境足跡。我 們專注於環境管理、能源效益、資源管理和 員工環保意識的培養。我們繼續關注不同的 節能機會,並通過硬件升級來提高我們的能 源效率。通過全面的廢物和資源管理方法, 我們的目標是創建一個無紙化辦公室,以盡 量減少我們的紙張使用量。除進行硬件升級 以進一步提高現有基礎設施的能源性能外, 我們還將新技術應用於我們的新物業,包括 安裝低輻射或雙層玻璃窗以有助降低熱耗並 優化隔熱效果。此外,我們努力確保在考慮 廢物和其他有用資源被送往垃圾堆填區前盡 可能重複使用、回收和再循環。

## Account of Key Relationships with Employees, Customers and Suppliers

### **Employees**

We make great efforts to create a supportive, inclusive, caring and safe work environment which facilitates professional development and protects the health, safety and well-being of our employees. We emphasize on equal opportunities, and a fair and transparent recruitment process. We reward our employees with attractive remuneration packages and benefits, which reference industry standards, and are commensurate with individual merit, work experience, qualifications and job duties. Tailor-made functional training programmes were arranged for our employees to keep abreast with the latest professional knowledge and skills. Additionally, we have set safety guidelines and systems to protect our employees and minimize potential occupational hazards across our operations.

To ensure all staff understand their responsibility to uphold the Group's ethical standards, the employees handbook of the Group specifies clear expectations for professional conduct. All relevant anti-discrimination and personal data protection regulations are strictly observed.

In support of continual learning and development, the Group encourages our employees to pursue different interests and offers internal and external opportunities to realise their full potential. We continue to provide internal and external training opportunities such as seminars and training courses in order to strengthen our workforce and stock our talent pipeline.

We ensure our work environments are free from any potential occupational health and safety hazards, our internal safety guidelines were formulated in accordance with the requirements set out by the Labour Department to minimise risks. During the Year, we fully complied with all relevant health and safety regulations and we are pleased to report that there were no work-related fatalities or lost days due to work injury.

### Customers, Suppliers and Subcontractors

The Group has put in place stringent mechanisms and procedures on quality assurance, customer service, health and safety requirements, procurement procedures, and regulatory compliance. Our management approach stresses control measures to ensure our stringent requirements are met, in cases where quality concerns may arise, a thorough investigation will be carried out and corrective actions will be promptly implemented. A complaint-handling mechanism has been formulated to ensure we handle customer complaints in a consistent and timely manner.

To promote corporate responsibility along our supply chain, we give performance to businesses who share our sustainable practices and ethical standards. Regular supplier assessments and audits are conducted to ensure their compliance with our requirements.

### 與僱員、客戶及供應商的主要關係概述

### 僱員

我們努力創造一個支持、包容、關懷和安全 的工作環境,以促進專業發展並保護我們 員的健康、安全和福祉。我們高度重視平等 機會以及公平透明的招聘程序。我們參考行 業標準提供具有吸引力的薪酬待遇和福工方 獎勵我們的僱員,並使其與個人優點、資格和工作職責相稱。為僱員量點 經驗、資格和工作職責相稱。為僱員量知 制功能培訓項目,以掌握最新的專業知 技能。此外,我們制定安全指引和系統,以 保護我們的僱員並最大限度地減少我們營運 中的潛在職業危害。

為確保所有員工明白其為秉持本集團道德標準之責任,本集團的僱員手冊明確訂明專業 操守的期望。所有與反歧視及保障個人資料 的相關法規須嚴格遵守。

為了支持持續學習和發展,本集團鼓勵我們 的僱員追求不同的興趣並提供內部和外部機 會以充分發揮彼等之潛能。我們繼續提供內 部和外部培訓機會,例如研討會和培訓課 程,以提升我們的員工質素和儲備人才。

我們為確保我們的工作環境沒有任何潛在的職業健康和安全的隱患,我們的內部安全指引乃根據勞工處訂立之要求所編製,從而降低風險。於本年度內,我們已完全遵守所有與健康及安全相關的法規並欣然報告概無因工作關係而死亡或因工傷損失工作日數的個家。

### 客戶、供應商及分包商

本集團嚴格制定有關質量保證、客戶服務、 健康和安全要求、採購程序以及合規方面的 內部機制和標準操作程序。我們的管理方法 強調控制措施,以確保滿足我們的嚴格 求,倘若可能出現質量問題,將進行全面的 調查並迅速採取糾正的行動。此外,已建立 一套投訴處理機制,以一致和及時處理客戶 的投訴。

為推動我們供應鏈中的企業責任,我們優先 考慮共享我們可持續慣例及道德標準的業 務。定期進行供應商的評估和審核以確保完 全達致我們嚴格的要求。

Operating as a responsible business operator, we strictly adhere to all relevant data privacy regulations and maintain a high level of business ethics and product responsibility. The Group's privacy policy is established in accordance with local regulations to ensure that all personal data are handled in strict confidence.

## Compliance Status with Relevant Laws and Regulations that have a Significant Impact on the Business

During the Year, there were no reported cases of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have had a significant impact on the Group's businesses regarding the environment, employment, occupational health and safety, labour standards, product responsibility, anti-corruption, data privacy and intellectual properties.

The ESG policies and performance of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025 are set out in the "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT" from pages 65 to 85 of this annual report.

### EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

### Discloseable Transaction - Disposals of Listed Securities

On 16 May 2025, the Group disposed (i) in a series of transactions for a total of 5,000,000 shares in Best Food Holding Company Limited ("Best Food Share(s)") which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1488), representing approximately 0.32% of the total issued Best Food Shares, on the open market on 2 May 2025 and 6 May 2025; and (ii) 12,000,000 Best Food Shares (representing approximately 0.76% of the total issued Best Food Shares) by way of cross trade to a buyer on 16 May 2025 with a gross sales proceeds of approximately HK\$17,010,000 (exclusive of expenses) (equivalent to an average price of approximately HK\$1.00 per disposed Best Food Share). Further information can be found in the Company's announcement dated 16 May 2025.

### **Amendment to 2023 Convertible Note**

On 4 June 2025, after trading hours, the Company entered into a second deed of amendment with the holder of 2023 Convertible Note pursuant to which both parties conditionally agreed to amend the conversion price of the 2023 Convertible Note from HK\$0.14 per conversion share to HK\$0.07 per conversion share. Pursuant to Rule 28.05 of the Listing Rules, any alterations in the terms of convertible debt securities after issue must be approved by the Stock Exchange, except where the alterations take effect automatically under the existing terms of such convertible debt securities. As a result, the Company applied for the approval of the Stock Exchange for the aforesaid amendment pursuant to Rule 28.05 of the Listing Rules. Further information can be found in the Company's announcement dated 4 June 2025.

作為一位負責任的業務經營者,我們嚴格遵守所有與資料私隱相關的法規,並以高標準的商業道德和產品責任作營運。本集團已根據當地法律建立私隱政策以確保所有個人資料經嚴格保密處理。

### 遵守對業務有重大影響的相關法律及法規

於本年度內,概無發生任何不遵守有關環境、僱傭、職業健康及安全、勞工準則、產品責任、反貪污、資料私隱及知識產權等對本集團業務有重大影響的相關法律及法規的已申報個案。

本公司截至2025年3月31日止年度的環境、 社會及管治之政策及表現載於本年報第65至 85頁之「環境、社會及管治報告」。

### 報告期間後之事項

### 須予披露交易 - 出售上市證券

於2025年5月16日,本集團(i)於2025年5月2日及2025年5月6日在公開市場進行之一連串交易中出售合共5,000,000股百福控股有限公司(於聯交所主板上市(股份代號:1488))股份(「百福股份」)(佔已發行百福股份總數約0.32%):及(ii)於2025年5月16日透過交叉盤方式向買方出售合共12,000,000股百福股份(佔已發行百福股份總數約0.76%),出售所得款項總額約為17,010,000港元(未計及開支)(相當於每股出售百福股份平均價約為1.00港元)。詳細資料請參閱本公司日期為2025年5月16日的公佈。

### 修訂2023年可換股票據

於2025年6月4日(交易時段後),本公司與2023年可換股票據持有人訂立第二份修訂契據,據此,雙方有條件同意修訂2023年可換股票據的兑換價,由每股兑換股份0.14港元修訂為每股兑換股份0.07港元。根據上市規則第28.05條,於可換股債務證券發行後對其條款作出之任何修訂均須經聯交所批准,惟根據有關可換股債務證券現行條款自動生效之修訂除外。因此,本公司根據上市規則第28.05條就上述修訂向聯交所提交申請批准。詳細資料請參閱本公司日期為2025年6月4日的公佈。

### **AUDITOR**

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 were audited by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM to re-appoint them as the auditor of the Company.

The Company's auditor has not changed for the past three years.

By order of the Board

Lai Law Kau

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 27 June 2025

In case of any inconsistency, the English version of this annual report shall prevail over the Chinese version.

### 核數師

截至2025年3月31日止年度之財務報表乃由 德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行進行核數。本公司 將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案續聘彼 等為本公司之核數師。

本公司於過去三年沒有更換核數師。

承董事會命

### 賴羅球

主席兼首席行政總裁

香港,2025年6月27日

本年報中、英文版如有任何歧義,概以英文 版為準。



### **OVERVIEW**

This annual environmental, social and governance ("ESG") report (the "ESG Report") provides an overview of the management approach as well as sustainability initiatives and performance of Eminence Enterprise Limited ("Eminence", "we" or "our") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the reporting period from 1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025 (the "Year"). The ESG Report was reviewed and approved by the board of directors of Eminence (the "Board") on 27 June 2025.

### REPORTING STANDARD AND SCOPE

The ESG Report was prepared in accordance with the mandatory disclosure requirements and "comply or explain" code provisions of the ESG Reporting Code (the "ESG Code") set out in Appendix C2 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "HKEx").

Unless otherwise specified, the reporting scope for the Year remained the same as last year. The scope of the ESG Report covered the core businesses of the Group, including property development, property investment (comprising ownership and rental of investment properties), investment in securities and others and loan financing business.

For a full list of ESG aspects, respective key performance indicators ("KPIs") and their references within the ESG Report, an ESG Code content index is included on pages 77 to 85 of the ESG Report.

### 概述

本年度環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告(「環境、社會及管治報告」)概述高山企業有限公司(「高山」或「我們」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)於2024年4月1日至2025年3月31日期間(「本年度」)之環境、社會及管治管理方針以及可持續性措施及績效。本環境、社會及管治報告已於2025年6月27日由高山董事會(「董事會」)審核及批准。

### 1. 報告標準及範圍

環境、社會及管治報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)證券上市規則附錄C2所載的《環境、社會及管治報告守則》(「環境、社會及管治守則」)強制披露要求及「不遵守就解釋」的守則條文而編製。

除特別説明外,本年度的報告範圍與 上年度相同。環境、社會及管治報告 範圍涵蓋本集團的核心業務,包括物 業發展、物業投資(包括擁有業權及租 賃的投資物業)、證券及其他投資及貸 款融資業務。

有關環境、社會及管治方面之完整列表,各個關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)及其在環境、社會及管治報告中之參考,請參閱環境、社會及管治報告第77至85頁中所載之《環境、社會及管治報告守則》內容索引。

Reporting Principles 匯報原則	
Materiality 重要性	Material ESG issues were identified and prioritized with the Group's stakeholders for disclosure. 根據本集團持份者的優次排列,識別重要的環境、社會及管治事宜作為披露事項。
Quantitative 量化	The Group accounted for and disclosed KPIs in quantitative terms for proper evaluation of effectiveness of ESG policies and actions.  本集團以量化的方式説明並披露關鍵績效指標,以正確評估環境、社會及管治政策及所採取行動的有效性。
Consistency 一致性	The Group adopted consistent measurement methodology to achieve meaningful comparison of ESG performances over time whenever practicable with updates disclosure.  本集團採用一致的衡量方法,在可行的情況下及時間內,對環境、社會及管治績效進行有意義的比較以及其後的更新作披露。
Balance 平衡	The ESG Report aimed to disclose data in an objective way in order to provide the Group's stakeholders with a balanced overview of the overall ESG performances. 環境、社會及管治報告旨在客觀披露數據,以便向本集團持份者提供對整體環境、社會及管治績效的平衡概覽。

### Stakeholder Engagement

Stakeholder engagement is an integral part of the Group's sustainable development and business operations. The Group values and cherishes the valuable opinions of our key stakeholders. To better understand the expectations and suggestions of various stakeholders, we maintain close communication through diverse channels with key stakeholders, including employees, customers, shareholders, suppliers, business partners, government authorities and regulatory bodies. By continuously receiving their feedback on the Group, we are able to constantly review and optimize our operational performance.

### 持份者參與

Key Stakeholders 主要持份者	Communication Channels 溝通渠道
Employees 僱員	<ul> <li>New hire orientation 新員工迎新簡介</li> <li>Regular performance reviews 定期表現評估</li> <li>Remuneration and benefits 薪酬及福利</li> <li>Meetings and discussions 會議及討論</li> <li>Training programmes, seminars/webinars and briefings 培訓計劃、研討會/網絡研討會及簡報會</li> <li>Internal emails and publications 內部電郵及出版刊物</li> <li>Employee activities 僱員活動</li> </ul>
Customers 客戶	<ul> <li>Company website 公司網站</li> <li>Property sales activities 物業銷售活動</li> <li>Property management 物業管理</li> </ul>
Suppliers and business partners 供應商及業務夥伴	<ul> <li>Quotation and tendering processes 報價與投標過程</li> <li>Screening and assessments 篩選及評估</li> <li>Site inspections, business meetings and work reviews 地盤考察、業務會議及工作回顧</li> </ul>
Investors and shareholders 投資者及股東	<ul> <li>Annual and interim reports         年報及中期報告</li> <li>General meetings         股東大會</li> <li>Announcements and circulars         公佈及通函</li> <li>Company website         公司網站</li> </ul>
Government authorities and regulatory bodies 政府機關及監管機構	<ul> <li>Consultations         諮詢     </li> <li>Laws, regulations and practices         法律、法規及常規     </li> <li>Seminars/webinars         研討會/網絡研討會     </li> </ul>
Community 社區	<ul> <li>Community investment 社區投資</li> <li>Donations and sponsorships 捐贈及資助</li> <li>Social contribution 社會貢獻</li> </ul>
Media 媒體	• Press releases 新聞稿

### **Materiality Assessment**

In the preparation for the ESG Report, the Group conducted a materiality review to identify and prioritize a list of material ESG issues for disclosures by following a three (3)-step process as below:

### 重要性評估

在準備環境、社會及管治報告時,本 集團遵循以下三(3)個步驟流程進行 重要性審查,以識別及優次排列需披 露一系列的環境、社會及管治事宜清 單:

Step 1 第一步

### Issue Identification 識別議題

- Reviewed ESG disclosures of industry peers to identify common disclosure practices.
- 審閱同業公司的環境、社會及管治披露事項,以識別常見的披露慣例。



### Analysis and Prioritization 分析並確定優次排列

Step 2 第二步

- Consolidated and analyzed the results of the peer benchmarking exercise to develop a prioritized list of ESG issues of varying materiality levels for confirmation.
- 綜合並分析同業公司基準測試的結果,以制定一系列不同重要性級別的環境、社會及管治 事宜的優次排列以供確認。



Step 3

第三步

### Results Validation 確認結果

- Revised and validated a finalized list of material ESG issues and KPIs for disclosures.
- 修訂及確認一系列最終重要的環境、社會及管治事宜及關鍵績效指標的列表作為披露事項。

### 2. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

At Eminence, corporate social responsibility ("CSR") is an integral part of our business operations. As part of our CSR philosophy, we are committed to creating long-term positive value for our stakeholders and the community where we operate while minimizing the environmental footprint associated with our operations.

Over the past years, we have continuously strived to maintain sound governance practices, cultivate a sustainable and resilient workforce, and engage actively in different community programmes. A comprehensive framework is a foundation for effective ESG management, ensuring compliance with the relevant laws and regulations within an organization.

The Board oversees our ESG performance and regularly reviews the Group's CSR policy which sets out its long-term sustainability goals. The Board is responsible for identifying, evaluating, prioritizing and managing material ESG issues related to the Group's operations and risks, and the overall ESG strategy and reporting. The effectiveness of ESG-related measures and the progress made against targets are reviewed by the Board in its meeting(s). Meanwhile, the audit committee of Eminence at the board-level is responsible for reviewing the risk management and internal control framework.

### 3. OUR ENVIRONMENT

### 3.1 Introduction

Throughout our operations, Eminence has consistently demonstrated our commitment to responsible environmental management. Our internal policy identifies and outlines our approach to environmental conservation with a focus on environmental stewardship, energy efficiency, emission reduction and cultivating internal environmental awareness on natural resources protection.

During the Year, there were no non-compliance cases relating to all applicable legal and regulatory requirements<sup>1</sup> regarding air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

including but not limited to the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Chapter 311 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Chapter 354 of the Laws of Hong Kong)

### 2. 企業社會責任

企業社會責任(「企業社會責任」)是高山日常營運業務不可或缺的一部分。作為我們企業社會責任理念的一部分,我們致力於為我們的持份者及我們經營所在的社區創造長期的正面價值,同時最大限度地減少與我們的經營相關的環境足跡。

過去數年,我們一直致力維持良好的 管治實踐,培養可持續及有復原力的 員工團隊,並積極參與不同的社區項 目。一個全面的框架是有效環境、社 會及管治的管理基礎,以確保遵守組 織內的相關法律及法規。

### 3. 我們的環境

### 3.1 緒言

在我們的整個營運過程中,高山一貫表明我們對環境管理負責任的承諾。我們的內部政策確定並概述我們的環境保護方法,主要著重於節約能源、資源效益、減排及培養內部環保意識以提升保護自然資源。

於本年度內,概無有關空氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地排污以及產生有害及無害廢棄物方面的 所有適用法律及監管規定¹的不 合規情況。

1 包括但不限於《空氣污染管制條 例》(香港法例第311章)及《廢物 處置條例》(香港法例第354章)

### 3.2 Energy Consumption and Emissions

As energy consumption in our managed properties and office premises represents a relatively significant proportion of our carbon footprint, we remain attentive to different energysaving opportunities and adopt hardware upgrades to improve our energy performance over time. In the future, we target to continuously reduce emissions and energy consumption by implementing several energy-saving measures and initiatives in our daily operations. Aside from our ongoing energy-efficient LED light fixture replacement programme, we adopted automatic motion sensors and switch-off timers at our properties to avoid unnecessary energy consumption, save electricity expenses and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. We also adopted airconditioning zoning to maintain a controlled indoor temperature and turned off electronic appliances when not in use to ensure both energy efficiency and comfort in the working environment. We have been introducing low emissivity or double-glazed windows to our new property projects which helps reduce heat loss and optimize thermal insulation. We conducted video and/or telephone conferences to maintain the business communications smoothly so as to control the energy use and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. The Group will continue to promote a "green office" and adopt a set of environmental protection and energysaving measures to minimize its environmental impacts.

### 3.3 Waste and Resource Management

As an integral part of our environmental stewardship, Eminence has a comprehensive approach to waste and resource management. Our goal is to follow the "3R" (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) principle to minimize the environmental influence in managing non-hazardous wastes in our operational practices, and to create a paperless office where electronic communication and document sharing are widely promoted. As such, we use recycled and Forest Stewardship Council certified paper, encourage employees to practice double-sided printing and reuse paper whenever possible when a hardcopy is necessary. We have likewise installed recycling collection points at all our major properties, and we encourage employees to separate recyclables like paper, glass, aluminum and plastic.

The Group had no issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose considering our business nature and geographical locations. We have put in place various water-saving measures to manage our water use efficiently, as to achieve the goal of reducing water consumption. We have installed sensor water taps, flow restrictors, and dual flush toilets at our managed properties and office buildings along with regular inspections of pipes. To further reinforce our efforts, we conduct staff awareness programs on responsible water use, promoting simple but impactful habits such as turning off taps when not in use and minimizing unnecessary flushing. Where feasible, we have also replaced live plants with decorative alternatives to reduce irrigation needs.

### 3.2 能源消耗及排放物

由於我們管理的物業及辦公場所 的能源消耗佔我們碳足跡較大部 分,因此我們將繼續關注各種節 能機會,並通過硬件升級以逐步 改善我們的能源績效。未來,我 們旨在通過在日常營運持續中實 施多項節能措施及舉措,不斷減 少排放物及能源消耗。除了我們 正在進行高能源效益的發光二極 管照明燈具更換計劃外,我們還 在我們的物業引入傳感器及自動 關閉計時器,以避免不必要的能 源消耗、節省電費開支及減少 溫室氣體排放。我們還採用空調 分區,調節室內空調溫度在控制 範圍內,並在不使用時關閉電子 設備,從而確保舒適及節能的工 作環境。對於所有新物業項目, 我們採用低輻射或雙層玻璃窗以 有效降低熱耗並優化隔熱效果。 我們通過召開視頻及/或電話會 議,以保持業務順暢溝通,藉此 控制能源使用及減少溫室氣體排 放。本集團將繼續推動「綠色辦 公室」, 並推行一系列環保節能 措施,以盡量減少對環境的影 墾。

### 3.3 廢物及資源管理

作為我們環境管理的一個組成部 分,高山已有一項綜合的廢物及 資源管理方法。我們的目標是遵 循[3R](減少、再利用及回收)的 原則,以盡量減少我們的營運操 作中所產生的無害廢物對環境的 影響,以及提倡一個使用電子通 訊及文件共享以打造無紙化辦公 室。因此,當需要紙本文件時, 我們使用再告及經森林管理委員 會認證的紙張、鼓勵員工採用雙 面打印,且盡可能重用紙張。我 們還在所有主要物業內設置回收 收集點, 並鼓勵僱員分類可回收 物料,例如紙張、玻璃、鋁及塑 料。

### 3.4 Cultivating Environmental Awareness

Despite our business does not have a significant environmental impact, we remain committed to practice environmental protection. We believe driving positive behavioural change is conducive to a sustainable future. To build a lasting green culture within the Group, we have implemented internal environmental policies and programmes at our office and properties, which serve as practical guidance for staff on energy conservation, waste reduction and resource management. For instance, internal signs and notices have been posted in common areas and washrooms to encourage responsible consumption of energy, water, paper and other resources. We give preference to office electronics and light tubes with high energy efficiency.

In the near future, we will keep striving to work towards creating an environmentally friendly culture at work.

### 3.5 Climate Change

Climate change, in particular brought by extreme weather conditions due to global warming, remains a global challenge and poses material climate-related risks to the Group's business operations. To address the climate-related impacts and risks caused by typhoons, rainstorms and/or floods to our business operations, we have been adopting different strategies to enhance our governance and improve our resilience to climate change. In terms of risk management, we have identified the climate-related risks as follows:

### 3.4 培養環保意識

在不久的將來,我們將繼續努力 創造一個環保文化工作場所。

### 3.5 氣候變化

氣候變化,特別是全球暖化導致的極端天氣狀況,持續成為全球性的挑戰,並對本集團的營運業務構成重大的氣候相關風險。為了應對颱風、暴雨及/或洪水對我們營運業務造成氣候相關影響及風險,我們一直採取不同的終來加強我們的管治並提高我們對氣候變化的適應能力。在風險管理方面,我們識別以下的氣候相關風險:

Climate-related risks 氣候相關風險	Impacts to our operations 對我們營運的影響
Hurricane and other extreme weather events 颶風及其他極端天氣事件	Possible damages to the physical properties and building structure, and disruption of utilities supply which may lead to loss in business and revenue. 可能對實際物業及樓宇結構造成損害,以及公用事業供應中斷,這可能導致業務及營業額損失。
Change in long-term rainfall pattern 長期降雨模式的變化	Possible damages to the building facilities and structure, and an increase to the building operation and maintenance costs. 可能損壞樓宇設施及結構,以及增加樓宇的營運及維修成本。

In terms of precautionary measures to minimize the potential damages related to the risks:

- (a) Display typhoon signals in an obvious location of the buildings.
- (b) Remind tenants to shut the windows and lock the doors securely.
- (c) Inspect the pumping system and remove any blockage of drainage outlets and channels.
- Ensure routine inspection and/or maintenance on buildings and facilities.

在預防措施方面,以盡量減少與 風險相關的潛在損害:

- (a) 在樓宇當眼位置展示颱風 訊號。
- (b) 提醒租戶妥善地將窗關上 及門鎖上。
- (c) 檢查水泵系統並清除任何 排水口及渠道的堵塞物。
- (d) 確保對樓宇及設施進行例 行檢查及/或維修。

The Group is determined to mitigate the impact of climate change on the operations and will constantly review the policy to improve the measures and disclosures.

## 我們的員工

### 4.

4.1 緒言

我們的業務成功有賴於我們的僱 員對本集團的付出。在這方面, 我們奮力為所有僱員創造一個包 容及支持的工作環境,以促進彼 等的專業發展,並保障彼等的健 康、安全及福祉。

本集團致力於減輕氣候變化對營

運的影響,並將不斷審查其政

策,以改進措施及披露。

#### 關懷僱員的公司 4.2

除了提供平等的就業機會,我們 還確保我們的僱員在整個僱傭過 程中得到公平對待,包括招聘、 晉升、薪酬、解僱、培訓及發 展,並不受國籍、種族、宗教、 性別、殘疾、年齡或任何其他法 律限制的基準。

為了維護及保護人權,在本集團 及我們的供應鏈中,嚴禁聘用童 工及強制勞工。在招聘過程中, 本集團採取相關措施(如背景審 查、年齡及身份驗證),以防止 僱用童工及強制勞工。如發現任 何童工或強制勞工,將根據相關 法律及法規立即採取行動,並進 行調查。

僱員是每間公司最重要的資產。 除了根據《強制性公積金計劃條 例》(香港法例第485章)規定的僱 主供款外,我們具有競爭力的薪 酬組合,包括附帶福利、醫療健 康及牙科保險以及一系列假期待 遇及加班補償,以吸引和留住人 才。我們的人力資源部門負責進 行年度績效評估及確定晉升安排 及加薪。我們鼓勵僱員平衡工作 與生活,定期員工參與及活動, 例如為我們的員工提供每週的早 餐、節日禮物及幸運抽獎(即聖 誕節、農曆新年、端午節及中秋 節)及健身課,提升彼等對本集 團的歸屬感及凝聚力。為了使員 工可與家人分享節日喜悦,在農 曆新年前夕、中秋節、平安夜、 冬至及除夕等節日,員工會提早 下班以便慶祝。高水平的僱員參 與有助留住人才,培養彼等的忠 誠度,且改善組織的表現。

#### **OUR PEOPLE** 4.

#### 4.1 Introduction

Our business success depends on the dedication of our employees. In this regard, we make great efforts to create an inclusive and supportive work environment that facilitates professional development and protects the health, safety and well-being of all employees.

#### **Caring Company** 4.2

In addition to providing equal employment opportunities, we also ensure our employees receive fair treatment throughout the employment process, including recruitment, promotion, compensation, dismissal, training and development, regardless of nationality, race, religion, gender, disability, age or any other basis prohibited by law.

To safeguard and protect human rights, the employment of child and forced labour is strictly prohibited within the Group and throughout our supply chain. During the recruitment process, the Group takes measures (such as background screening, age and identity verification) to prevent the employment of child labour and forced labour. Immediate action will be taken according to the relevant laws and regulations and investigation will be conducted if any child or forced labour is found.

Employees are the most important assets for every company. In addition to the mandatory provident fund contributions to the employees required under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong), our competitive remuneration packages include fringe benefits, medical health and dental insurance and a range of leave entitlements and overtime compensation to attract and retain talents. Our human resources department is responsible for conducting annual performance appraisals and determining the promotion arrangements and salary increments. We encourage employees to maintain a work life balance and regular staff engagements and activities such as weekly breakfasts, festive gifts and lucky draws (that is Christmas, Chinese New Year, Tuen Ng Festival and Mid-Autumn Festival), fitness classes were arranged for our staff, contributing immensely to the sense of belonging and cohesion within the Group. To enable employees to share festive joy with their families, early leave for celebration is provided on Chinese New Year's Eve, Mid-Autumn Festival, Christmas Eve, Winter Solstice and New Year's Eve. High levels of employee engagement promote retention of talent, foster their loyalty and improve organizational performance.



There were no non-compliance cases reported during the Year regarding compensation, dismissal, recruitment, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, welfare and relevant legislation, including but not limited to the Minimum Wage Ordinance (Chapter 608 of the Laws of Hong Kong), Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and Employment of Children Regulations (Chapter 57B of the Laws of Hong Kong).

#### 4.3 Occupational Health and Safety

The Group puts efforts into providing our employees with a safe and healthy working environment. Our health and safety quidelines and systems are designed to protect employees and minimize potential occupational hazards in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Chapter 509 of the Laws of Hong Kong). As part of our emergency protocol, standard procedures were established to deal with extreme weather situations, such as typhoons and rainstorm warnings. At our office premises, apart from conducting regular fire drills, pest control and carpet cleaning, we ensure a clear indication of emergency evacuation routes which are unobstructed at all times. Similar control measures have been put in place at our managed properties alongside regular inspections of the firefighting system, including sprinklers and smoke detectors. During the Year, we conducted cleaning of water tower airconditioning systems and split-typed air-conditioners, and the Group has remained committed to putting health and safety of our employees as the priority by ensuring workplace sanitizing measures by installing air purifiers in offices which effectively eliminate virus to safeguard our employees.

During the Year, there were no reported incidents of noncompliance with applicable occupational health and safety laws and regulations that significantly impacted the Group. 於本年度內,概無有關補償、解僱、招聘、工作時間、休息時段、平等機會、多元化、反歧視、福利及相關法例的不合規情況,包括但不限於《最低工資條例》(香港法例第608章)、《僱佣條例》(香港法例第57章)及《僱用兒童規例》(香港法例第578章)。

#### 4.3 職業健康及安全

本集團努力為我們的員工提供安 全及健康的工作環境。根據《職 業安全及健康條例》(香港法例第 509章),我們設立健康及安全指 引及制度以保護僱員及減少潛在 的職業危害。並建立緊急政策, 為處理極端天氣情況(例如颱風 及暴雨警告)的標準程序提供指 引。我們的辦公場所,除定期進 行火警演習、蟲害控制及地毯清 洗外,我們亦確保緊急逃生路線 清晰標示時刻保持暢通無阻。在 我們管理的物業中也採取類似的 控制措施,如定期進行消防系統 檢查,包括灑水器及煙霧探測 器。於本年度內,我們對空調系 統的水塔及分體式空調進行清 洗,以及本集團仍然致力於把我 們的僱員健康及安全為優先,以 確保工作場所清潔消毒,以及在 辦公室增設有效消滅病毒的空氣 消毒機以保護我們的僱員。

於本年度內,概無有關職業健康 及安全法律及法規且對本集團造 成重大影響的不合規情況。

#### 4.4 Development and Training

Equipping staff with up-to-date industry trends, knowledge and the right skill sets is essential for a business to succeed in an ever-changing environment. We tailor functional training programmes to meet the needs of our employees across different departments and at various career stages. Furthermore, we support our staff's participation in different forms of external training, including courses, seminar and workshops to enhance their professional knowledge, practical skills as well as confidence in their abilities and continuous career development. For instance, we have provided training courses to develop and refresh the employees' knowledge and skills in using our accounting system.

#### 4.5 Business Ethics

The Group adheres to the highest ethical standards and is accountable in all aspects of its operations and has zero-tolerance for any form of bribery, corruption or malpractice. The Employee's Handbook outlines our expectations for responsible business conduct for all our employees. Our staff is also required to comply with the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Ordinance (Chapter 615 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

Eminence has provided guidelines to regulate work ethics of the Group's employees and to prevent and detect activities related to money-laundering and terrorist financing to ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations and help detecting and reporting suspicious activities, including the predicate offences of corruption, extortion, fraud, financial crimes, money laundering and terrorist financing, such as securities fraud and market manipulation.

During the Year, we provided trainings on anti-corruption policy for all directors and employees by (i) online seminars organized by regulatory and professional bodies and (ii) reading articles and materials in respect of regulatory updates.

#### 4.4 發展及培訓

#### 4.5 商業道德

本集團遵守最高的道德標準,並向各個營運方面負責,且對任何形式的賄賂、貪污或瀆職行為採取零容忍。僱員手冊概述我們對我們的僱員負責任商業行為的期望。我們的員工也需要遵守《防止賄賂條例》(香港法例第201章)、《放債人條例》(香港法例第163條)及《打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集條例》(香港法例第615章)。

高山已提供指引規範本集團員工 的職業道德,以防止及偵查與洗 錢及恐怖分子資金籌集有關的活 動,並確保遵守相關法律及法 規,以及協助檢測及舉報可疑活 動,包括貪污、勒索、舞弊、金 融犯罪、洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌 集的犯罪行為,如證券欺詐及市 場操控。

於本年度,我們透過下列方式為 所有董事及僱員提供有關反貪污 政策的培訓,包括(i)監管及專業 團體組織的線上研討會及(ii)閱讀 有關監管更新的文章及材料。

我們的舉報渠道允許涌知本集團

財務及會計性質的違規行為,除

了可能違反行為準則及在企業內

進行非法活動。由指定人員徹底

調查舉報投訴並作嚴格保密,因

此舉報者無須害怕遭受報復。舉

報者將得到公平待遇,包括防止 不公平解僱和受害,並且其身份

將受到保密。高山已採用反貪污

政策及舉報政策;並於本年度

內,概無違反有關賄賂的法律及

## Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

Our whistleblowing channel allows notifications to the Group of irregularities of a financial and accounting nature, in addition to potential breaches of the code of conduct and unlawful activities undertaken in the organization. Whistleblowing complaints are investigated thoroughly and treated in strict confidence by designated personnel, so whistleblowers can voice concerns without fear of reprisal. Whistleblowers will be assured of fair treatment including protection against unfair dismissal and victimization and their identities will be kept confidential. Eminence has adopted the anti-corruption policy and the whistleblowing policy; and there were no confirmed cases of non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations relating to corruption during the Year.

### 5. OUR VALUE CHAIN

### 5.1 Supply Chain Management

In line with our supply chain management approach, we give preference to businesses who share our commitments to sustainable practices and ethical standards. A variety of factors is considered in the selection process, including but not limited to supplier reputation and experience, as well as past performance and record with that supplier. Suppliers who have obtained reputable environmental-related certifications, use environmentally friendly products and services are preferred. Before engagement, the Group reviews company information, including but not limited to examining their business licences, business and product and other materials. To properly manage risks, including ESG-related risks, arising from our supply chain, we closely monitor supplier performance and conduct regular supplier assessments and audits to ensure their compliance with our requirements. Suppliers who fail to deliver the committed quality are subject to a series of inspections and reviews. This holistic approach also enables us to build effective long-term relationships with our business partners and suppliers. During the Year, all major suppliers were reviewed and evaluated.

### 5.2 Responsible Services

We have put in place stringent mechanisms and procedures which provide our employees with the guiding principles in relation to quality assurance, customer service and privacy. For instance, to ensure the product quality, we have established assurance procedures and conducted checks. Also, we have formulated a complaint handling mechanism to handle and address customer concerns in a consistent and timely manner.

### 5. 我們的價值鏈

#### 5.1 供應鏈管理

規例的情況。

根據我們的供應鏈管理方針,我 們優先考慮與我們同樣致力於實 踐可持續及道德標準的企業。在 選擇過程中會考慮多種因素, 包括但不限於供應商的聲譽及 經驗,以及與該供應商合作的過 往表現及記錄。優先考慮獲得信 譽良好的環境相關認證,使用環 保產品及服務的供應商。在聘用 前,本集團審查公司資料,包括 但不限於檢查其營業執照、業務 和產品資訊以及其他材料。為了 妥善管理來自我們的供應鏈的風 險,包括與環境、社會及管治相 關的風險,我們密切監控供應商 表現及對供應商進行定期評估及 審核,以確保彼等符合我們的要 求。未能達到承諾質量的供應商 將受到一系列檢查及審查。這種 整體方針使我們能夠與合作夥伴 及供應商建立有效的長期關係。 於本年度內,所有主要供應商都 已經過審查及評估。

### 5.2 負責任的服務

我們制定嚴格的機制及程序,為我們的僱員提供與質量保證、客戶服務及隱私相關的指引原則。例如,為確保產品質量,我們建立保證程序並進行檢查。還有,我們已制定投訴處理機制,以一致和及時的方式處理及解決客戶關注的疑慮。

Moreover, we strive to ensure the confidentiality of personal data and information collected from our customers. We have set out clear privacy guidelines and procedures covering the use and management of data and information in accordance with the relevant regulatory requirements, including but not limited to the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Chapter 486 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Only authorized personnel are allowed to access customer data on a need-to-know and need-to-use basis. Documents containing personal information would be shredded before discard.

Intellectual property is an essential asset to the Group. Eminence protects its intellectual property by using copyrights, trademarks, confidential information, and other applicable forms of legal protection. We also work closely with law firms to regularly renew and protect our copyrights and trademarks in accordance with the requirements of the Copyright Ordinance (Chapter 528 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Group raises employees' awareness of intellectual property protection through work practice.

During the Year, there were no complaint and non-compliance cases relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling, privacy, copyrights and trademarks matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.

### 6. OUR COMMUNITY

Eminence is committed to contributing positively to the community where we locate and operate as well as all around the world. We have developed long-term partnerships with charitable organizations and offered financial and in-kind donations, with special focuses on education, health and social welfare to fulfill citizen responsibilities.

During the Year, the Group contributed over HK\$780 thousand in community investment, supporting non-profit organizations from areas of local education, health and social welfare, including Principal Chan Free Tutorial World Limited who provides completely free learning support to disadvantaged students facing financial difficulties; J Life Foundation Limited who offers immediate food assistance and education to underprivileged families living below the poverty line; and the Global Chinese Breast Cancer Organizations Alliance Limited who is dedicated to serving and supporting breast cancer patients.

此外,我們努力確保從我們客戶 收集的個人資料及訊息的機密 性。我們根據相關法規制定明確 的私隱指引及程序,涵蓋資料及 訊息的使用及管理,包括但不限 於《個人資料(私隱)條例》(香港法 例第486章)。只有授權人員在需 要瞭解及需要使用的基礎上才能 獲取客戶資料。包含個人資料的 文件在丢棄前會被碎掉。

知識產權為本集團的重要資產。 高山通過版權、商標、機密訊式 及其他適用的法律保護的形式 保護其知識產權。根據《版權 例》(香港法例第528章)的要求 我們還與律師事務所密切合權 , 以定期更新及保護我們的版權, 以定期更本集團透過工作實踐 高員工對保護知識產權的意識。

於本年度內,概無有關所提供產 品及服務的健康與安全、廣告、 標籤、私隱、版權及商標事宜及 補救方法的投訴及不合規個案。

### 6. 我們的社區

高山致力為我們所在及經營所在的社 區以及世界各地作出積極貢獻。我們 與慈善組織建立長期合作夥伴關係, 並提供資金及實物捐贈,以及特別關 注教育、健康及社會福利,以積極履 行公民責任。

於本年度內,本集團投入社區投資逾 780,000港元,支持來自當地教育、 生及社會福利方面的非營利組織,包 括陳校長免費補習天地有限公司人 經濟困難的弱勢學童提供完全免司 學習支援;啟愛共融基金有限公司 學習支援;啟愛共融基金有限公司 學問表 生活在貧窮線以下的弱勢家庭提供乳 時食物援助及教育;及全球華人 時食物援助及教育;及全球華和 組織聯盟有限公司致力於服務和支持 乳癌患者。

### 7. HKEX KPI DATA TABLE

### 7. 香港聯交所關鍵績效指標數據表

HKEx 香港聯	KPI 养交所關鍵績效指標	Unit 單位	FY 2024/25 2024/25 財政年度	FY 2023/24 2023/24 財政年度	FY 2022/23 2022/23 財政年度
A. Ei A. 璟	nvironmental 環境				
A1.1	Air emissions 廢氣排放				
	Nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ) 氮氧化物	Kg 千克	4.57	5.83	5.93
	Sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ) 硫氧化物	Kg 千克	0.12	0.15	0.15
	Particulate matter (PM) 顆粒物	Kg 千克	0.34	0.43	0.44
A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions in total and ir 溫室氣體總排放量及密度	ntensity			
	Scope 1 emission 範圍1排放量	Tonnes of CO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	20.97	186.95	187.52
	Scope 2 emission 範圍2排放量	Tonnes of CO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	59.98	56.89	93.82
	Scope 3 emission <sup>a</sup> 範圍3排放量 <sup>a</sup>	Tonnes of CO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	0.39	1.40	1.64
	- In total - 以總量計	Tonnes of CO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	81.34	243.84	282.98
	- By intensity - 以密度計	Tonnes of CO₂e/FTE 噸二氧化碳當量/ 等同全職僱員	2.09	6.10	7.45
A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced an 無害廢棄物產生總量及按密度	d intensity		'	
	Concrete and metal 混凝土及金屬	Tonne 噸	6.21	not applicable 不適用	1,705.60
	Waste paper 廢紙	Tonne 噸	0.67	0.94	0.89
	Recycled concrete and metal 可回收混凝土及金屬	Tonne 噸	not applicable 不適用	7.82	907.95
	Disposed materials, metal and general refuse in landfill 棄置於堆填區的廢棄材料、金屬及一般垃圾	Tonne 噸	982.56	10,375.77	2,300.70
	- Total amount of waste generated - 產生的廢棄物總量	Tonne 噸	989.44	10,384.53	4,915.14
	- By intensity - 按密度計	Tonne/FTE 噸/等同全職僱員	25.37	259.61	129.35

a We take into account the greenhouse gas emissions for processing fresh water by government departments.

我們考慮政府部門處理淡水的溫室氣體排放 量。

HKEx 香港聯	KPI <sup>ь</sup> 交所關鍵績效指標	Unit 單位	FY 2024/25 2024/25 財政年度	FY 2023/24 2023/24 財政年度	FY 2022/23 2022/23 財政年度
A2.1	Energy consumption by type and intensit 按類型劃分的能源耗量及按密度	ty			
	Direct energy consumption 直接能源耗量				
	- In total - 以總量計	'000 kWh 千個千瓦時	71.80	91.71	93.66
	Indirect energy consumption 間接能源耗量				
	- In total - 以總量計	'000 kWh 千個千瓦時	153.81	145.88	209.55
	Total energy consumption 總能源耗量				
	- In total - 以總量計	'000 kWh 千個千瓦時	225.61	237.59	303.21
	- By intensity - 以密度計	'000 kWh/FTE 千個千瓦時/ 等同全職僱員	5.78	5.94	7.98
A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity 總耗水量及密度				
	Water consumption 耗水量				
	- In total - 以總量計	m³ 立方米	1,542	3,227	7,804
	- By intensity - 以密度計	m³/FTE 立方米/等同全職 僱員	39.54	80.68	205.37

HKEx KP	Pl	Unit		FY 202	4/25			FY 20	023/24			FY	2022/2	3
香港聯交	所關鍵績效指標	單位	2024/25財政年度		2023/24財政年度			2022/23財政年度						
B. Soci B. 社會														
B1.1	Total workforce by ger employment type 按性別及僱傭類型劃分		Male 男性			Female 女性	Male 男性			Female 女性	Male 男性			Female 女性
	Full-time 全職	Number of people 人數	18			21	20			20	18			20
	Part-time 兼職	Number of people 人數	0			0	0			0	0			0
	Total workforce by age geographical region 按年齡組別及地區劃分		Under 30 30歲 以下	30	-50 歲至 )歲	Above 50 50歳 以上	Under 30 30歲 以下	30)	├-50 歳至 O歳	Above 50 50歳 以上	Under 30 30歲 以下	30	D-50 歲至 O歲	Above 50 50歲 以上
	Hong Kong 香港	Number of people 人數	1	1	9	17	0	2	20	17	0		17	18
	The PRC 中國	Number of people 人數	0		1	1	0		1	2	1		0	2
B1.2	Employee turnover rate 按性別劃分的僱員流失		Male 男性			Female 女性	Male 男性			Female 女性	Male 男性			Female 女性
	- By rate - 以比率計	% 百分比	16.67			19.05	25.00	١		35.00	22.0	0		5.00
	Employee turnover rate 按年齡組別劃分的僱員		Under 30 30歳 以下	30	-50 歲至 )歲	Above 50 50歳 以上	Under 30 30歳 以下	30	⊢50 歲至 0歲	Above 50 50歳 以上	Under 30 30歳 以下	30	D=50 )歲至 O歲	Above 50 50歲 以上
	- By rate - 以比率計	% 百分比	0.00	10	.00	27.78	0.00	42	2.86	15.79	0.00	5	5.00	8.00
	Employee turnover rate region 按地區劃分的僱員流失		Hong Kong 香港	3	Т	he PRC 中國	Hong Kor 香港	ng	-	The PRC 中國	Hong Ko 香港			The PRC 中國
	- By rate - 以比率計	% 百分比	13.51			100.00	32.43			0.00	13.0	0		0.00
B2.1	Number and rate of wo 因工作關係而死亡的人													
	- By number - 以人數計	Number of people 人數		0			0			0				
	- By rate - 以比率計	% 百分比	0.00			0.00			0.00					
B2.2	Lost days due to work 因工傷損失工作日數	injury												
	Lost days 損失工作日數	% 百分比		0					0				0	

### **Environmental, Social and Governance Report**

## 環境、社會及管治報告

HKEx KP		Unit	FY 2024/25	FY 2023/24	FY 2022/23			
香港聯交	所關鍵績效指標	單位	2024/25財政年度	2023/24財政年度	2022/23財政年度			
B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category 按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比							
	Male 男性	% 百分比	27.78	35.00	44.44			
	Female 女性	% 百分比	28.57	35.00	35.00			
	Junior staff 初級員工	% 百分比	12.00	26.67	23.53			
	Middle managers 中級管理層	% 百分比	44.44	11.76	23.08			
	Senior managers 高級管理層	% 百分比	80.00	100.00	100.00			
B3.2	The average training hours comp 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱		and employee category					
	Male 男性	Number of hours 時數	3.67	6.25	4.75			
	Female 女性	Number of hours 時數	3.95	5.95	4.46			
	Junior staff 初級員工	Number of hours 時數	0.72	3.00	0.71			
	Middle managers 中級管理層	Number of hours 時數	7.67	1.53	1.54			
	Senior managers 高級管理層	Number of hours 時數	12.40	21.63	17.84			
B5.1	Number of suppliers by geograp 按地區劃分的供應商數目	hical region						
	Hong Kong 香港	Number of suppliers 供應商數目	122	110	35			
	The PRC 中國	Number of suppliers 供應商數目	0	0	4			
	Singapore 新加坡	Number of suppliers 供應商數目	4	8	1			
B6.2	Number of products and service 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目	related complaints received						
	Number of complaints 投訴數目		0	0	0			
B7.1	Number of concluded legal case 對本公司提出並已審結的貪污訴		orought against the company					
	Number of cases 案件數目		0	0	0			
B8.2	Resources contributed 資源貢獻							
	Donations (HK\$'000) 捐贈(千港元)	,-2.	780	1,154	1,322			

### 8. HKEX ESG REPORTING CODE CONTENT INDEX

8. 香港聯交所《環境、社會及管治報 告守則》內容索引

Aspect 層面	HKEx KPI 香港聯交所 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Page(s)/Remarks 頁數/備註
A. Environmental A. 環境			
A1 Emissions	A1	General disclosure 一般披露	69-70
排放物	A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data 排放物種類及相關排放數據	77
	A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility) 直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)	77
	A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility) 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)	Due to the business nature of the Group, this KPI is considered not applicable. 鑒於本集團的業務性質,此關鍵績效指標被認為不適用。
	A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility) 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)	77
	A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟	70
	A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟	70

Aspect 層面	HKEx KPI 香港聯交所 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Page(s)/Remarks 頁數/備註
A2 Use of Resources	A2	General disclosure 一般披露	69-70
資源使用	A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility) 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)	78
	A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility) 總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)	78
	A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟	70
	A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟	70
	A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量	Due to the business nature of the Group, this KPI is considered not applicable. 鑒於本集團的業務性質,此關鍵績效指標被認為不適用。
A3 The Environment and	A3	General disclosure 一般披露	71
Natural Resources 環境及天然資源	A3.1 Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動		71
A4 Climate Change	A4	General disclosure 一般披露	71
氣候變化	A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動	71-72



Aspect 層面	HKEx KPI 香港聯交所 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Page(s)/Remarks 頁數/備註
B. Social B. 社會			
B1 Employment	B1	General disclosure 一般披露	72-73
僱傭	B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (e.g. full-time or part-time), age group and geographical region 按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數	79
	B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率	79
B2 Health and Safety	B2	General disclosure 一般披露	73
健康與安全	B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year 過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率	79
	B2.2	Lost days due to work injury 因工傷損失工作日數	79
	B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法	73
B3 Development and	ВЗ	General disclosure 一般披露	74
Training 發展及培訓	B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management) 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比	80
	B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數	80

Aspect 層面	HKEx KPI 香港聯交所 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Page(s)/Remarks 頁數/備註
B4 Labour Standards	B4	General disclosure 一般披露	72
勞工準則	B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工	72
	B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟	72
B5 Supply Chain	B5	General disclosure 一般披露	75
Management 供應鏈管理	B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region 按地區劃分的供應商數目	80
	B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目,以及相關執行及監察方法	75
	B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored 描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法	75
	B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法	75

Aspect	HKEx KPI 香港聯交所	Description	Page(s)/Remarks
層面	關鍵績效指標	描述	頁數/備註
B6 Product Responsibility	B6	General disclosure 一般披露	75-76
產品責任	B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比	Due to the business nature of the Group, this KPI is considered not applicable. 鑒於本集團的業務性質,此關鍵績效指標被認為不適用。
	B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法	75, 80
	B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例	76
	B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序	75
	B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法	76
B7 Anti-corruption	B7	General disclosure 一般披露	74-75
反貪污	B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果	75, 80
	B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored 描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法	75
	B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓	74
B8 Community Investment	B8	General disclosure 一般披露	76
社區投資	B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport) 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)	76
- fund	B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)	80

### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

## Deloitte.

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF EMINENCE ENTERPRISE LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Eminence Enterprise Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 92 to 209, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2025, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") as issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), as applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

## 德勤

#### 致高山企業有限公司成員

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第 92至209頁的高山企業有限公司(以下簡稱「貴 公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜 合財務報表,其包括於2025年3月31日的綜 合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益 及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合 現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括 重大會計政策資料及其他解釋資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則會計準則真實而公平地反映了 貴集團於2025年3月31日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的披露要求妥為擬備。

### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告內核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈適用於可則(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團。我們亦已履行守則中的其他道德責任。我們相信我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報 表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這 些事項提供單獨的意見。



# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)**

### Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

### Valuation of investment properties

投資物業之估值

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, combined with the estimations and assumptions made by management of the Group in determining the fair value.

由於結餘對綜合財務報表之整體至關重要,加上 貴集團管理層於釐定公平值時涉及重大之估計及假設,我們識別投資物業之估值為一項關鍵審計事項。

At 31 March 2025, the fair value of investment properties was approximately HK\$1,058 million with a fair value loss recognised in profit or loss of approximately HK\$29 million.

於2025年3月31日,投資物業公平值約1,058,000,000港元, 於損益確認之公平值虧損約29,000,000港元。

The Group's investment properties are stated at fair value based on valuations performed by an independent firm of qualified professional property valuer (the "Valuer"). Details of the valuation techniques and key inputs used in the valuations are disclosed in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

貴集團投資物業之公平值乃根據獨立合資格專業估值師行(「估值師」)作出之估值列示。估值所採用之估值方法及主要輸入數據之詳情已於綜合財務報表附註17內披露。

### 關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of investment properties included:

我們對投資物業之估值之相關程序包括:

- Obtaining an understanding from the Valuer and management of the Group about the valuation techniques, key inputs and data used in the valuations; 從估值師及 貴集團管理層了解估值方法、估值所採用 之主要輸入及數據;
- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuer;

評價估值師的資格、能力及客觀性;

- Assessing the accuracy of information provided by management of the Group to the Valuer by comparing, on a sample basis, details of rentals to the respective underlying existing lease agreements; and 透過以抽樣方式比較相關現有租約之租金詳情以評 估 貴集團管理層及估值師所提供之資料之準確性:及
- Assessing reasonableness of key inputs used by the Valuer and management of the Group by comparing relevant market information of similar properties.
   透過比較同類型物業的相關市場資料,評估估值師和 貴集團管理層使用的主要投入的合理性。



### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)**

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

Assessment of net realisable value of properties held for development for sale ("PUD") and properties held for sale ("PHS")

評估持作出售發展物業(「持作出售發展物業」)及持作出售物業 (「持作出售物業」)之可變現淨值

We identified the assessment of the net realisable value of PUD and PHS as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, combined with the estimations and assumptions made by management of the Group in determining the net realisable value.

由於結餘對綜合財務報表之整體至關重要,加上 貴集團管理層在確定可變現淨值時作出重大估計及假設,因此我們將對持作出售發展物業及持作出售物業可變現淨值的評估確定 為關鍵審計事項。

The Group's PUD and PHS were stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The estimates of net realisable value are determined based on best available information and with reference to valuations made, less the estimated costs to completion and costs necessary to make the sales, if applicable. The selling prices are estimated by reference to the market prices of similar properties in prevailing market environment with adjustments to reflect different locations or conditions for the properties. The costs to completion of the PUD are estimated by reference to the development budget, actual development cost of similar completed properties with adjustments based on current market data.

貴集團的持作出售發展物業及持作出售物業按成本和可變現 淨值中的較低者列示。可變現淨值的估計是基於最佳可用信 息並參考所做的評估減去預計的完成成本及促成銷售所需之 成本而確定的(如適用)。售價參考現行市場環境下類似物業之 市場價格進行估計,並就反映該等物業所處不同位置或狀況 而作出調整。持作出售發展物業之完成發展成本經參考發展 預算、類似已完工物業之實際發展成本進行估計,並根據現 行市場數據作出調整。

At 31 March 2025, the carrying amounts of PUD and PHS were approximately HK\$1,847 million and HK\$1,713 million, with impairment loss on PUD and PHS recognised in profit or loss of approximately HK\$129 million and HK\$20 million during the year ended 31 March 2025, respectively.

於2025年3月31日,持作出售發展物業及持作出售物業的賬面 淨值約為1,847,000,000港元及1,713,000,000港元,截至2025 年3月31日止年度,在損益中確認的持作出售發展物業及持作 出售物業減值虧損約為129,000,000港元及20,000,000港元。

### 關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to the net realisable value of PUD and PHS included:

有關持作出售發展物業及持作出售物業的可變現淨值的程序 包括:

- Obtaining an understanding from the Valuer and management of the Group about the valuation techniques, key inputs and data used in the valuations; 向估值師和 貴集團管理層了解估值技術、估值所採用 之主要輸入及數據;
- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuer;

評估估值師的資格、能力和客觀性;

Assessing, on a sample basis, the reasonableness
and appropriateness of the management's estimated
costs of completion by reviewing terms and conditions
of the signed construction contracts, inspecting the
contract sum and budget information, and assessing
the appropriateness of changes in the estimated costs
of completion by inspecting the supporting documents
including signed construction contracts and certificates;

通過審查已簽署的建築合同的條款和條件,檢查合同金額和預算信息以及評估完工估算費用變動的適當性,以示例方式評估管理層的完工估算費用的合理性和適當性通過檢查支持文件,包括簽訂的施工合同和證書;及

 Assessing reasonableness of key inputs used by the Valuer and management of the Group by comparing relevant market information of similar properties.

通過與具有類似性質的相關市場信息進行比較,評估估值師和本集團管理層使用的主要輸入的合理性。

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

### OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息及,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。若,基於我們已執行的工作,我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

### 董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的香港財務報告準則會計準則及香港公司條 例的披露要求擬備真實而公平的綜合財務報 表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

治理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。

### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

作為根據香港審計準則進行審計的部分,我 們在整個審計中運用了專業判斷並保持了專 業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當。由於別人們的意見提供基礎。由於別人母謀、為我們的意見提供基蓄意遺漏、症假陳述,或淩駕於內部控制之上,虚假陳述,或淩駕於內部控制之上去。
   因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重共錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論,根據所獲取的審計憑語,根據所獲取或情憑的審計恐續不存在與與不確定性,從而可能導工。 對實集團的持續經營能力產生不確定性,與人處。 對實力之之, 對應。如果我們認為存在重大中提關的實力。 是有關的被國際不可能,則有於不可能,則有於不可能,則有於不可,則的, 對於核數師報告日此所取得的審計憑。 對於核數師報告日此所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致實



# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit
  evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
  units within the group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group
  financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision
  and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group
  audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Leung Chui Shan (practising certificate number: P05731).

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong

27 June 2025

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任(續)

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財 務報表是否公平反映交易和事項。
- 計劃及執行集團審計,就集團內實體 或業務單位的財務資料獲取充足、適 當的審計憑證,作為對集團財務報表 形成意見的基礎。我們負責指導、監 督及覆核就集團審計目的而執行的審 計工作。我們為審計意見承擔全部責 任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的 審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包 括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大 缺陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明,說明我們已符合 有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與他們溝通 有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所 有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下, 相關的防範措施。

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計專案合夥人是 梁翠珊(執業證書編號: P05731)。

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師 香港

2025年6月27日

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

		NOTES 附註	2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務			
Revenue	營業額	5		
Sales of property	銷售物業		10,358	-
Rental income	租金收入		32,354	28,751
Building management	物業管理		816	12
Interest income from loan financing	來自貸款融資之利息收入		1,329	1,930
			44,857	30,693
Cost of properties and services rendered	物業及提供服務成本		(18,023)	(3,520)
Gross profit	毛利		26,834	27,173
Other income	其他收入	7	9,717	8,101
Other losses	其他虧損		(4,896)	(9,241)
Other expenses	其他開支		(21)	(1,175)
Distribution and selling expenses	經銷成本		(2,619)	-
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(48,680)	(58,483)
Finance costs	融資成本	9	(92,555)	(55,074)
Share of result of a joint venture	分佔一間合營公司業績		327	142
Loss on changes in fair value of investment	投資物業之公平值變動虧損			
properties	10 No 16 No 11 6- 4-10	17	(28,700)	(9,563)
Loss on disposal of investment properties	投資物業出售虧損		(29,211)	_
Loss on modification of terms of convertible note	修訂可換股票據條款虧損	26	(31,369)	-
Write-down on properties held for	持作出售發展物業及持作出售			
development for sale and properties held for sale, net	物業撇銷淨額	21	(149,428)	(102,937)
Net loss on changes in fair value of financial	按公平值計入損益(「按公平值			, ,
assets at fair value through profit or loss	計入損益」)之金融資產之公平			
("FVTPL")	值變動虧損淨額		(20,427)	(4,391)
Reversal of impairment loss on financial	金融資產之減值虧損撥回,			
assets, net:	淨額:			
<ul> <li>Loans receivable</li> </ul>	- 應收貸款	18	55	473
<ul> <li>Debt instruments at fair value through</li> </ul>	- 按公平值計入其他全面收益			
other comprehensive income	(「按公平值計入其他全面			
("FVTOCI")	收益」)之債務工具		_	1,775
Release on disposal of debt instruments at	出售按公平值計入其他全面收			(0.440)
FVTOCI	益之債務工具時解除			(2,119)
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損		(370,973)	(205,319)
Taxation credit (charge)	税項抵免(開支)	10	13,195	(13,485)
Loss for the year from continuing	來自持續經營業務的年度虧損			
operations		12	(357,778)	(218,804)
Discontinued operation	已終止經營業務			
(Loss) profit for the year from discontinued	來自已終止經營業務的年度		(= = 0.1)	
operation	(虧損)盈利 	11	(7,521)	5,655
Logo for the year attributable to summer of	本公司股市廃化年度虧損			
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司股東應佔年度虧損		(365,299)	(212 140)
по общрану			(505,299)	(213,149)

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

		NOTE 附註	2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Other comprehensive income (expense) Items that may be reclassified subsequently				
to profit or loss:  Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of foreign	<i>項目:</i> 換算海外營運於財務報表之匯 兑差異			
operations Change in fair value of debt instruments at	按公平值計入其他全面收益之		8,012	1,078
FVTOCI Release on disposal of debt instruments at	債務工具之公平值變動 出售按公平值計入其他全面收		(20)	(993)
FVTOCI	益之債務工具時解除		_	2,119
Reversal of impairment loss on debt instruments at FVTOCI included in profit	計入損益之按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務工具減值虧			(, ===)
or loss	損撥回			(1,775)
Other comprehensive income for the year	本年度其他全面收入		7,992	429
Total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司股東應佔本年度全面開 支總額		(357,307)	(212,720)
Total comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company:	本公司股東應佔本年度全面開 支總額:			
- from continuing operations - from discontinued operation	- 來自持續經營業務 - 來自已終止經營業務		(355,585) (1,722)	(207,012) (5,708)
Total comprehensive expense for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司股東應佔本年度全面開 支總額		(357,307)	(212,720)
			HK\$ 港元	HK\$ 港元 (Restated) (經重列)
Loss per share From continuing and discontinued operations	每股虧損 來自持續經營業務及已終止 經營業務			
- Basic	- 基本	14	(0.81)	(2.42)
- Diluted	- 攤薄	,	(0.81)	(2.42)
From continuing operations  - Basic	來自持續經營業務 - 基本	14	(0.79)	(2.49)
- Diluted	- 攤薄		(0.79)	(2.49)

### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2025 於2025年3月31日

		NOTEO	2025	2024
		NOTES 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	4,032	4,669
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16	3,372	5,634
Investment properties	投資物業	17		
' '		17	1,057,900	1,250,443
Investment in a joint venture	投資一間合營公司 應收貸款	10	582	255
Loans receivable		18	_	13,639
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之金融	00	0.005	0.004
5	資產	23	8,625	6,264
Debt instruments at FVTOCI	按公平值計入其他全面收益			
	之債務工具	19	_	100
Debt instrument at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之債務工具	20	_	22,576
Amount due from a related party	應收一名關聯方款項	32(f)	_	30,000
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	29	319	328
			1,074,830	1,333,908
0	<b>法私次文</b>			
Current assets	流動資產	0.4	. =	
Properties held for sale	持作出售物業	21	1,712,654	1,065,891
Properties held for development for sale	持作出售發展物業	21	1,846,612	2,520,754
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	22	49,235	33,567
Loans receivable	應收貸款	18	29,578	17,384
Amount due from a joint venture	應收一間合營公司款項		7,850	1,850
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之金融			
	資產	23	41,589	104,553
Debt instruments at FVTOCI	按公平值計入其他全面收益			
	之債務工具	19	80	_
Debt instrument at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之債務工具	20	22,336	-
Time deposits over three months	超過三個月的定期存款	24	_	31,183
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	24	57,266	299,717
			3,767,200	4,074,899
			0,707,200	4,074,000
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	25	74,551	93,750
Contract liabilities	合約負債	25	5,197	-
Tax payable	應付税項		731	19,511
Secured bank borrowings	有抵押銀行借貸	27	1,575,285	1,161,664
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	28	2,447	2,335
			1,658,211	1,277,260
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		2,108,989	2,797,639
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		3,183,819	4,131,547



# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2025 於2025年3月31日

		NOTES 附註	2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	29	3,756	7,936
Convertible note	可換股票據	26	47,226	167,954
Secured bank borrowings	有抵押銀行借貸	27	316,975	905,070
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	28	1,077	3,391
			369,034	1,084,351
		,	2,814,785	3,047,196
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	10,144	1,031
Reserves	儲備		2,804,641	3,046,165
			2,814,785	3,047,196

The consolidated financial statements on pages 92 to 209 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 June 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

董事會於2025年6月27日批准及授權發表第 92至209頁之綜合財務報表,並由下列董事 代表簽署:

Lai Law Kau 賴羅球 DIRECTOR 董事 Lui Yuk Chu 雷玉珠 DIRECTOR 董事

### **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

## 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

		Share capital	Share premium	Convertible note equity reserve	Capital reserve	Contributed surplus	Exchange reserve	Investment revaluation reserve	Property revaluation reserve for assets held for sale 持作出售之	Accumulated profits (losses)	Total
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$*000 千港元	可換股票據 權益儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	股本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note i) (附註i)	繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note ii) (附註ii)	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	投資 重估儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	物業 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note iii) (附註iii)	累計溢利 (虧損) HK\$'000 千港元	總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023 Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of	於2023年4月1日 換算海外營運於財務報表 之匯兑差異	21,259	2,531,694	47,493	53,194	438,102	(4,031)	3,698	40,624	103,133	3,235,166
foreign operations Change in fair value of debt instruments at FVTOCI	按公平值計入其他全面 收益之債務工具之公平	-	-	-	-	-	1,078	-	-	-	1,078
Release on disposal of debt instruments at FVTOCI	值變動 出售按公平值計入其他 全面收益之債務工具時	-	-	-	-	-	-	(993)	-	-	(993)
Reversal of impairment loss on debt instruments at FVTOCI included in	解除 計入損益之按公平值計入 其他全面收益之債務	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,119	-	-	2,119
profit or loss Loss for the year	工具之減值虧損撥回 年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,775)	-	(213,149)	(1,775) (213,149)
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year Reduction of share capital upon	本年度全面收入(開支) 總額 股本重組時之股本削減	-	-	-	-	-	1,078	(649)	-	(213,149)	(212,720)
capital reorganisation (note 30(i)) Issue of shares upon placing	(附註30(i)) 配售時發行股份	(20,728)	-	-	-	20,728	-	-	-	-	-
(note 30(ii))  Release of property revaluation reserve upon disposal of the	(附註30(ii)) 出售物業時於物業重估儲 備解除	500	24,250	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,750
properties		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	(40,624)	40,624	-
At 31 March 2024 Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of	於2024年3月31日 換算海外營運於財務報表 之匯兑差異	1,031	2,555,944	47,493	53,194	458,830	(2,953)	3,049	-	(69,392)	3,047,196
foreign operations Change in fair value of debt instruments at FVTOCI	按公平值計入其他全面收 益之債務工具之公平值	-	-	-	-	-	8,012	-	-	-	8,012
Loss for the year	要動 年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20)	-	(365,299)	(20)



# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

		Share capital	Share premium	Convertible note equity reserve	Capital reserve	Contributed surplus	Exchange reserve	Investment revaluation reserve	Property revaluation reserve for assets held for sale 持作出售之	Accumulated profits (losses)	Total
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	可換股票據 權益儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	股本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note i) (附註i)	繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note ii) (附註ii)	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	投資 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	物業 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note iii) (附註iii)	累計溢利 (虧損) HK\$'000 千港元	總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收入(開支)										
(expense) for the year Issue of shares upon placing	總額 配售時發行股份	-	-	-	-	-	8,012	(20)	-	(365,299)	(357,307)
(note 30(iii))	(附註30(iii))	2,350	39,527	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41,877
Rights issue of shares (note 30(iv))	股份供股(附註30(iv))	6,763	55,456	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,219
Transfer upon modification of terms of	修訂可換股票據條款時										
convertible note  Deferred tax liabilities released upon modification of terms of convertible	轉撥 修訂可換股票據條款時 解除遞延税項負債	-	-	(103,265)	-	-	-	-	-	16,691	(86,574)
note	肝外煙烂水光光度	-	-	17,040	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,040
Recognition upon modification of terms of convertible note Deferred tax liability on recognition of equity component upon modification of terms of convertible	修訂可換股票據條款時 確認 修訂可換股票據條款時 確認權益部分之遞延 稅項負債	-	-	161,265	-	-	-	-	-	-	161,265
note	22 /// //	-	-	(26,609)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,609)
Transfer upon partial redemption of	部分贖回可換股票據時										
convertible note  Deferred tax liabilities released upon partial redemption of convertible	轉撥 部分贖回可換股票據時解 除遞延税項負債	-	-	(92,111)	-	-	-	-	-	32,507	(59,604)
note		-	_	15,198	-	-	-	-	-	-	15,198
Release on disposal of debt instrument at FVTOCI	出售按公平值計入其他 全面收益之債務工具時 解除	-	_	-	-	-	_	84	-	-	84
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	10,144	2,650,927	19,011	53,194	458,830	5,059	3,113	-	(385,493)	2,814,785

Notes:

- (i) The capital reserve of the Group represents the credit arising from the reduction of share capital of the Company in March 2004 and September 2005 and can be applied in the future for distribution to the shareholders.
- (ii) The contributed surplus of the Group represents the credit arising from the reduction of share capital of the Company. The balance may be utilised by the directors in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws and all applicable laws, including to eliminate the accumulated losses of the Company.
- (iii) The property revaluation reserve of the Group represented the gain on revaluation of certain leasehold properties and land use rights of the Group when these leasehold properties and land use rights were transferred to investment properties. These investment properties were reclassified as held for sale as at 31 March 2023 and disposed during the year ended 31 March 2024, accordingly the property revaluation reserve was released to accumulated losses. Details are set out in note 11.

附註:

- (i) 本集團之股本儲備代表本公司於2004年3月及 2005年9月因削減股本所產生之進賬,可供將來 分派予股東。
- (ii) 本集團之繳入盈餘代表本公司削減股本時所產 生之進賬。董事可根據本公司章程細則及所有 適用之法例予以使用該結餘,包括用以抵銷本 公司之累計虧損。
- (iii) 本集團之物業重估儲備代表出租物業及土地使用權轉撥至投資物業時,本集團若干出租物業重估時之收益及土地使用權。於2023年3月31日,該等投資物業已重新分類為持作出售物業,並已於截至2024年3月31日止年度內出售,故物業重估儲備於累計虧損解除。詳情載於附註11。



### **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Operating activities	經營活動		
Operating activities  Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(374,725)	(160,000)
Adjustments for:	然	(374,725)	(162,339)
Bank and other interest income	銀行及其他利息收入	(4,530)	(6,701)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	(4,330)	700
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	使用權資產之折舊	2,413	2,470
Dividend income from investments	投資之股息收入	(37)	(1,373)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	(07)	(10)
Interest expense	利息開支	92,555	55,074
Interest expense  Interest income from debt instruments at	按攤銷成本計量之債務工具之	92,333	55,074
amortised cost	利息收入	(1,869)	(1,884)
Interest income from loan financing	來自貸款融資之利息收入	(1,329)	(1,930)
Loss (gain) on disposal of investment	出售投資物業之虧損(收益)		
properties	사고 보기 기 무 쓰는 스러 ''A 호	29,211	(66,611)
Loss on changes in fair value of financial	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	00.407	4.107
assets at FVTPL	之公平值變動虧損 投資物業之公平值變動虧損	20,427	4,187
Loss on changes in fair value of investment		28,700	9,563
properties  Loss on modification of terms of convertible	修訂可換股票據條款之虧損	20,700	9,303
note	[多日] 引沃水冰冰冰水之框]]只	31,369	_
Loss on write-off of property, plant and	撇銷物業、廠房及設備之虧損	01,000	
equipment	M	_	38
Release on disposal of debt instruments at	出售按公平值計入其他全面收		00
FVTOCI	益之債務工具時解除	_	2,119
Reversal of impairment loss on debt	撥回按公平值計入其他全面收		2,110
instruments at FVTOCI	益之債務工具之減值虧損	_	(1,775)
Reversal of impairment loss on loans	撥回應收貸款之減值虧損,淨		( , , , , , , ,
receivable, net	額	(55)	(473)
Share of result of a joint venture	分佔一間合營公司業績	(327)	(142)
Written-down on PUD and PHS, net	持作出售發展物業及持作出售	` ,	, ,
	物業之撇銷,淨額	149,428	102,937
Written-off of other payables	其他應付款項之撇銷	(2,998)	_
Operating cash flows before movements in	未計營運資金變動前之經營現金		
working capital	流量	(31,120)	(66,150)
Decrease (increase) in financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之金融資產減少		
,	(增加)	39,838	(47,012)
Increase in PUD and PHS	持作出售發展物業及持作出售物業		,
	增加	(70,623)	(313,646)
(Increase) decrease in trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項(增加)減少	(15,291)	37,249
Decrease in loans receivable	應收貸款減少	1,500	21,700
(Decrease) increase in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項(減少)增加	(16,201)	8,484
Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債增加	5,197	_

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Out and in a self-	田孙焕浑立田人	(00.700)	(050,075)
Cash used in operations	用於營運之現金	(86,700)	(359,375)
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	已付香港利得税	(60)	(452)
Hong Kong Profits Tax refunded	退回香港利得税	209	_
People's Republic of China ("PRC") Enterprise	已付中華人民共和國(「中國」)企業所	(4 5 707)	(00.550)
Income Tax ("EIT") paid	得税(「企業所得税」)	(15,797)	(32,559)
Dividend received from financial assets at FVTPL	來自按公平值計入損益之金融資產	07	4 070
Interest received from loan financing	之已收股息 來自貸款融資之利息收入	37 952	1,373 2,028
			,
Net cash used in operating activities	用於經營活動之現金淨額	(101,359)	(388,985)
Investing activities	投資活動		
Net proceeds from disposal of investment	出售投資物業之所得款項淨額		
properties	山台汉真彻未之川诗咏杂净识	135,017	75,323
Decrease (increase) in time deposit over three	三個月以上的定期存款減少(增加)	100,017	70,020
months		31,183	(31,522)
Interest received	已收利息	6,399	9,297
	預付一名關連人士		
Advance to a related party	(預付)收到一間合營公司款項	(50,000)	(30,000)
(Advance to) repayment from a joint venture		(6,000)	71
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(10)	(681)
Proceeds from/deposits received for disposal of	分類為持作出售之資產之所得		000 100
assets classified as held for sale	款項/已收取之按金	_	202,426
Proceeds from disposal/maturity of financial	按公平值計入損益之金融資產之		
assets at FVTPL	出售/到期所得款項	_	18,857
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之所得		
equipment	款項 		10
Net cash from investing activities	來自投資活動之現金淨額	116,589	243,781
Financing activities	融資活動		
	付還銀行借貸	(202 674)	(111.056)
Repayment of bank borrowings	已付利息	(393,674)	(111,256)
Interest paid Partial redemption of convertible note	部分贖回可換股票據	(132,203)	(115,085)
		(59,000)	(0.410)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債 土付贷款空址费用	(2,353)	(2,410)
Payment of loan arrangement fee	支付貸款安排費用 籌集銀行借貸	(1,879)	(500)
Bank borrowings raised		221,079	306,798
Net proceeds from issue of shares upon placing	配售發行股份所得款項淨額	41,877	24,750
Net proceeds from rights issue of shares	股份供股所得款項淨額	62,219	
Net cash (used in) from financing activities	(用於)來自融資活動之現金淨額	(263,934)	102,297
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物之減少淨額	(248,704)	(42,907)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the	年初之現金及現金等價物	( - , /	( =, = 3 . )
year		299,717	354,002
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響	6,253	(11,378)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year,	年末之現金及現金等價物,指銀行		
represented by bank balances and cash	結餘及現金	57,266	299,717

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

### GENERAL INFORMATION

Eminence Enterprise Limited (the "Company"; the Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Group") is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and the principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the "Corporate Information" section of the annual report.

As at 31 March 2024, the Company was a subsidiary of Easyknit International Holdings Limited ("Easyknit International"), an exempted company incorporated in Bermuda with its shares also listed on the Stock Exchange. On 17 April 2024, the Company completed the placing of 235,000,000 shares, resulting in a dilution of shareholding held by Easyknit International, and the Company became an associate of Easyknit International since then.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 39. The Group also operated in the PRC which was discontinued in prior years (see note 11).

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$" or "HKD") which is also the functional currency of the Company.

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

## Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group's annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 16
Amendments to HKAS 1

Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) Non-current Liabilities with Covenants Supplier Finance Arrangements

Amendments to HKAS 1
Amendments to HKAS 7 and
HKFRS 7

### 1. 一般資料

高山企業有限公司(「本公司」:本公司 及其附屬公司統稱為「本集團」)在百慕 達註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司,其股 份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)上市。本公司的註冊辦事處地址和 主要營業地點在年度報告的「公司資料」 一節中披露。

於2024年3月31日,本公司為永義國際集團有限公司(「永義國際」)的附屬公司,一間於百慕達註冊成立的獲豁免公司,其股份亦於聯交所上市。於2024年4月17日,本公司完成配售235,000,000股股份,導致永義國際持有的股權攤薄,自此之後,本公司成為永義國際的一間聯營公司。

本公司為投資控股公司。本公司主要附屬公司的主要業務載於附註39。本 集團亦在中國經營業務,該業務已於 過往年度終止(見附註11)。

綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列,港 元亦為本公司的功能貨幣。

## 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則

### 於本年度強制生效之經修訂香港財務 報告準則會計準則

於本年度,本集團已首次應用由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈下列經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則,就編製綜合財務報表而言,該等經修訂準則於本集團2024年4月1日或之後開始的年度期間強制生效:

香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本) 售後租回之租賃負債 香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) 將負債分類為流動或非流 動以及香港詮釋第5號

(2020年)之相關修訂

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) 附帶契諾之非流動負債 香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報 供應商融資安排 告準則第7號(修訂本)

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

## Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Except as described below, the application of the amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2.1 Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 1

"Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current" and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) (the "2020 Amendments") and Amendments to HKAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" (the "2022 Amendments")

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year.

The 2020 Amendments provide clarification and additional guidance on the assessment of right to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date for classification of liabilities as current or non-current, which:

- specify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. Specifically, the classification should not be affected by management intentions or expectations to settle the liability within 12 months.
- clarify that the settlement of a liability can be a transfer of cash, goods or services, or the entity's own equity instruments to the counterparty. If a liability has terms that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, these terms do not affect its classification as current or non-current only if the entity recognises the option separately as an equity instrument applying HKAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation".

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則會計準則(續)

## 於本年度強制生效之經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則(續)

除下文所述者外,於本年度採用的經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則並無 對本集團於本年度及過往年度的財務 狀況及表現,及/或該等綜合財務報 表所載披露資料構成重大影響。

2.1 香港會計準則第1號修訂本「將負債分類為流動或非流動」以及香港詮釋第5號(2020年)之相關修訂(「2020年修訂本」)及香港會計準則第1號修訂本「附帶契諾之非流動負債」(「2022年修訂本」)本集團已於本年度首次應用該等修訂。

2020年修訂本就評估自報告日期起至少十二個月之延期清償權利提供釐清及額外指引,以將負債分類為流動或非流動,其中:

- 訂明將負債分類為流動或 非流動應基於報告期末已 存在之權利。具體而言, 分類不應受到管理層意圖 或期望在12個月內清償債 務所影響。

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

## Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

2.1 Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 1

"Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current" and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) (the "2020 Amendments") and Amendments to HKAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" (the "2022 Amendments") (Continued)

For rights to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date which are conditional on the compliance with covenants, the 2022 Amendments specifically clarify that only covenants that an entity is required to comply with on or before the end of the reporting period affect the entity's right to defer settlement of a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date, even if compliance with the covenant is assessed only after the reporting date. The 2022 Amendments also specify that covenants with which an entity must comply after the reporting date (i.e. future covenants) do not affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current at the reporting date. However, if the entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with covenants within twelve months after the reporting period, an entity discloses information that enables users of financial statements to understand the risk of the liabilities becoming repayable within twelve months after the reporting period. This would include information about the covenants, the carrying amount of related liabilities and facts and circumstances, if any, that indicate that the entity may have difficulties complying with the covenants.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則會計準則(續)

> 於本年度強制生效之經修訂香港財務 報告準則會計準則(續)

2.1 香港會計準則第1號修訂本「將負債分類為流動或非流動」以及香港詮釋第5號(2020年)之相關修訂(「2020年修訂本」)及香港會計準則第1號修訂本「附帶契諾之非流動負債」(「2022年修訂本」)(續)

就報告日期起延期清償至少十二 個月的權利而言,須待遵守契諾 後方可作實,2022年修訂本特 別釐清只須實體於報告期末或 之前遵守的契諾方會影響實體於 報告日期後延期清償負債至少十 二個月的權利,即使該契諾的遵 守情況僅於報告日期後評估。 2022年修訂本亦訂明,實體於 報告日期後須遵守的契諾(即未 來契諾)不會影響負債於報告日 期的流動或非流動分類。然而, 倘實體延遲清償負債的權利須受 限於實體在報告期後十二個月內 遵守契諾,則實體披露的資料可 使財務報表使用者了解負債報告 期後十二個月內變為應償還負債 的風險。其將包括有關契諾、有 關負債的賬面值以及顯示實體可 能難以遵守契諾的事實及情況 (倘有)的資料。



# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

## Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

2.1 Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 1

"Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current" and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) (the "2020 Amendments") and Amendments to HKAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" (the "2022 Amendments") (Continued)

In accordance with the transition provision, the Group has applied the new accounting policy to the classification of liability as current or non-current retrospectively. The application of the amendments in the current year had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Borrowings which are subject to meeting certain conditions/ covenants within 12 months from reporting date

The Group's right to defer settlement for borrowings of HK\$905,070,000 and HK\$316,975,000 as at 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025, respectively are subject to compliance with certain financial ratios only after the reporting period. Upon the application of the 2022 Amendments, such borrowings are still classified as non-current as the covenants which the Group is required to comply with only after the reporting period do not affect whether that right exists at the end of the reporting date.

The application of the 2020 and 2022 Amendments has no other material impact on the classification of the Group's other liabilities. The change in accounting policy does not have impact to the Group's profit or loss or earnings per share for the current and prior years presented.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則會計準則(續)

## 於本年度強制生效之經修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則(續)

2.1 香港會計準則第1號修訂本「將負債分類為流動或非流動」以及香港詮釋第5號(2020年)之相關修訂(「2020年修訂本」)及香港會計準則第1號修訂本「附帶契諾之非流動負債」(「2022年修訂本」)(續)

根據過渡性規定,本集團已對負債分類為流動或非流動方面追溯 應用了新的會計政策。本年度應 用該等修訂本對綜合財務報表並 無重大影響。

須於自報告日期起計12個月內滿 足若干條件/契諾的借款 於2024年4月1日及2025年3月 31日,本集團有權遞延結算 分別約為905,070,000港元及 316,975,000港元的借款,僅須 於報告期後遵守若干財務比率, 方可作實。應用2022年修訂本 後,該等借款仍分類為非流動, 原因為本集團僅須於報告期後遵

應用2020年及2022年修訂本對本集團其他負債的分類並無其他 重大影響。會計政策變更對本集 團本年度及過往年度列報的損益 或每股盈利並無影響。

守的契諾對該權利於報告日期末

是否存在並無影響。

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

## New and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements<sup>4</sup> Amendments to HKFRS Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards Accounting Standards -Volume 113 Amendments to HKFRS 9 Amendments to the Classification and HKFRS 7 and Measurement of Financial Instruments<sup>3</sup> Amendments to HKFRS 9 Contracts Referencing Natureand HKFRS 7 dependent Electricity3 Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets and HKAS 28 between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture<sup>1</sup> Amendments to HKAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability<sup>2</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.

Except for the new HKFRS Accounting Standard mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all the amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則會計準則(續)

### 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂香港財務報 告準則會計準則及其修訂本

本集團尚未提前應用以下已頒佈但尚 未生效的新訂香港財務報告準則會計 準則及其修訂本:

香港財務報告準則第18 財務報表列報和披露<sup>4</sup> 號

香港財務報告準則會計 香港財務報告準則會 準則(修訂本) 計準則之年度改進

- 第11卷3

香港財務報告準則第9號 金融工具分類和計量 及香港財務報告準則 的修訂<sup>3</sup> 第7號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第9號 涉及依賴自然能源生 及香港財務報告準則 產電力的合同<sup>3</sup> 第7號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第10 投資者與其聯營企業 號及香港會計準則第 或合營企業之間資 28號(修訂本) 產出售或投入<sup>1</sup> 香港會計準則第21號(修 缺乏可交換性<sup>2</sup>

訂本)

- 1 於待定日期或之後開始之年度期間生 效。
- <sup>2</sup> 於2025年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間 生效。
- 於2026年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間 生效。
- 4 於2027年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間 生效。

除下述新訂香港財務報告準則會計準 則外,本公司董事預計,應用所有經 修訂香港財務報告準則會計準則於可 預見將來不會對綜合財務報表造成重 大影響。



## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

### APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

## New and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"

HKFRS 18, which sets out requirements on presentation and disclosures in financial statements, will replace HKAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". This new HKFRS Accounting Standard, while carrying forward many of the requirements in HKAS 1, introduces new requirements to present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss; provide disclosures on management-defined performance measures in the notes to the financial statements and improve aggregation and disaggregation of information to be disclosed in the financial statements. In addition, some HKAS 1 paragraphs have been moved to HKAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" and HKFRS 7 "Financial Instruments Disclosures". Minor amendments to HKAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" and HKAS 33 "Earnings per Share" are also made.

HKFRS 18, and amendments to other standards, will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, with early application permitted. The application of the new standard is expected to affect the presentation of the statement of profit or loss and disclosures in the future financial statements. The Group is in the process of assessing the detailed impact of HKFRS 18 on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

### 2. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準 則會計準則(續)

# 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂香港財務報告準則會計準則及其修訂本(續)香港財務報告準則第18號「財務報表列報和披露」

香港財務報告準則第18號 - 財務報表 列報和披露規定了財務報表列報和披 露方面的要求,將取代香港會計準則 第1號「財務報表的列報」。本新訂香港 財務報告準則會計準則在延續香港會 計準則第1號中眾多規定之同時,引 入於損益表中呈列指定類別及定義小 計之新規定; 就財務報表附註中管理 層界定之表現計量提供披露及改進於 財務報表中將予披露之合併及分類資 料。此外,香港會計準則第1號之部分 段落已移至香港會計準則第8號「會計 政策、會計估計的變更及錯誤」及香港 財務報告準則第7號「金融工具披露」。 香港會計準則第7號「現金流量表」及香 港會計準則第33號「每股盈利」亦作出 細微修訂。

香港財務報告準則第18號以及對其他 準則的修訂,將於2027年1月1日或之 後開始的年度期間生效,允許提前採 用。新訂準則的應用預計將影響未來財 務報表中損益表的列報和披露。本集團 正在評估香港財務報告準則第18號對 本集團綜合財務報表的具體影響。

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

#### 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the HKICPA. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values or revalued amounts, at the end of the reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料

#### 3.1 編製綜合財務報表基準

綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師 公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則 計準則編製。就編製綜合財務報 表而言,如果該信息被合理預預 會影響主要用戶的決策,則該信 息被視為重要信息。此外,綜合 財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規 則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例 規定的適用披露。

如下文之會計政策所載,除投資物業及若干金融工具於報告期末 以公平值或重估金額計量外,綜 合財務報表乃按歷史成本法編 製。

歷史成本一般以換取貨品及服務 之公平值代價為依據。

公平值指於計量日市場參與者在 進行有序交易中出售資產所收取 或轉移負債所支付之價格,無論 該價格是否為可直接觀察或使用 其他估值方法估計。在估算一項 資產或負債的公平值時,本集團 考量資產或負債之特點若於計量 日市場參與者在釐定資產或負債 價格時也考量該等特點。該等綜 合財務報表內計量及/或披露而 言的公平值均根據該基準釐定, 惟香港財務報告準則第2號「股份 為基礎支付」(「香港財務報告準 則第2號」)範圍內之以股份為基 礎支付之交易、根據香港財務報 告準則第16號「租賃 |計量為租賃 交易,及與公平值存在某些相似 之處之計量但並非公平值,例如 香港會計準則第2號「存貨」之可 變現淨值或香港會計準則第36號 「資產減值」之使用價值。

非金融資產之公平值計量乃考慮 市場參與者透過最有效及最合適 使用該資產或透過銷售其至最有 效及最合適使用該資產之另一市 場參與者以獲得經濟效益之能 力。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

## 3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

For financial instruments and investment properties which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs are to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that the results of the valuation technique equals the transaction price.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

### 3.2 Material accounting policy information

### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Group. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.1 編製綜合財務報表基準(續)

就以公平值交易之金融工具及投資物業及使用不可觀察輸入之估值方法以計量往後期間之公平值,估值方法會標定以使估值方法結果等同交易價格。

此外,就財務報告而言,根據公平值計量輸入之可觀察程度及輸入對整體公平值計量之重要性,公平值計量可分類為第1級、第2級或第3級,載述如下:

- 第1級輸入指實體於計量 日可識別的資產或負債於 活躍市場之報價(未經調 整);
- 第2級輸入指除包括在第 1級計入之報價外,可直 接或間接觀察的資產或負 債;及
- 第3級輸入指資產或負債 的不可觀察輸入。

### 3.2 重大會計政策資料

### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及由本 集團控制之實體之財務報表。本 公司取得控制權當:

- 對投資對象行使權力;
- 就來自參與投資對象之可 變回報中承受風險或享有 權利;及
- 有能力行使權力以影響其 回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制元素之一項或以上出現變動, 本集團將重新評估其是否取得投 資對象之控制權。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Information about the Group's accounting policies relating to contracts with customers is provided in note 5.

#### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in profit or loss. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 綜合基準(續)

綜合附屬公司於本集團取得附屬 公司的控制權時開始並於本集團 失去附屬公司的控制權時終止 具體而言,於本年度收購或出售 附屬公司之收入及開支,會由本 集團取得控制權當日起直至本集 團終止控制附屬公司之日計入綜 合損益及其他全面收益表內。

如有需要,附屬公司之財務報表 會作出調整,以使其會計政策與 本集團之會計政策一致。

所有有關本集團成員間交易之集 團內部資產及負債、權益、收 入、開支及現金流量已於綜合賬 目時全面撤銷。

#### 來自客戶合約之收益

本集團與客戶合約相關之會計政 策資料載於附註5。

#### 外幣

於編製各個別集團實體之財務報 表時,以該實體之功能貨幣以外 貨幣(外幣)進行之交易乃按交易 日期之現行匯率確認。於報告期 末,以外幣列值之貨幣項目按該 結算日之現行匯率重新換算。按 公平值列賬及以外幣列值之非貨 幣項目按公平值獲釐定當日之現 行匯率重新換算。當非貨幣項目 的公平值收益或虧損在損益中確 認時,該收益或虧損的任何匯兑 部分亦在損益中確認。當非貨幣 項目的公平值收益或虧損在其他 綜合收益中確認時,該損益的任 何匯兑部分亦在其他綜合收益中 確認。按外幣歷史成本計算之非 貨幣項目不進行重新換算。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HKD) using exchange rate prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve.

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Employee benefits

#### Retirement benefits costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 外幣(續)

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項 目而產生之匯兑差異,於該等差 異產生期間之損益中確認。

為呈列綜合財務報表,本集團之 海外營運的資產及負債均以每個 報告期末的現行匯率換算為本集 團的呈列貨幣(即港元)。收入及 開支以當期平均匯率換算,以當期 當期匯率大幅波動,此情況將採 用交易當日的匯率。 匯兑差 (如有)則於其他全面收益及於 益項下的匯兑儲備確認及累計。

#### 借貸成本

與收購、建設或生產須待一段頗 長時間後始能投入擬定用途或銷 售之合資格資產直接產生之借貸 成本,均計入該等資產之成本, 直至有關資產大體上可作擬定用 途或銷售為止。

相關資產達到預定可使用或可銷售狀態後尚未償還的任何特定借貸,計入一般借款池,計算一般借貸的資本化率。在符合條件的資產支出之前,特定借貸的臨時投資所賺取的投資收益從符合資本化條件的借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均於產生期間 於損益確認。

#### 僱傭福利

#### 退休福利成本

強制性公積金計劃作出之供款, 於僱員因提供服務而有權享有供 款時確認為開支。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Employee benefits (Continued)

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS Accounting Standards requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees after deducting any amount already paid.

#### Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable (loss)/profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from (loss)/profit before taxation because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 僱傭福利(續)

短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利按僱員提供福利時預期支付之福利的未貼現金額確認。所有短期僱員福利均確認為開支,惟其他香港財務報告準則會計準則另有規定或允許將福利計入資產成本的情況除外。

僱員應計福利在扣除已付金額後 確認負債。

#### 税項

所得税開支指當期應付税項及遞 延税項之總額。

當期應付税項乃按年度應課税 (虧損)/溢利計算。應課稅溢利 與除稅前(虧損)/溢利不同,乃 由於在其他年度應課稅或可扣稅 之收入或開支及毋須課稅或不獲 扣稅之項目。本集團之當期稅項 負債採用於報告期末已頒佈或實 質頒佈之稅率計算。

遞延税項為就綜合財務報表資產 及負債賬面值及用以計算應課税 溢利相應税基之暫時差額而確認 之税項。遞延税項負債通常會就 所有應課税暫時差額確認。遞延 税項資產一般會確認所有可扣減 暫時差額而僅以可能出現之可利 用暫時差額扣税的應課税溢利為 限。若於一項交易中,因商譽或 因業務合併以外原因而初始確認 其他資產及負債所引致之暫時差 額不影響應課税溢利亦不影響會 計溢利,則不會確認該等遞延稅 項資產及負債,且在交易時不會 產生相等的應課税及可扣税暫時 性差額。此外,倘暫時性差額來 自商譽的初始確認,則不確認派 延税項負債。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries or interest in a joint venture except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interest are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale.

### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告 期末作出檢討,並作出調減直至 沒有可能有足夠應課税溢利以恢 復全部或部分資產。

遞延税項資產及負債乃以預期於 清還負債或變現資產時之税率計 量,並根據於報告期末已頒佈或 實質頒佈之税率(及税務法例)為 基準。

遞延税項負債及資產之計量乃反 映本集團預計於報告期末,收回 資產賬面值或清還負債賬面值後 之税項結果。

就計量利用公平值模式計量之投資物業之遞延税項而言,該等物業之遞延税項而言,該等物數之賬面值乃假設通過銷售全數收回,惟該假設被推翻則除外。當投資物業可予折舊及於本集團之業務模式(其業務目標乃隨時間消耗投資物業所包含之絕大部分經濟利益,而非透過銷售)內持有時,有關假設會被推翻。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxation entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition. To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model and PUD that are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 税項(續)

倘有可依法強制執行權利將當期 税項資產與當期税項負債抵銷, 加上兩者與同一税務機構向同一 税項實體徵收的所得税有關,則 將遞延税項資產及負債對銷。

當期和遞延稅項在損益中確認,除非它們與在其他綜合收益或直接在權益中確認的項目有關,在這種情況下,當期和遞延稅項也分別在其他綜合收益或直接在權益中確認。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備是為生產或提供商品或服務或用於管理目的而持有的有形資產。物業、廠房及設備於綜合財務狀況表列賬為按成本扣減其後之累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Impairment

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amount of its assets with finite useful live to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of asset is estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an asset individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporates assets are allocated to relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

折舊乃為於物業、廠房及設備項目之估計可使用年期內撇銷其成本而以直線法確認。估計可使用 年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法將於各報告期末檢討,而任何估計變動之影響按預期基準入賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時 或當繼續使用該資產預期不會產 生任何未來經濟利益時終止確 認。出售或棄用物業、廠房及設 備項目產生的任何收益或虧損 乃按出售所得款項與資產賬面值 之間的差額釐定,並於損益中確 認。

#### 減值

於報告期末,本集團審閱其有限定使用年期資產的賬面值,以確定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產已遭受減值虧損。倘有任何該等跡象存在,將估計有關資產之可收回金額以釐定其減值虧損(如有)。

資產的可收回金額按個別進行估計。倘無法估計個別資產的可收回金額,則本集團會估計該資產 所屬現金產生單位的可收回金額。

於現金產生單元減值測試,當可以建立合理和一致的分配基礎時,將公司資產分配給各個現金產生單位,否則,將其分配給企可以建立合理和一致的分配基礎之最小現金產生單元。公司資產所屬的現金產生單元或現金產生單元組確定可收回金額,將比較其相關現金產生單元或現金產生單元組的賬面值。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Impairment (Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cashgenerating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cashgenerating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease under that standard.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 減值(續)

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本 及使用價值之較高者。評估使用 價值時,乃使用能反映現行市場 所評估金錢之時間價值之稅前貼 現率折算至其現在價值,而該資 產(或一個現金產生單位)之預計 未來現金流量則未有調整相關風 險。

若估計一項資產(或一個現金產 生單位)的可收回金額低於其賬 面值時,資產(或一個現金產生 單位)之賬面值將減少至其可收 回金額。對於無法以合理及一致 的基準分配給現金產生單位的公 司資產或公司資產的一部分,本 集團比較一組現金產生單位的賬 面值,包括公司資產或部分公司 資產的賬面值。分配給該組現金 產生單位的公司資產,以及該組 現金產生單位的可收回金額,在 分配減值損失時,首先將減值損 失分配為減少任何商譽的賬面值 (如適用),然後根據一個或一組 現金產生單位內各項資產之賬面 值按比例分配至其他資產。資產 的賬面值不得低於其公平值減去 處置成本(如可計量),使用價值 (如可確定)和零的最高值。原本 應分配至資產的減值損失金額按 比例分配至該單位或一組現金產 生單位組的其他資產。減值虧損 會立即在損益中確認,除非相關 資產根據另一項準則按重估金額 列賬則作別論,且在該情況下減 值虧損撥回根據該項準則被視為 重估減少。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Impairment (Continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another standard, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under the standard.

#### Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values, adjusted to exclude any prepaid or accrued operating lease income.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed as evidenced by end of owner-occupation, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of that item is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in property revaluation reserve. On the subsequent sale or retirement of the asset, the relevant revaluation reserve will be transferred directly to accumulated profits.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 減值(續)

#### 投資物業

投資物業乃指持作賺取租金及/ 或用作資本增值用途之物業。

投資物業初始按成本計量,包括 任何直接歸屬開支。於初始確認 後,投資物業以其公平值計量, 調整以排除任何預付或應計經營 租賃收入。

投資物業之公平值變動所產生之 收益或虧損將計入產生期間之損 益中。

倘一項物業、廠房及設備因証明 業主自用終止之使用改變而成為 投資物業時,該項目之賬面值與 公平值之任何差異會於其他全面 收益確認及於物業重估儲備累 計。於其後之資產銷售或退用, 相關重估儲備將會直接轉撥至累 計溢利。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Investment properties (Continued)

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents presented on the consolidated statement of financial position include:

- cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits; and
- (b) cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 投資物業(續)

投資物業於出售時或投資物業永 久不再使用時或預期其出售並不 會帶來任何未來經濟效益時終止 確認。終止確認物業產生之任何 收益或虧損(按該資產出售所得 款項淨額及賬面值之差額計算) 於該項目終止確認之期間計入損 益。

#### 現金及現金等價物

綜合財務狀況表中列報的現金及 現金等價物包括:

- (a) 現金,其包括手頭現金及 活期存款;及
- (b) 現金等價物,其包括短期 (通常原到期日為三個月 或更短)、可隨時轉換為 已知數額現金且價值變動 風險頗低的高流動性投 資。現金等價物持作滿足 短期現金承擔,而非用於 投資或其它目的。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及 現金等價物包括上文所界定之現 金及現金等價物。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Properties held for development for sale

PUD which are intended to be sold upon completion of development are classified as current assets. Except for the leasehold land element which is measured at cost model in accordance with the accounting policies of right-of-use assets, PUD are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a specific identification basis including allocation of the related development expenditure incurred and where appropriate, borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for the properties less estimated cost to completion and costs necessary to make the sales. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

PUD are transferred to PHS upon completion.

#### Properties held for sale

PHS are completed properties and are classified under current assets. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 持作出售發展物業

持作出售發展物業於落成時轉撥 至持作出售物業。

#### 持作出售物業

持作出售物業乃已完成物業,並 於流動資產項下分類,以成本 及可變現淨值(以較低者為準)入 賬。

#### 金融工具

當集團實體成為金融工具合約條文之訂約方時確認金融資產及金融負債。所有正常購買或銷售金融資產均按交易日期確認及終止確認。正常購買或銷售的方式為購買或銷售金融資產,按照市場規則或慣例規定的時限內交付之資產。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15 "Revenue From Contracts with Customers". Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income which is derived from the Group's ordinary course of business is presented as revenue.

### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

實際利率法為計算金融資產或金融資產或金融負債的攤銷成本以及在相關期間分配利息收入及利息開支的之。實際利率為於金融資產或超過,內對估計未來現金收內數(包括支付或收取的所有為實際利率、交易成本及其他溢別實際利率、交易成本及其他溢價或折扣的組成部分)折算至初始確認時之賬面淨值的利率。

本集團之日常業務過程所產生之 利息收入呈列為營業額。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flow and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 "Business Combinations" applies.

### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產

金融資產之分類及其後計量 符合下列條件的金融資產其後按 攤銷成本計量:

- 以收取合約現金流量為目的而於業務模式下持有之金融資產;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生 之現金流量純粹為支付 本金及未償還本金額之利 息。

符合下列條件的金融資產其後按公平值計入其他全面收益計量:

- 以取得合約現金流量及銷售金融資產為目的而於業務模式下持有之金融資產;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生 之現金流量純粹為支付 本金及未償還本金額之 利息。

所有其他金融資產其後按公平值 計入損益計量,惟於初始確認金 融資產當日,倘股權投資並非持 作買賣,亦非買方於香港財務報 告準則第3號「業務合併」所適用 的業務合併中確認的或然代價, 本集團可以不可撤回地選擇於其 他全面收益呈列該股權投資的其 後公平值變動。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost and debt instruments subsequently measured at FVTOCI. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及其後計量(續)

在以下情況下持有金融資產用於 交易:

- 主要是為了近期內出售而 被收購;或
- 在初始確認時,其為本集 團共同管理的可識別金融 工具組合的一部分,並具 有近期實際的短期獲利模 式;或
- 其為一種未被指定為有效 的對沖工具的衍生工具。

此外,倘本集團指定符合按攤銷 成本或按公平值計入其他全面收 益計量的金融資產按公平值計入 損益計量可消除或大幅減少會計 錯配,則本集團可不可撤回地如 此行事。

(i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

利息收入乃使用實際利率 法以其後按攤銷成本計量 的金融資產及其後按公平 值計入其他全面收益的債 務工具予以確認。利息收 入乃對一項金融資產賬面 總值應用實際利率予以計 算,惟其後出現信貸減值 的金融資產除外。就其後 出現信貸減值的金融資產 而言, 自下一報告期起, 利息收入乃對金融資產攤 銷成本應用實際利率予以 確認。倘信貸減值金融工 具的信貸風險好轉,使金 融資產不再出現信貸減 值,於釐定資產不再出現 信貸減值後,自報告期開 始起利息收入乃對金融資 產賬面總值應用實際利率 予以確認。



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Debt instruments classified as at FVTOCI

Subsequent changes in the carrying amounts for debt instruments classified as FVTOCI as a result of interest income calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. All other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated under the heading of investment revaluation reserve. Impairment allowances are recognised in profit or loss with corresponding adjustment to other comprehensive income without reducing the carrying amounts of these debt instruments. When these debt instruments are derecognised, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

(iii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any interest but excludes any dividend earned on the financial asset and is included in the "net loss on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL" line item.

3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及其後計量(續)

分類為按公平值計入其他 全面收益的債務工具 分類為按公平值計入其他 全面收益的債務工具因使 用實際利率法計算之利息 收入導致賬面值其後變動 及外匯收益及虧損於損益 中確認。該等債務工具賬 面值的所有其他變動於其 他全面收益中確認,並於 投資重估儲備項內累計。 減值撥備於損益中確認並 相應調整至其他全面收 益,而不會減少該等債務 工具的賬面值。當終止確 認該等債務工具時,先前 於其他全面收益確認的累 計收益或虧損將重新分類 至損益。

(iii) 按公平值計入損益的金融 資產

> 不符合按攤銷成本計量或 按公平值計入其他全面收 益或指定為按公平值計入 其他全面收益條件的金融 資產乃按公平值計入損益 計量。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Financial assets at FVTPL (Continued)

Film right investment is the Group's investment in a film production project which entitles the Group to share certain percentage of income to be generated from the related film based on the Group's investment portion as specified in respective film right investment agreement but the Group has no control nor joint control over the investment. Film right investment is classified as financial asset at FVTPL.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model (including trade and other receivables, amount due from a joint venture, amount due from a related party, loans receivable, debt instruments at FVTOCI, debt instrument at amortised cost, time deposits over three months and cash and cash equivalents) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產之分類及其後計量(續)

(iii) 按公平值計入損益的金融 資產(續)

#### 金融資產減值

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables and lease receivables.

For all other assets, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the borrower or debtor;

3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

本集團通常就貿易應收款項及租 賃應收款項確認全期預期信貸虧 損。

就所有其他資產而言,本集團計量相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備,除非信貸風險自初始確認以來一直顯著增加,則本集團確認全期預期信貸虧損。評估應否確認全期預期信貸虧損乃視乎自初始確認以來發生違約的可能或風險是否顯著增加。

> 具體而言,評估信貸風險 是否顯著上升時會考慮以 下資料:

- 金融工具之外部(如 有)或內部信貸評級 的實際或預期顯著 惡化:
- 信貸風險的外部市 場指標顯著惡化, 例如借款人或債務 人的信貸息差、信 貸違約掉期價格顯 著上升:

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- (i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
  - existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the borrower's or debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
  - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the borrower or debtor;
  - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the borrower or debtor that results in a significant decrease in the borrower's or debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) it has a low risk of default, (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers the credit risk of the debt instrument mainly with reference to external credit rating of "investment grade" as per globally understood definitions.

3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

- (i) 信貸風險顯著上升(續)
  - 商業、金融或經濟情況目前或預期有不利變動,預計將導致借款人或債務人償還債項的能力顯著下降;
  - 借款人或債務人經營業績實際或預期 顯著惡化:
  - 借款人或債務人的 監管、經濟或技術 環境有實際或預計 的重大不利變動, 導致借款人或債務 人履行其債務 的能力顯著下降。

不論上述評估的結果如何,本集團推斷當合約付款逾期超過30日,信貸風險已自初始確認起大幅增加,除非本集團另有合理及有理據的資料顯示情況並非如此。

儘管上文所述,本集團假 設倘債務工具釐定為於報 告日期具有低信貸風險, 則債務工具之信貸風險自 初始確認以來並無顯著增 加。倘屬以下情況,債務 工具釐定為具有低信貸風 險(i)違約風險低,(ii)借款 人於短期內具備雄厚實力 履行其合約現金流量責任 及(iii)較長期經濟及業務狀 況之不利變動可能但不一 定削減借款人履行其合約 現金流量責任之能力。本 集團考量債務工具的信貸 風險時,主要參照「投資 級別」之外部信貸評級(見 國際通用釋義)。



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

#### (ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event:

### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(i) 信貸風險顯著上升(續) 本集團定期監控用以識別 信貸風險有否大幅增加的 標準之效益,且修訂標準 (如適當)來確保標準能在 金額逾期前識別信貸風險 大幅增加。

#### (ii) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認為違約事件 在內部制訂或得自外界來 源的資料顯示債務人不大 可能悉數向債權人(包括 本集團)還款(未計及本集 團所持任何抵押品)時發 生。

不論上文如何,當金融資產逾期超過90日,本集團認為違約發生,惟本集團擁有合理並有理據的資料證明更寬鬆的違約標準更適合除外。

#### (iii) 信貸減值金融資產

金融資產在一項或以上 事件(對該金融資產估計 未來現金流量構成不利 影響)發生時維持信貸減 值。金融資產維持信貸減 值的證據包括有關下列事 件的可觀察數據:

- 發行人或借款人陷入重大財政困難;
- 違反合約(如違約或逾期事件);

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

- (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets (Continued)
  - the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
  - it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
  - the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

#### (iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

- (iii) 信貸減值金融資產(續)
  - 借款人的貸款人因 有關借款人財政困 難的經濟或合約理 由而向借款人批出 貸款人不會另行考 處的寬免;
  - 借款人將可能面臨 破產或其他財務重 組;或
  - 財政困難導致該金融資產失去活躍市場。

#### (iv) 撇銷政策

(v) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確 認

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)
Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Generally, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. For a lease receivable, the cash flow used for determining the ECL is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the lease receivable in accordance with HKFRS 16.

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確 認(續)

> 就集體評估而言,於制定 分組時,本集團經考慮下 列特徵:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規 模及行業;及
- 外部信貸評級(倘可得)。

管理層定期檢討分組方 法,確保各組別的組成部 分繼續擁有類似的信貸風 險特徵。

利息收入按照金融資產的 賬面總額計算,除非金融 資產發生信貸減值,在這 種情況下,利息收入按照 金融資產的攤餘成本計 算。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of loans receivable and debt instrument at amortised cost where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account. For investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve without reducing the carrying amount of these debt instruments. Such amount represents the changes in the investment revaluation reserve in relation to accumulated loss allowance.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產減值(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損之計量及確 認(續)

> 除按公平值計入其他全面 收益之債務工具投資外, 本集團通過調整賬面值在 損益中確認所有金融工具 的減值收益或虧損,惟相 應調整诱過虧損撥備賬確 認的應收貸款及按攤銷成 本計量之債務工具除外。 對於按公平值計入其他全 面收益之債務工具投資, 虧損撥備在其他全面收益 中確認及於投資重估儲備 中累計而並無調減該等債 務工具的賬面值。該金額 指投資重估儲備中有關累 計虧損撥備的變動。

#### 終止確認金融資產

本集團終止確認金融資產只有當 資產收取現金流量之合約權利到 期。

於終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金融資產時,資產之賬面值與已收 及應收代價總額之差額於損益中確認。

於終止確認分類為按公平值計入 其他全面收益的債務工具投資 時,先前於投資重估儲備內累計 的收益或虧損重新分類至損益。

*金融負債及股本工具* 分類為債務或股本

債務及股本工具按所訂立之合約 安排性質及金融負債及股本工具 之定義而分類為金融負債或股本 工具。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities (including trade and other payables, the liability component of convertible note and secured bank borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Convertible note containing liability and equity components. The component parts of the convertible note issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component is estimated by measuring the fair value of similar liability that does not have an associated equity component.

A conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible note, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to accumulated profits. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

股本工具

股本工具為於扣除其所有負債後 仍證明本集團之資產有剩餘權益 之任何合約。由本公司發行之股 本工具按收取之所得款項(扣除 直接發行成本)確認。

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債 金融負債(包括貿易及其他應付 款項、負債成分之可換股票據及 有抵押銀行借貸)於其後採用實 際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

可換股票據包含負債及權益成分 根據合約安排之本質及金融負債 及股本之定義,本公司發行可換 股票據的組成部分會個別分類為 金融負債及股本。股本工具乃兑 換權其將可被結算而轉換為定額 現金或其他金融資產之本公司定額數量之股本工具。

於發行日,負債成分之公平值乃 計量一隻沒有相關權益成分的近 似負債的公平值來估計。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Convertible note containing liability and equity components (Continued)

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible note are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the lives of the convertible note using the effective interest method.

When the Group modifies the terms of convertible note, the equity portion of the original convertible note is transferred to accumulated profits (losses) in equity. When such modification results in the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms including any fees paid net of any fees received is at least 10% different from the discounted present values of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability, it is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and a recognition of a new financial liability or equity instrument or compound instrument with the difference, being the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the fair value of the financial liability, equity instrument, compound instrument issued and/or hybrid instrument, recognised in profit or loss.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3. 編製綜合財務報表基準及重大會計 政策資料(續)

#### 3.2 重大會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

可換股票據包含負債及權益成分(續)

有關發行可換股票據之交易成本 按所得款項總額比例分配至負債 及權益成分。有關權益成分之交 易成本直接於權益中扣除。有關 負債成分之交易成本則列入負債 部分之賬面值及按可換股票據之 期限以實際利率法攤銷。

#### 終止確認金融負債

當本集團的義務被解除,取消或 到期時,本集團才終止確認金融 負債。終止確認之金融負債之賬 面值與已付及應付代價之差額於 損益中確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The followings are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's investment properties portfolios and concluded that the Group's investment properties located in Hong Kong and Singapore are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, in determining the deferred taxation on investment properties located in Hong Kong and Singapore, the directors of the Company have determined that presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered through sale is not rebutted.

#### 4. 主要會計判斷及不確定估計之主要

在應用本集團會計政策時,本公司董事須就無法來自其他來源清楚得悉資產及負債之賬面值而作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假設乃基於過往經驗及其他相關因素。實際結果可能有異於此等估計。

就估計及相關假設而作出持續檢討。 如會計估計之修改僅影響該期間,修 改將於修改估計之期間確認,如修改 影響本期間及未來期間,則於修改期 間及未來期間確認。

#### 應用會計政策之主要判斷

除涉及估計(見下文)外,以下為本公司董事於應用本集團會計政策過程中及對綜合財務報表中確認之金額有最重大影響之主要判斷。

#### 投資物業之遞延税項

以公平值模式計量之投資物業產生之 遞延税項進行計量時,本公司查 已審閱本集團之投資物業組合並 為,本集團持有香港及新加坡投資 ,本集團持有香港及新加坡投資物 業時,採用之業務模式並非旨在隨 經濟利益。因此,於釐定本集團 及新加坡投資物業所產生之遞延税 時,本公司董事確認,以公平值模式 可假設成立。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets within the next financial year.

#### Fair values of investment properties

The Group's investment properties are measured at fair value for financial reporting purposes. The Group has a designated team to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and key inputs for fair value measurements.

In estimating the fair value of the Group's investment properties, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent they are available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages independent firms of qualified professional property valuers to perform valuation of the Group's investment properties. At the end of the reporting period, the management works closely with the independent firm of qualified professional property valuer to establish and determine the appropriate valuation techniques and key inputs for fair value measurements. Where there is a material change in the fair value of the assets, the causes of the fluctuations will be reported to the directors of the Company. Information about the valuation techniques and key inputs used in determining the fair value of the Group's investment properties is disclosed in note 17.

#### Determination of net realisable value of PUD and PHS

Management regularly reviews the recoverability of the Group's PUD and PHS, which are situated in Hong Kong and amounted to HK\$1,846,612,000 (2024: HK\$2,520,754,000) and HK\$1,712,654,000 (2024: HK\$1,065,891,000), respectively, as at 31 March 2025, with reference to current market environment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may exceed its net realisable value. The estimates of net realisable value of PUD/PHS are determined based on estimated selling prices less estimated costs to completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale of these properties, if applicable. The selling prices are estimated by reference to the market prices of similar properties in prevailing market environment with adjustments to reflect different locations or conditions for those properties. The costs to completion of the PUD are estimated by reference to the development budget, actual development cost of similar completed properties with adjustments based on current market data. Actual realised amount may differ from estimates, resulting in a decrease or an increase in the net realisable value of the PUD/PHS and additional write-down or reversal of writedown previously recognised may be required.

## 4. 主要會計判斷及不確定估計之主要 (續)

#### 不確定估計之主要來源

以下為有關未來之主要假設,以及於報告期末之其他不確定估計之主要來源,該等估計存在可能導致有關資產及負債之賬面值於下一個財政年度出現重大調整之重大風險。

#### 投資物業之公平值

本集團之投資物業就財務報告而言按 公平值予以計量。本集團備有專責團 隊,以就公平值計量釐定適當的估值 方法及主要輸入數據。

## *釐定持作出售發展物業及持作出售物業之可變現淨值*

管理層定期審閱本集團之持作出售 發展物業及持作出售物業之可收回 能力,其位於香港於2025年3月31 日之總金額分別約為1,846,612,000 港元(2024年:2,520,754,000港元) 及1,712,654,000港元(2024年: 1,065,891,000港元),乃參考現時市場 環境之事件或情況轉變顯示該資產之 賬面值或會超過其可變現淨值。釐定 持作出售發展物業/持作出售物業之 估計可變現淨值乃基於估計售價,扣 減完成發展之預計成本及促成該等物 業銷售預計所需之成本(如適用)。售 價參考現行市場環境下類似物業之市 場價格進行估計,並就反映該等物業 所處不同位置或狀況而作出調整。持 作出售發展物業之完成發展成本經參 考發展預算、類似已完工物業之實際 發展成本進行估計,並根據現行市場 數據作出調整。實際可變現金額或會 與估計有差異,致使持作出售發展物 業/持作出售物業之可變現淨值減少 或增加及可能需要作出額外撇銷或撥 回過往已確認之撇銷。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 5. REVENUE

Revenue from continuing operations represents the aggregate of the amounts received or receivable in respect of rental income and building management from property investment, interest income from loan financing and property sale from property development during the year. An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

Revenue from sales of properties was recognised at a point in time when the completed property was transferred to customers, being at the point that the customer obtained the control of the completed property and the Group had present right to payment and collection of the consideration was probable. The Group received deposits from customers pursuant to the payment terms of the sale and purchase agreement. The transaction price allocated to the remaining unsatisfied performance obligations was HK\$66,513,000 (2024: nil) as at 31 March 2025 and the expected to recognised as revenue within one year and over one year are HK\$41,936,000 and HK\$24,577,000 (2024: nil), respectively.

For building management services, the Group bills a fixed rate for services provided on a monthly basis and recognises as revenue in the amount to which the Group has a right to issue the invoice and that corresponds directly with the value to the customers of Group's performance completed. The Group acts as principal and is primarily responsible for providing the building management services to the property owners, who simultaneously receives and consumes the benefit provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs, the Group recognises the fee received or receivable from property owners as its revenue over time and all related building management costs as its cost of services. The Group elected to apply the practical expedient by recognising revenue in the amount to which the Group has right to invoice. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

Rental income and interest income from loan financing fall outside the scope of HKFRS 15 and the revenue from contracts with customers from continuing operations for the year ended 31 March 2025 amounted to HK\$11,174,000 (2024: HK\$12,000).

#### 5. 營業額

持續經營業務營業額指年內來自就物 業投資之租金收入和物業管理已收取 或應收取金額及來自貸款融資之利息 收入及物業發展的物業銷售總額。本 集團之營業額分析如下:

物業銷售收益於已落成物業轉讓予客戶時確認,即客戶取得已落成物業的控制權且本集團擁有收取付款權利,並有可能收取代價。本集團根據買賣協議的付款條款向客戶收取按金。於2025年3月31日,分配至剩餘未履行履約義務的交易價格為66,513,000港元(2024年:無),且預期於一年內及超過一年確認為收入分別為41,936,000港元及24,577,000港元(2024年:無)。

租金收入及來自貸款融資之利息收入並非屬於香港財務報告準則第15號之範圍內,而截至2025年3月31日止年度來自持續經營業務之客戶合約收益為11,174,000港元(2024年:12,000港元)。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the Group's chief executive officer, being the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods delivered or services provided. This is also the basis of organisation, whereby the management has chosen to organise the Group around differences in products and services.

The Group's operating and reportable segments under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" are: (a) property investment, (b) property development, (c) investment in securities and others and (d) loan financing.

Operation in the PRC, including the property investment, investment in securities and others and loan financing were classified as discontinued operation in the prior year. The segment information reported does not include any amounts for the discontinued operation, which are described in more detail in note 11.

#### Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segments:

#### 6. 分類資料

就資源分配及分類表現評估而言,呈 報給本集團之主要經營決策者(「主要經 營決策者」)首席行政總裁之資料,乃集 中於貨品交付或服務提供之種類。此 亦為組織之基準,管理層選擇以此來 組織本集團產品及服務之差異。

根據香港財務報告準則第8號「經營分類」,本集團之經營及呈報分類為:(a)物業投資、(b)物業發展、(c)證券及其他投資及(d)貸款融資。

在中國的業務,包括物業投資、證券 及其他投資及貸款融資,於先前年度 被分類為已終止經營業務。報告的分 類信息不包括已終止經營業務的任何 金額,附註11對此進行了更詳細的描 述。

#### 分類營業額及業績

按來自持續經營業務及呈報分類分析 本集團之營業額及業績如下:



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 6. 分類資料(續)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2025

分類營業額及業績(續) 截至2025年3月31日止年度

				Investment		
		Property	Property	in securities	Loan	
		investment	development	and others 證券及	financing	Consolidated
		物業投資	物業發展	其他投資	貸款融資	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(Note) (附註)	(Note) (附註)			
Segment revenue	分類營業額					
External	外來	33,170	10,358	-	1,329	44,857
Segment loss	分類虧損	(56,834)	(161,284)	(20,530)	(72)	(238,720)
Other	甘 /山 廊 扫					(4.000)
Other losses	其他虧損					(4,896)
Other expenses Finance costs	其他開支 融資成本					(21) (92,555)
Other income	其他收入					9,717
Loss on modification of terms of	修訂可換股票據條款					5,111
convertible note	虧損					(31,369)
Share of result of a joint venture	分佔一間合營公司					, ,
Unallocated corporate expenses	業績 無分配公司開支					327 (13,456)
Loss before taxation from continuing	來自持續經營業務除					
operations	税前虧損					(370,973)

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 6. 分類資料(續)

#### Segment revenue and results (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2024

分類營業額及業績(續) 截至2024年3月31日止年度

				Investment		
		Property	Property	in securities	Loan	
		investment	development	and others 證券及	financing	Consolidated
		物業投資	物業發展	其他投資	貸款融資	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(Note) (附註)	(Note) (附註)			
Segment revenue	分類營業額					
External	外來	28,763	-	-	1,930	30,693
Segment (loss) profit	分類(虧損)溢利	(23,254)	(104,880)	(4,600)	190	(132,544)
Other losses	其他虧損					(9,241)
Other expenses	其他開支					(1,175)
Finance costs	融資成本					(55,074)
Other income	其他收入					8,101
Share of result of a joint venture	分佔一間合營公司業績					142
Unallocated corporate expenses	無分配公司開支					(15,528)
Loss before taxation from continuing	來自持續經營業務除稅前虧					
operations	損					(205,319)

Note: Rental income generated from PHS was included in the property investment segment.

Segment (loss) profit represents the result from continuing operations of each segment without allocation of other losses, other expenses, finance costs, other income, loss on modification of terms of convertible note, shares of result of a joint venture and unallocated corporate expenses. There are asymmetrical allocations to operating segments because the Group allocates all fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL to segment of investment in securities and others without allocating relevant financial instruments to those segment assets. This is the measure to the Group's CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

附註: 由持作出售物業產生之租金收入已包括 在物業投資分類內。

6.

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)**

#### Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable segments:

#### 分類資產及負債

分類資料(續)

按呈報分類分析本集團之資產及負債 如下:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment assets	分類資產		
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Property investment	物業投資	1,068,264	1,261,392
Property development	物業發展	3,583,865	3,599,366
Investment in securities and others	證券及其他投資	73,590	119,797
Loan financing	貸款融資	38,344	70,222
Total segment assets	分類資產總額	4,764,063	5,050,777
Unallocated financial assets at FVTPL	無分配按公平值計入損益之金融	1,101,000	0,000,111
Challedated in ariolal addete at 1 V 11 E	資產	8,683	20,961
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	3,372	5,634
Time deposits over three months	超過三個月的定期存款	-	31,183
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	57,266	299,717
Unallocated corporate assets	無分配企業資產	8,646	535
<u> </u>		,	
Consolidated assets	綜合資產	4,842,030	5,408,807
Segment liabilities	分類負債		
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Property investment	物業投資	11,681	21,871
Property development	物業發展	64,605	72,313
Investment in securities and others	證券及其他投資	72	98
Loan financing	貸款融資	211	306
	SK JIN TILL SK	211	
Total segment liabilities	分類負債總額	76,569	94,588
Secured bank borrowings	有抵押銀行借貸	1,892,260	2,066,734
Convertible note	可換股票據	47,226	167,954
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3,524	5,726
Unallocated corporate liabilities	無分配企業負債	7,666	26,609
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債	2,027,245	2,361,611

For the purposes of monitoring segment performances and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating and reportable segments other than assets relating to discontinued operation, unallocated financial assets at FVTPL, right-of-use assets, time deposits over three months, cash and cash equivalents and other assets.
- all liabilities are allocated to operating and reportable segments other than secured bank borrowings, liability portion of convertible note, lease liabilities and other liabilities.

就分類表現監控及就分類間之資源分 配而言:

- 除已終止經營業務之資產,無分 配按公平值計入損益之金融資 產、使用權資產、超過三個月的 定期存款、現金及現金等價物及 其他資產外,所有資產已分配至 經營及呈報分類。
- 除有抵押銀行借貸、可換股票據 負債部分、租賃負債及其他負債 外,所有負債已分配至經營及呈 報分類。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Other segment information

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets from continuing operations:

For the year ended 31 March 2025

#### 6. 分類資料(續)

#### 其他分類資料

已包含來自持續經營業務計算分類損益或分類資產之金額:

截至2025年3月31日止年度

				Investment			
		Property	Property	in securities	Loan		
		investment	development	and others	financing	Unallocated	Total
				證券及			
		物業投資	物業發展	其他投資	貸款融資	無分配	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元 ———	千港元	千港元 ———	千港元
Capital additions	資本添置	_	_	_	_	161	161
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之折舊						
equipment		-	283	-	_	364	647
Loss on changes in fair value of	投資物業之公平值變動						
investment properties	虧損	28,700	-	-	-	-	28,700
Loss on disposal of investment properties	出售投資物業虧損	29,211	-	-	-	-	29,211
Write-down on PUD and PHS, net	持作出售發展物業及持作						
	出售物業之撇銷,淨額	-	149,428	-	-	-	149,428
Reversal of impairment loss on loans	撥回應收貸款之減值虧						
receivable, net	損,淨額	-	-	-	55	-	55
Net loss on changes in fair value of	按公平值計入損益之金融						
financial assets at FVTPL	資產之平值變動虧損淨						
	額	-	-	20,427	-	-	20,427
Loss on modification of terms of	修訂可換股票據條款						
convertible note	虧損	-	-	-	-	31,369	31,369

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### 6. 分類資料(續)

#### Other segment information (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2024

其他分類資料(續) 截至2024年3月31日止年度

		Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000	Property development 物業發展 HK\$'000	Investment in securities and others 證券及 其他投資 HK\$'000	Loan financing 貸款融資 HK\$'000	Unallocated 無分配 HK\$'000	Total 總額 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Capital additions Depreciation of property, plant and	資本添置物業、廠房及設備之折舊	-	-	-	-	7,557	7,557
equipment		6	416	-	-	278	700
Loss on changes in fair value of investment properties Write-down on PUD, net	投資物業之公平值變動 虧損 持作出售發展物業之	9,563	-	-	-	-	9,563
	撤銷,淨額	-	102,937	-	-	-	102,937
Reversal of impairment loss on loans receivable, net  Net loss on changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	撥回應收貸款之減值虧 損・淨額 按公平值計入損益之金融 資產之公平值變動虧損	-	-	-	473	-	473
	淨額	-	-	4,391	-	-	4,391
Reversal of impairment loss on debt instruments at FVTOCI	撥回按公平值計入其他全 面收益之債務工具之減 值虧損,淨額	_	_	1 775	_	_	1 775
instruments at FVTOCI	面收益之債務工具之減 值虧損,淨額	-	-	1,775	-	-	1,77

#### **Geographical information**

The Group's continuing operations are located in Hong Kong (place of domicile) and Singapore.

The Group's revenue from external customers based on location of its customers for segments and information about its non-current assets (excluding deferred tax assets and financial instruments) by geographical locations of the assets are detailed below:

#### 地域資料

本集團來自持續經營業務之營運位於 香港(所在地)及新加坡。

本集團來自外來客戶之營業額按其客 戶所在地分類及按資產之所在地域劃 分之非流動資產(不包括遞延稅項資產 及金融工具)資料如下:

		Revenu	e from		
		external c	ustomers	Non-curre	nt assets
		來自外來客	來自外來客戶之營業額		資產
		2025	2024	2025	2024
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Hong Kong (place of domicile)	香港(所在地)	44,061	29,365	1,065,886	1,187,158
Singapore	新加坡	796	1,328	_	73,843
		44,857	30,693	1,065,886	1,261,001

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding year contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group from continuing operations is as follows:

#### 6. 分類資料(續)

#### 主要客戶之資料

於相應年度,來自持續經營業務客戶 的營業額佔本集團總收入超過10%如 下:

HK\$'000 HK\$'00
千港元 千港元

 Customer A¹
 客戶A¹
 10,358

來自物業發展的營業額。

#### 7. OTHER INCOME

#### 7. 其他收入

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Bank and other interest income	銀行及其他利息收入	5,901	6,067
Dividend income from investments	來自投資之股息收入	37	1,373
Services charge	服務費用	276	414
Written-off of other payables	其他應付款項之撇銷	2,998	-
Others	其他	505	247
		9,717	8,101

Revenue from property development.

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 8. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

#### 8. 董事及僱員之酬金

#### (a) Information regarding directors' emoluments

Details of emoluments to the directors of the Company were as follows:

#### (a) 有關董事酬金之資料

本公司董事酬金載列如下:

		Exec	autive directors (No 執行董事(附註i) Kwong	ote i)		non-executive direc 立非執行董事(附註i	,	
			Jimmy				Wu Koon Yin	
		Lai Law Kau	Cheung Tim	Lui Yuk Chu	Kan Ka Hon	Lau Sin Ming	Welly	Total
		賴羅球	鄺長添	雷玉珠	簡嘉翰	劉善明	吳冠賢	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 31 March 2025	截至2025年3月31日							
Fees	董事袍金	_	_	_	155	155	155	465
Other emoluments	其他酬金				100	100	100	400
- Salaries and other benefits	- 薪金及其他福利	480	600	6,878	_	_	_	7,958
- Contributions to retirement	- 退休福利計劃供款			-,				.,
benefits schemes		18	-	-	-	-	-	18
Total directors' emoluments	董事酬金總額	498	600	6,878	155	155	155	8,441
Year ended 31 March 2024	截至2024年3月31日							
Fees	董事袍金	_	_	_	155	155	155	465
Other emoluments	其他酬金							
- Salaries and other benefits	- 薪金及其他福利	480	600	5,580	-	-	-	6,660
- Contributions to retirement	- 退休福利計劃供款							
benefits schemes		18	-	-		_	-	18
Total directors' emoluments	董事酬金總額	498	600	5,580	155	155	155	7,143

#### Notes:

- (i) The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.
- (ii) The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

#### 附註:

- (f) 上述顯示之執行董事酬金為彼等 有關本公司及本集團管理事務之 服務。
- (ii) 上述顯示之獨立非執行董事酬金 為彼等作為本公司董事之服務。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 8. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) Information regarding employees' emoluments

The five highest paid individuals of the Group included one (2024: one) director whose emoluments was included above for both years. The emoluments of the remaining four (2024: four) highest paid individuals, not being directors, are as follows:

#### 8. 董事及僱員之酬金(續)

#### (b) 有關僱員酬金資料

本集團五名最高酬金人士包括一名(2024年:一名)董事,彼等於兩個年度之酬金已包括在上文內。其餘四名(2024年:四名),並非董事,最高酬金人士載列如下:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits  Contributions to retirement benefits	薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	5,638	6,701
schemes	ZETTIET JET ETV (D)	65	47
		5,703	6,748

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

彼等之酬金介乎下列範圍:

		2025 Number of individuals 僱員人數	2024 Number of individuals 僱員人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	2	_
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	2
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	_	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1	1
		4	4

During both years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors and the other four (2024: four) highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. In addition, during both years, no director waived or agree to waive any emoluments.

於兩個年度,本集團沒有支付酬金予董事及其他四名(2024年:四名)最高酬金之人士,作為加入或經加入本集團時之獎勵或失去職務之補償。此外,於兩個期間,沒有董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

### 9. FINANCE COSTS

#### 9. 融資成本

		2025	202
		HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元 ————————————————————————————————————	千港,
Interest on bank borrowings	銀行借貸利息	123,193	104,93
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	263	21
Effective interest expense on convertible note		20,525	17,94
		143,981	123,09
Less: Amount capitalised in the cost of qualifying assets	減:於合資格資產之成本資本化之 金額	(51,426)	(68,01
	<u>π h</u> 2	(01,420)	(00,01
		92,555	55,07
TAXATION (CREDIT) CHARGE	10.	税項(抵免)開支	
		2025	202
		HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元 ————————————————————————————————————	千港:
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
The tax (credit) charge comprises:	税項(抵免)開支包括:		
Current tax:	現行税項:		
Hong Kong	香港	-	
PRC withholding tax on dividend	中國的股息預扣税	-	8,24
Other jurisdiction	其他司法	8	
		8	8,25
Overprovision in prior years:	過往年度超額撥備:		
Hong Kong	香港	-	(2,00
PRC Enterprise Income Tax	中國企業所得税	(6,413)	
Other jurisdiction	其他司法	-	3)
		(6,413)	(2,09
Deferred tax	遞延税項	(6,790)	7,32

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

就兩個年度之香港利得税乃根據估計 應課税溢利之16.5%計算。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 10. TAXATION (CREDIT) CHARGE (Continued)

Taxation arising in other jurisdiction is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdiction.

Taxation (credit) charge for the year can be reconciled to the results from continuing operations per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

# 10. 税項(抵免)開支(續)

其他司法引伸之税項乃按相關司法之 現行税率計算。

本年度税項(抵免)開支與來自持續經營 業務之綜合損益及其他全面收益表業 績之對賬如下:

2024

2025

		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ————————	千港元
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(370,973)	(205,319)
Tax credit at the applicable rate of 16.5%	按適用税率16.5%(2024年: 16.5%)		
(2024: 16.5%)	計算之税項抵免	(61,211)	(33,878)
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax	無須課税收入之税項影響		
purposes		(1,303)	(10,821)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax	不獲扣税開支之税項影響		
purposes		12,248	9,856
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税項影響	19,909	25,005
Tax effect of deductible temporary	未確認可扣除暫時性差額之税項		
differences not recognised	影響	24,656	16,985
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses	使用過往未確認税項虧損之税項		
previously not recognised	影響	(763)	(61)
Tax effect of share of result of a joint venture	一間合營公司權益分佔業續之税項		
•	影響	(54)	(23)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	營運於其他司法之附屬公司之税率	,	,
operating in other jurisdictions	差異之影響	(10)	122
Withholding tax paid on dividend	股息預扣税	_	8,241
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(6,413)	(2,091)
Others	其他	(254)	150
Taxation (credit) charge for the year	本年度税項(抵免)開支	(13,195)	13,485



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

### 11. DISCONTINUED OPERATION

Pursuant to a land resumption agreement signed on 5 October 2022 by the Group and the municipal government, the lands and buildings in Huzhou were resumed by the municipal government. The legal title of the land was transferred to municipal government on 7 February 2024. Other than the property investment business, the management also abandoned the investment in securities and others and loan financing businesses in the PRC during the year ended 31 March 2023. Accordingly, the operation in the PRC was considered to be a discontinued operation.

The (loss) profit for the year from the discontinued operation is set out below.

### 11. 已終止經營業務

根據本集團與鎮政府於2022年10月5日 簽署的土地收儲協議書,位於湖州的 土地及建築物將由鎮政府收回。該土 地的合法所有權已於2024年2月7日移 轉予市政府。除投資物業業務外,管 理層亦於截至2023年3月31日止年度終 止在中國的證券及其他投資以及貸款 融資業務。因此,在中國的業務被視 為已終止經營業務。

來自已終止經營業務的年度(虧損)盈利 載列於下方。

		2025	2024
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ————————	千港元 ———
Other income	其他收入	498	2,518
Other expense, gains and losses	其他開支、收益及虧損	(56)	41,616
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(4,194)	(1,358)
Net gain on changes in fair value of financial	金融資產之公平值變動收益淨額		
assets		_	204
(Loss) profit before taxation	除税前(虧損)盈利	(3,752)	42,980
Taxation charge	税項開支	(3,769)	(37,325)
(I) (C) (C) (I)	두호/함Ψ\포제	(7.504)	5.055
(Loss) profit for the year	年度(虧損)盈利 	(7,521)	5,655
		2025	2024
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
(Loss) profit for the year from discontinued	年度來自已終止經營業務(虧損)盈		
operation has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	利已扣除(計入):		
Staff costs, including retirement benefits	職工成本,包括退休福利成本		
costs		1,746	288
Bank and other interest income	銀行及其他利息收入	(498)	(2,518)
Net exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額	56	_
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	_	54
Loss on write-off of property, plant and	撇銷物業、廠房及設備虧損		
equipment		-	38
Gain on disposal of investment properties	出售投資物業收益	-	(66,611)

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 11. DISCONTINUED OPERATION (Continued)

During the year, the operation in the PRC contributed a net cash outflow from operating activities of HK\$15,747,000 (2024: HK\$43,100,000) and a net cash outflow from investing activities of HK\$161,541,000 (2024: net cash inflow HK\$174,100,000) to the Group.

# 12. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

# 11. 已終止經營業務(續)

於本年度,中國業務貢獻經營活動現金流出淨額為15,747,000港元(2024年:43,100,000港元),投資活動現金流出淨額為161,541,000港元(2024年:淨現金流入174,100,000港元)予本集團。

2025

2024

#### 12. 年度虧損

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	年度虧損已扣除(計入):		
Directors' emoluments (note 8(a))	董事酬金(附註8(a))	8,441	7,143
Other staff costs, including retirement	其他職工費用,包括退休福利成本		
benefits costs		21,863	32,787
Total staff costs (including directors'	職工成本總額(包括董事酬金)		
emoluments)		30,304	39,930
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		
- audit services	- 審核服務	1,650	1,700
- non-audit services	- 非審核服務	, <u> </u>	57
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備之折舊		
equipment		647	700
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	2,413	2,470
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備之收益		
equipment		-	(10)
Net exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額	4,896	10,078

### 13. DIVIDENDS

No dividends were paid or proposed for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

# 13. 股息

截至2025年及2024年3月31日止年度 沒有支付或建議股息,自報告期末也 沒有建議任何股息。



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 14. LOSS PER SHARE

### For continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

# 14. 每股虧損

### 對於持續經營業務

本公司股東應佔來自持續經營業務之 每股基本及攤薄虧損乃根據以下資料 計算:

		2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
		千港元 ————	千港元
Loss for the year attributable to owners of	本公司股東應佔年度虧損		
the Company		(365,299)	(213,149)
Less: Loss (profit) for the year from	減:來自已終止經營業務的年度		
discontinued operation	虧損(盈利)	7,521	(5,655)
Loss for the purpose of basic loss per share	就來自持續經營業務之每股基本虧		
from continuing operations	損而言之虧損	(357,778)	(218,804)
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:	攤薄潛在普通股的影響:		
Interest on convertible note	可換股票據之利息(扣除所得税)		
(net of income tax)		-	_
Loss for the purpose of diluted loss per share	就來自持續經營業務之每股攤薄虧		
from continuing operations	損而言之虧損	(357,778)	(218,804)
		Number of sl 股份數目	
		2025	2024
		'000	'000
		千	千
			(Restated)
			(經重列)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	就每股基本虧損而言之加權平均普		
for the purpose of basic loss per share	通股股份數目	450,371	88,014
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:	攤薄潛在普通股的影響:	,	,- :
Convertible note	可換股票據	_	_
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	就每股攤薄虧損而言之加權平均普		
for the purpose of diluted loss per share	通股股份數目	450,371	88,014

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

### 14. LOSS PER SHARE (Continued)

#### For continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share from continuing and discontinued operations attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

#### 14. 每股虧損(續)

#### 對於持續經營業務及已終止經營業務

本公司股東應佔來自持續經營及已終 止經營業務之每股基本及攤薄虧損乃 根據以下資料計算:

	2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the purpose of basic loss per share 就每股基本虧損而言之虧損 Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:	(365,299)	(213,149)
Loss for the purpose of diluted loss per share 就每股攤薄虧損而言之虧損	(365,299)	(213,149)

The denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share.

Basic loss per share for the discontinued operation is HK\$0.02 per share (2024: earnings per share of HK\$0.06 per share) and diluted loss per share for the discontinued operation is HK\$0.02 per share (2024: earnings per share of HK\$0.06 per share), based on the loss for the year from the discontinued operation of HK\$7,521,000 (2024: profit for the year HK\$5,655,000) and the denominators detailed above for both basic and diluted earnings per share.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share for both years have been adjusted for the consolidation of shares on 19 July 2023 and rights issue on 4 February 2025 as disclosed in note 30 (i) and (iv), respectively.

The computation of diluted (loss) earnings per share for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 does not assume the exercise of the Company's certain convertible note listed in note 26 as the exercise would result in decrease in loss per share in both years.

使用的分母與上述每股基本及攤薄(虧損)盈利的分母相同。

已終止經營業務的每股基本虧損為每股0.02港元(2024年:每股盈利每股0.06港元)及已終止經營業務的每股攤薄虧損為每股0.02港元(2024年:每股盈利每股0.06港元),根據已終止經營業務的年度虧損為7,521,000港元(2024年:年度盈利5,655,000港元),以及上文詳細列出每股基本和攤薄盈利的分母。

誠如分別於附註30(i)及(iv)所披露,該兩年用於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損的普通股加權平均數已根據2023年7月19日的股份合併及2025年2月4日的供股情況進行調整。

截至2025年及2024年3月31日止年度的每股攤薄(虧損)盈利的計算並未假設公司行使若干在附註26中列出的可換股票據,因為行使將導致於兩年間每股虧損減少。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

# 15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Owned properties	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置及	Motor vehicles	Total
		自置物業 HK\$'000 千港元	設備 HK\$'000 千港元	汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	總額 HK\$'000 千港元
0007	c <del>l: *</del>				
COST	成本	0.050	0.001	0.400	10.070
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	3,650	3,921	3,108	10,679
Exchange adjustments	<b>匯</b> 兑調整		(2)	(41)	(43)
Additions	添置 撇銷/出售		43	638	681
Write-off/disposal	/似朝/山 台		(32)	(1,010)	(1,042)
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	3,650	3,930	2,695	10,275
Additions	添置	0,000	10	2,000	10,270
Additions	/小旦		10		10
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	3,650	3,940	2,695	10,285
DEPRECIATION	折舊				
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	421	3,665	1,865	5,951
Exchange adjustments	版 2023年4万 T 自	421	(2)	(39)	(41)
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	133	112	(59) 455	700
Eliminated on write-off/disposal	本 中 及 預 開	133	(32)		
Eliminated on write-on/disposal	///		(32)	(972)	(1,004)
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	554	3,743	1,309	5,606
Provided for the year	本年度撥備	133	104	410	647
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	687	3,847	1,719	6,253
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值				
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	2,963	93	976	4,032
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			· ·
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	3,096	187	1,386	4,669
The above items of property, pla a straight-line basis after taking in				頁物業、廠房及 以直線法根據以	

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis after taking into account the residual value over the following useful lives:

Owned properties Over the lease term
Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3 to 10 years
Motor vehicles 5 years

上述各項物業、廠房及設備在考慮殘 值後均以直線法根據以下之可使用年 期計算折舊:

自置物業 按租約之年期 傢俬、裝置及設備 3至10年 汽車 5年

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

### 16. 使用權資產

			Leased properties 租約物業 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日		
Carrying amount	版面值		3,372
As at 31 March 2024	₩0004/50 ₽04 □		
Carrying amount	於2024年3月31日 賬面值		5,634
For the year ended 21 March 2025	截至2025年3月31日止年)	÷	
For the year ended 31 March 2025  Depreciation charge	折舊費用	<b>▽</b>	2,413
For the year ended 31 March 2024	截至2024年3月31日止年	·	
Depreciation charge	折舊費用		2,470
		0005	0004
		2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Total cash outflow for leases	租約現金流出總額	2,616	2,628
Additions to right-of-use assets	使用權資產增加 ————————————————————————————————————	151 	6,876

The right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

For both years, the Group leases offices for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed terms of 2 to 3 years (2024: 3 years) without extension and termination option. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

使用權資產按其租約期限按直線法計 提折舊。

兩個年度期間,本集團均承租辦公室 進行經營。簽訂的租約合同固定期限 為2至3年(2024年:3年),且沒有延期 和終止選擇權。租約條款根據個別情 況進行協商。在確定租約期限並評估 不可取消期限時,本集團採用合同的 定義並確定合同期可強制執行。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

### 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group leases out various residential, commercial and industrial units under operating leases with rentals payable monthly, quarterly or semi-annually. The leases typically run for an initial period of 1 to 3 years (2024: 1 to 3 years), with unilateral rights to extend the lease beyond initial period held by lessees only. Majority of the lease contracts contain market review clauses in the event the lessee exercises the option to extend.

The Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of the lease arrangements, as all leases are denominated in the respective functional currencies of group entities. The lease contracts do not contain residual value guarantee and/or lessee's option to purchase the property at the end of lease term.

# 17. 投資物業

本集團根據經營租賃出租各類住宅、商業和工業單位,而應付租金為每月、每季度或每半年收取。租約通常為期1至3年(2024年:1至3年),並且有單方面權利將租約延期至僅由承租人持有的初始期以外。如果承租人行使延期選擇權,則大多數租約合同均包含市場審視條款。

由於所有租約均以集團實體各自的功能貨幣計價,故本集團不會因租約安排而承受外幣風險。租約合同不包含殘值保證及/或承租人在租約期滿時選擇購買物業的選擇權。

Completed investment properties 已完成投資物業 HK\$'000 千港元

FAIR VALUE	公平值	
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	1,707,555
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(19,470)
Disposal	出售	(428,079)
Decrease in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之公平值減少	(9,563)
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	1,250,443
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	385
Disposal	出售	(164,228)
Decrease in fair value recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之公平值減少	(28,700)
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	1,057,900

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

The fair values of the Group's investment properties as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 have been arrived at on the basis of valuation carried out on the respective dates by the following independent firms of qualified professional property valuers not connected with the Group:

Name of valuers	Location of investment properties
Vincorn Consulting and Appraisal Limited (2024: Vigers Appraisal and Consulting Limited)	Hong Kong
Edmund Tie & Company (SEA) Pte Ltd	Singapore

The unrealised loss relating to investment properties held at the end of the reporting period of HK\$28,700,000 (2024: HK\$18,299,000) was recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2025.

All investment properties of the Group are under the Level 3 fair value hierarchy. There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during the year.

### 17. 投資物業(續)

本集團之投資物業於2025年3月31日及 2024年3月31日之公平值乃按以下與本 集團沒有關連之獨立合資格專業物業 估值師行於該等日期進行估值之基準 釐定:

投資物業之 估值師行名稱 所在地

泓亮諮詢及評估有限公司 香港 (2024年:威格斯資產 評估顧問有限公司)

Edmund Tie & Company 新加坡 (SEA) Pte Ltd

於報告期末持有的與投資物業有關的 未變現虧損28,700,000港元(2024年: 18,299,000港元)於截至2025年3月31 日止年度於損益確認。

本集團所有投資物業層於第三級公平 值等級。本年內並無轉入或轉出第三 級。



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

The following table gives information about how the fair values of the investment properties are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and key inputs used), as well as the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (Levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

# 17. 投資物業(續)

下表列示如何釐定投資物業之公平值 之資料(尤其是,所使用之估值方法及 輸入),以及根據輸入之可觀察程度劃 分的公平值等級(第1至第3級)之公平值 計量。

Investment properties held by the Group 本集團持有之投資物業  Commercial units in Hong	Fair valu 31 Mar 公平值於3, 2025 HK\$'000 千港元	ch	Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級 Level 3	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值方法及主要輸入	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入	Sensitivities 敏感度 The higher the term yield, the
Kong				– term yield	of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and	lower the fair value
					adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, which is 1.3% to 3.6% (2024: 3.1%)	
於香港商業單位			第3級	收入法 - 定期收益	定期收益、考慮可比較物業之 市場平均售價及市場平均租 金產生之收益及反映建築物 情況之調整、為1.3%至3.6% (2024年:3.1%)	定期收益愈高,公平值愈低
				- reversionary yield	Reversionary yield, taking into	The higher the reversionary
					account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, which is 2.5% (2024:	yield, the lower the fair value
				- 復歸收益	3.1%) 復歸收益,考慮可比較物業之 市場平均售價及市場平均租 金之收益及反映未來租金風 險之調整,為2.5%(2024年: 3.1%)	復歸收益愈高,公平值愈低

2024

HK\$'000

千港元

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

### 17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group 本集團持有之投資物業

Fair value at 31 March 公平值於3月31日

2025

HK\$'000

Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級

Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值方法及主要輸入

Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入

Sensitivities 敏感度

千港元

Commercial units in Hong Kong (Continued) 於香港商業單位(續)

- monthly term rental

Monthly term rental for each unit The higher the monthly term is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the existing rental agreements,

fair value which is ranged from HK\$29.7

愈高

rental rate, the higher the

每月定期租金愈高,公平值

The higher the reversionary

market unit rate and price

the higher the fair value

- 每月定期租金

to HK\$115.3) per square foot 每個單位每月定期租金乃根據

to HK\$254.1 (2024: HK\$29.7

現有租約所列之平均租金得 出,每平方尺介平由29.7港 元至254.1港元(2024年:29.7 港元至115.3港元)

- reversionary market unit rate Reversionary market unit rate

and price for each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of character, location and other individual factor, which is from HK\$29.7 to HK\$254.1 (2024: HK\$26 to HK\$130) and HK\$8,666 to HK\$88,477 per square foot,

respectively.

- 復歸市場單位價格

各單位之復歸市場單位價格

及價款,與市場直接可比較 的資料作比較,並考慮物業 特徵、位置以及其他個別因 素,每平方尺為29.7港元至 254.1港元(2024年:分別為 26港元至130港元)及8,666港 元至88.477港元

復歸市場單位價格及價款愈 高,公平值愈高



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

# 17. 投資物業(續)

年:3.5%)

Investment properties held by the Group 本集團持有之投資物業	Fair value 31 March 公平值於3月 2025 HK\$'000 千港元	h	Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值方法及主要輸入	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入	Sensitivities 敏感度
Commercial units in Hong Kong (Continued) 於香港商業單位(續)						
	-	373,000	Level 3	Direct comparison method  - based on market observable transactions of similar properties and adjusted to reflect the locations and conditions of the subject property	Price per square foot, using market direct comparables and taking into account of character, location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property, etc., which is ranged from HK\$92,155 to HK\$381,714	The higher the price per square foot, the higher the fair value
			第3級	直接比較法 -基於同類物業之市場可觀 察交易及經調整以反映目 標物業之位置及情況	per square foot 每平方尺售價,採用市場直 接可比較的資料,並考慮物 業特徵、位置以及其他個別 因素如臨街道路、物業大小 等,每平方尺介乎92,155港 元至381,714港元	每平方尺售價愈高,公平值 愈高
Industrial units in Hong Kong	639,300	571,000	Level 3	Income approach – term yield	Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building,	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
於香港工業單位			第3級	收入法 一定期收益	which is 3.3% (2024: 3.5%) 定期收益,考慮可比較物業之 市場平均售價及市場平均租 金產生之收益及反映建築物 情況之調整,為3.3%(2024	定期收益愈高,公平值愈低

2024

HK\$'000

千港元

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

### 17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group 本集團持有之投資物業

於香港工業單位(續)

Fair value at 31 March 公平值於3月31日

2025

HK\$'000 千港元 Fair value Valuation techniques hierarchy and key inputs 公平值等級 估值方法及主要輸入

Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入

Sensitivities 敏感度

The higher the reversionary

yield, the lower the fair

復歸收益愈高,公平值愈低

Industrial units in Hong Kong (Continued)

- reversionary yield

Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, which is 3.5% to 3.6%

- 復歸收益

復歸收益,考慮可比較物業之 市場平均售價及市場平均租 金之收益及反映未來租金風 險之調整,為3.5%至3.6%

(2024年: 3.5%)

(2024: 3.5%)

- monthly term rental

Monthly term rental for each unit 
The higher the monthly term is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the existing rental agreements, which is ranged from HK\$11.4

- 每月定期租金

rental rate, the higher the fair value

to HK\$17.4 (2024: HK\$19.9 to HK\$23.1) per square foot 每個單位每月定期租金乃根據

現有租約所列之平均租金得 出,每平方尺介乎由11.4港 元至17.4港元(2024年:19.9 港元至23.1港元)

每月定期租金愈高,公平值

愈高

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

### 17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group 本集團持有之投資物業

Fair value at 31 March 公平值於3月31日

2025

HK\$'000 千港元

2024

HK\$'000

千港元

Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級

Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值方法及主要輸入

Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入

Sensitivities 敏感度

Industrial units in Hong Kong (Continued) 於香港工業單位(續)

- reversionary market unit rate Reversionary market unit rate for The higher the reversionary each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of character, location and other individual factor, which is ranged from HK\$4,423 to HK\$7,800 (2024: HK\$7,012)

per square foot

- 復歸市場單位價格

各單位之復歸市場單位價格, 與市場直接可比較的資料作 比較,並考慮物業特徵、位 置以及其他個別因素,每平 方尺介乎4,423港元至7,800 港元(2024年:7,012港元)

復歸市場單位價格愈高,公

The higher the price per

square foot, the higher the

market unit price, the

higher the fair value

平值愈高

73,500

Level 3

Direct comparison method - based on market observable transactions of similar properties and adjusted to reflect the locations and conditions of the subject property

Price per square foot, using market direct comparables and taking into account of character, location and other individual factors such as size of property etc., which is ranged from HK\$4,087 to

fair value

第3級 直接比較法

> - 基於同類物業之市場可觀 察交易及經調整以反映目 標物業之位置及情況

每平方尺售價,採用市場直 接可比較的資料,並考慮特 徵、位置以及其他個別因素 如臨街道路、物業大小等, 每平方尺介乎4,087港元至 5,296港元

HK\$5,296 per square foot

每平方尺售價愈高,公平值

愈高

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

# 17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group 本集團持有之投資物業	Fair value 31 Marc 公平值於3月 2025 HK\$'000 千港元	ch	Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值方法及主要輸入	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入	Sensitivities 敏感度
Residential units in Hong Kong	29,300	-	Level 3	Income approach - term yield	Term yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the conditions of the building, which is 2.25%	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
於香港住宅單位			第3級	收入法 - 定期收益	定期收益,考慮可比較物業之 市場平均售價及市場平均租 金產生之收益及反映建築物 情況之調整,為2.25%	定期收益愈高,公平值愈低
				- reversionary yield	Reversionary yield, taking into account of yield generated by market average selling price and the market average rental from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the risk associated with the future rental, which is 2.5%	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
				- 復歸收益	復歸收益,考慮可比較物業之 市場平均售價及市場平均租 金之收益及反映未來租金風 險之調整,為2.5%	復歸收益愈高,公平值愈低
				– monthly term rental	Monthly term rental for each unit is derived from the average of the rental as stated in the	The higher the monthly term rental rate, the higher the fair value
				- 每月定期租金	existing rental agreements, which is ranged from HK\$11.5 to HK\$43.5 per square foot 每個單位每月定期租金乃根據現有租約所列之平均租金得出,每平方尺介乎11.5港元至43.5港元	每月定期租金愈高,公平值 愈高



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

### 17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group 本集團持有之投資物業

Fair value at 31 March 公平值於3月31日

2025

HK\$'000 千港元

2024

HK\$'000

千港元

Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級

Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值方法及主要輸入

Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入

Sensitivities 敏感度

Residential units in Hong Kong (Continued) 於香港住宅單位(續)

- reversionary market unit rate Reversionary market unit rate for The higher the reversionary each unit is compared with direct market comparables and taking into account of character, location and other individual factor, which is ranged from HK\$7,543 to HK\$17,375 per square foot

market unit price, the higher the fair value

復歸市場單位價格愈高,公

平值愈高

- 復歸市場單位價格

各單位之復歸市場單位價格, 與市場直接可比較的資料作 比較,並考慮物業特徵、位 置以及其他個別因素,每平

方尺介乎7,543港元至17,375

港元

30,800 Level 3

第3級

Direct comparison method - based on market observable transactions of similar properties and adjusted to reflect the locations and conditions of the subject property 直接比較法

察交易及經調整以反映目

標物業之位置及情況

- 基於同類物業之市場可觀

Price per square foot, using market direct comparables and taking into account of character, location, age and other individual factors, which is ranged from HK\$8,370 to HK\$18,681 per square foot 每平方尺售價,採用市場直

接可比較的資料,並考慮物 業特徵、位置、樓齡以及其 他個別因素,每平方尺介乎 8,370港元至18,681港元

The higher the price per square foot, the higher the fair value

每平方尺售價愈高,公平值

愈高

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

# 17. 投資物業(續)

Investment properties held by the Group 本集團持有之投資物業	Fair valu 31 Man 公平值於3月 2025 HK\$'000	ch	Fair value hierarchy 公平值等級	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值方法及主要輸入	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察輸入	Sensitivities 敏感度
	千港元	千港元				
Residential units in	N/A	73,843	Level 3	Direct comparison method	Price per square foot, using	The higher the price per
Singapore				- based on market observable transactions of similar properties and adjusted to reflect the locations and conditions of the subject property	market direct comparables and taking into account of character, location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property, etc., which is ranged from HK\$25,591 to HK\$27,218 per square foot	square foot, the higher the fair value
於新加坡住宅單位	不適用		第3級	直接比較法 -基於同類物業之市場可觀 察交易及經調整以反映目	每平方尺售價,採用市場直接可比較的資料,並考慮特徵、位置以及其他個別因素如臨街道路、物業大小等,每平方尺介乎25,591港元至27,218港元	每平方尺售價愈高,公平值 愈高
				標物業之位置及情況		
Land with attached structure in Hong Kong	N/A	39,000	Level 3	Direct comparison method  - based on market  observable transactions  of similar properties and  adjusted to reflect the  locations and conditions of the subject property	Price per square foot, using market direct comparables and taking into account of character, location, age and other individual factors, which is ranged from HK\$1,349 to HK\$1,600 per square foot	The higher the price per square foot, the higher the fair value
於香港附屬建築土地	不適用		第3級	直接比較法 -基於同類物業之市場可觀察交易及經調整以反映目標物業之位置及情況	每平方尺售價,採用市場直接可比較的資料,並考慮物業特徵、位置、樓齡以及其他個別因素,每平方尺介乎1,349港元至1,600港元	每平方尺售價愈高,公平值 愈高
	1,057,900	1,250,443				



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

### 17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

During the year, the valuation technique used for determining the fair value of certain commercial, industrial and residential units amounting to HK\$400,600,000 as at 31 March 2025 was changed from direct comparison method to income approach as the management considers that there were limited market comparables for similar properties in current year that were appropriate to assess the fair value of these units.

In estimating the fair value of the investment properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

As at 31 March 2025, all of the Group's investment properties (2024: except for the land with attached structure of HK\$39,000,000) have been pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group.

## 17. 投資物業(續)

於本年度,釐定若干商業、工業及住 宅單位之公平值400,600,000港元所採 用之估值技術於2025年3月31日由直 接比較法變更為收入法,乃由於管理 層認為,本年度適合評估該等單位公 平值之同類物業之市場可比較數目有 限。

於估算投資物業之公平值時,物業之 最有效及最合適使用乃其現時之使用 方式。

於2025年3月31日,本集團所有投資物業(2024年:除39,000,000港元之附屬建築土地)已抵押以取得授予本集團的有抵押銀行融資。

#### 18. LOANS RECEIVABLE

#### 18. 應收貸款

		2025	2024
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fixed-rate loans receivable	定息應收貸款	30,600	32,100
Less: Impairment allowance	減:減值撥備	(1,022)	(1,077)
		29,578	31,023
Analysed as:	分析為:		
Current assets	流動資產	29,578	17,384
Non-current assets	非流動資產	_	13,639
		29,578	31,023
Secured	有抵押	16,157	16,971
Unsecured	無抵押	13,421	14,052
		29,578	31,023

No aged analysis is disclosed, as in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the aged analysis does not give additional value in view of the nature of business of loan financing.

At 31 March 2025, the range of interest rate on the Group's loans receivable is 0% to 8% (2024: 0% to 14%) per annum.

因本公司董事認為,就貸款融資業務 性質而言,賬齡分析並沒有額外價 值,故不披露賬齡分析。

於2025年3月31日,本集團之應收貸款 每年利率介乎0%至8%(2024年:0%至 14%)。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 18. LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

#### Impairment assessment

Before granting loans to outsiders, the Group assesses the potential borrower's credit quality and defines credit limits granted to each borrower. The credit limits attributed to the borrowers are reviewed by the management regularly. The management closely monitors the credit quality of loans receivable. Except for those credit-impaired loans receivable, there are no loans receivable which are past due at the end of the reporting period.

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 34.

The movement of impairment allowance for loans receivable is as follows:

# 18. 應收貸款(續)

#### 減值評估

在授出貸款予外來者前,本集團評估 潛在借款人之信貸質素及釐定授予每 位借款人之信貸額。管理層定期檢討 借款人之信貸額。管理層緊密監控應 收貸款信貸質素。除已作信貸減值的 應收貸款外,於報告期末概無逾期之 應收貸款。

減值評估詳情載於附註34。

應收貸款減值撥備之變動如下:

			Lifetime ECL -	
		12m ECL 12個月預期	credit-impaired 整個週期信貸	Total
		信貸虧損	虧損 - 信貸減值	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元 	千港元 ————
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	1,550	51,930	53,480
Changes due to loans receivable recognised as at	於2023年4月1日由於已確認應收貸款而	1,000	01,000	00,400
1 April 2023:	變動:			
- Repayment (Note iii)	- 還款(附註ii)	(652)	_	(652)
- Written off (Note iv)	- 撇銷(附註iv)	-	(51,930)	(51,930)
- Net remeasurement of ECL (Note i)	- 預期信貸虧損之重新計量淨額			
	(附註i)	46	-	46
New loans granted (Note ii)	授出的新貸款(附註ii)	133		133
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	1,077	-	1,077
Changes due to loans receivable recognised as at	於2024年4月1日由於已確認應收貸款			
1 April 2024:	而變動:			
- Repayment (Note iii)	- 還款(附註iii)	(33)	-	(33)
- Net remeasurement of ECL (Note i)	- 預期信貸虧損之重新計量淨額			
	(附註i)	(22)		(22)
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	1,022	-	1,022



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 18. LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

#### Impairment assessment (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) During the year ended 31 March 2025, the net reversal of impairment loss of HK\$22,000 (2024: net impairment loss of HK\$46,000) was related to loans receivable with gross carrying amount of HK\$30,600,000 (2024: HK\$28,800,000).
- (ii) The impairment loss of HK\$133,000 was related to loans receivable with gross carrying amount of HK\$2,300,000 which were newly granted during the year ended 31 March 2024.
- (iii) The reversal of impairment loss of HK\$33,000 (2024: HK\$652,000) was related to loans receivable under 12m ECL with gross carrying of HK\$1,500,000 (2024: HK\$21,000,000) which has been fully repaid during the year ended 31 March 2025
- (iv) The written off of HK\$51,930,000 was related to loans receivable with gross carrying amount of HK\$51,930,000. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the management reassessed and considered the Group had no realistic prospect to recover the credit-impaired debts and hence such amount was written off.

### 18. 應收貸款(續)

#### 減值評估(續)

附註:

- (i) 截至2025年3月31日止年度,減值虧 損撥回淨額22,000港元(2024年:減 值虧損淨額46,000港元)與賬面總額為 30,600,000港元(2024年:28,800,000港 元)的應收貸款有關。
- (ii) 減值虧損133,000港元與截至2024年 3月31日止年度新授出的賬面總值為 2,300,000港元的應收貸款有關。
- (iii) 減值虧損撥回33,000港元(2024年: 652,000港元)與12個月預期信貸虧損 之賬面總額1,500,000港元(2024年: 21,000,000港元)的應收貸款有關,已於 截至2025年3月31日止年度全部償還。
- (iv) 撤銷51,930,000港元與賬面總額為 51,930,000港元的應收貸款有關。截至 2024年3月31日止年度,管理層重新作 出評估,並認為本集團並無收回信貸減 值債務的現實前景,故撤銷該筆金額。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 19. DEBT INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# 19. 按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務工具

80

100

20252024HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元

Listed investments, at fair value:

Debt securities listed in Hong Kong or overseas with fixed interests ranging from 2.5% to 9.5% (2024: 2.5% to 9.5%) per annum and maturity dates ranging from 11 July 2025 to 31 January 2031 (2024: 11 July 2025 to 31 January 2031)

上市投資,按公平值:

於香港或海外上市之債務證券, 固定年利率介乎於2.5%至9.5% (2024年: 2.5%至9.5%),到 期日由2025年7月11日至2031 年1月31日(2024年: 2025年7

月11日至2031年1月31日)

Analysed as:	分析為:		
Current assets	流動資產	80	-
Non-current assets	非流動資產	-	100
		80	100

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, debt instruments at FVTOCI are stated at fair values which were determined based on the quoted market closing prices available on the Stock Exchange or an overseas recognised stock exchange.

Debt instruments at FVTOCI are listed bonds with the credit loss allowance measured on 12m ECL basis when the credit risk on financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition. For those credit-impaired bonds, credit loss allowance is measured using lifetime ECL. The Group assesses the ECL for debt instruments at FVTOCI by reference to credit rating of the bond investment by rating agencies, macroeconomic factors affecting the respective industry for each issuer, corporate historical default and loss rate and exposure of default of each bond investment.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, reversal of credit loss allowance of HK\$1,775,000 (2025: nil) was recognised in profit or loss.

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 34.

All debt instruments at FVTOCI are denominated in United States dollars ("USD"), a currency other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities, at the end of the reporting period.

於2025年及2024年3月31日,按公平 值計入其他全面收益之債務工具按公 平值列賬乃根據聯交所或海外認可證 券交易所之所報收市價釐定。

截至2024年3月31日止年度, 1,775,000港元之信貸虧損撥備撥回已 於損益內確認(2025年:無)。

減值評估詳情載於附註34。

於報告期末,所有按公平值計入其他 全面收益之債務工具以相關集團實體 功能性貨幣以外的貨幣美元(「美元」)計 值。



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 20. DEBT INSTRUMENT AT AMORTISED COST

### 20. 按攤銷成本計量之債務工具

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted debt instruments in Hong Kong: Fixed-rate unsecured promissory note Less: Impairment allowance	香港非上市債務工具: 固定利率非擔保承兑票據 減:減值撥備	23,250 (914)	23,490 (914)
		22,336	22,576

In May 2021, the Group and Lion Best Global Limited (the "issuer"), an independent third party incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, entered into a promissory note agreement with principal amount of USD3,000,000 which carries interest at 8% per annum and will be fully repayable on the maturity date of 25 September 2025. At 31 March 2025, the carrying amount of the promissory note was HK\$22,336,000 (2024: HK\$22,576,000).

The promissory note is measured at amortised cost since the Group's business model is to hold the debt instrument for collection of contractual cash flows, and the cash flows represented solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The issuer is operating in hotel business. The Group assesses the ECL with reference to the internal credit rating of the issuer assigned by the Group.

During the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, no credit loss allowance was recognised in profit or loss.

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 34.

於2021年5月,本集團與Lion Best Global Limited(「發行人」)(一間於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的獨立第三方)訂立承兑票據協議,本金額為3,000,000美元,年利率為8%並將在2025年9月25日到期日全額償還。於2025年3月31日,承兑票據的賬面值為22,336,000港元(2024年:22,576,000港元)。

由於本集團持有該等債務工具之業務 模式將為收取合約現金流量而持有, 故承兑票據按攤銷成本計量,且現金 流量僅代表本金額及未償還本金利息 之付款。發行人經營酒店業務。本集 團參考發行人之內部信貸評級評估預 期信貸虧損。

截至2025年及2024年3月31日止年度,並無於損益確認信貸虧損撥備。

減值評估詳情載於附註34。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 21. PROPERTIES HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE AND PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

The Group's properties PUD and PHS are situated in Hong Kong.

As at 31 March 2025, HK\$970,000,000 (2024: HK\$665,266,000) of PUD are expected to be completed within twelve months after the end of the reporting period, while the rest are expected to be completed more than twelve months after the end of the reporting period.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group performed assessment of net realisable value on its PUD and PHS with reference to valuations made by independent qualified professional property valuer not connected with the Group. The valuations of PUD were arrived at by using the residual method and the valuations of PHS were arrived at by using the income approach or direct comparison method. As at 31 March 2025, there was a decrease in the estimated net realisable value of the PUD and PHS, a net write-down of HK\$129,202,000 (2024: HK\$102,937,000) and HK\$20,226,000 (2024: nil) respectively, were recognised in profit or loss due to the volatile property market.

## Analysis of leasehold lands component

# 21. 持作出售發展物業及持作出售物業

本集團之持作出售發展物業及持作出 售物業乃位於香港。

於2025年3月31日,970,000,000港元 (2024年:665,266,000港元)之持作出 售發展物業預期於報告期後十二個月 內完成,餘額則預期於報告期末後超 過十二個月完成。

於2025年及2024年3月31日,本集團已就持作出售發展物業及持作出售物業進行可變現淨值評估乃參考與本集團沒有關連之獨立合資格專業物業估值師之估值。持作出售發展物業的估值乃根據餘值法得出,而持作出售物業乃根據收入法或直接比較法得出。由於房地產市場出現波動,持作出售發展物業及持作出售物業的估計可變現淨值減少,於2025年3月31日損益內確認撇銷淨額分別為129,202,000港元(2024年:102,937,000港元)及20,226,000港元(2024年:無)。

## 租賃土地部分分析

		HK\$'000 千港元
	*\************************************	
As at 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	
Carrying amount	販面值 	1,846,612 
As at 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	
Carrying amount	振面值 ————————————————————————————————————	2,520,754
For the year ended 31 March 2025	截至2025年3月31日止年度	
Operating cash outflows	經營現金流出	(19,133)
Operating cash outflows	"在是公布"	(10,100)
For the year ended 31 March 2024	截至2024年3月31日止年度	
Operating cash outflows	經營現金流出	(68,483)
Operating easir outnows	近内グル/10日	(00,400)

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 21. PROPERTIES HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE AND PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE (Continued)

# 21. 持作出售發展物業及持作出售物業 (續)

#### **Analysis of leasehold lands component (Continued)**

# 租賃土地部分分析(續)

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Additions	增加	19,133	68,483
Write-down	撤銷	-	(30,920)

The carrying amount of leasehold lands is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The residual values are determined as the estimated disposal value of the leasehold land component. No depreciation charge is made on the leasehold lands taking into account the estimated residual values as at 31 March 2025 and 2024.

All PUD and PHS have been pledged to secure banking facilities granted to the Group in both years.

租賃土地的賬面值以成本減去任何累計折舊和任何減值損失計量。剩餘價值確定為租賃土地部分的估計出售價值。考慮到2025年及2024年3月31日的估計剩餘值,未對租賃土地計提折舊費用。

本集團兩個年度之持作出售發展物業 及持作出售物業均已用作抵押以獲取 銀行融資。

### 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

### 22. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease receivables	應收租賃款項	2,584	859
Prepayments (Note (ii))	源权位員款項 預付款項(附註(ii))	6,907	1,342
Interest receivable	應收利息	465	110
Staff loans (Note (i))	員工貸款(附註(i))	8,200	9,000
Deposit	按金	1.815	1,691
Escrow deposits for properties held for sales	持作出售物業之託管按金	10,340	-
Other receivables	其他應收款項	18,924	20,565
		49,235	33,567

#### Notes:

- (i) The Group entered into several loan agreements with certain staff. Pursuant to the loan agreements, the staff loans were unsecured with fixed interest rate at 2% (2024: 2%) per annum and repayable on demand.
- (ii) As at year ended 31 March 2025, amount of HK\$3,536,000 (2024: nil) represented prepayment of rental expense to a related party.

#### 附註:

- (i) 本集團與若干員工訂立數份貸款協議。 根據貸款協議,員工貸款為無抵押、固 定年利率2%(2024年:2%),及即期付 款。
- (ii) 截至2025年3月31日 · 3,536,000港元 (2024年:無)為預付租金開支予一名關 聯方。

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 22. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

# The Group did not grant any credit period to its tenants in property investment segment. The aged analysis of trade receivables and lease receivables, based on the invoice date, at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

# 22. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

本集團並沒有給予於物業投資分類之 租戶賒賬期。根據發票日期,貿易應 收款項及應收租賃款項於報告期末之 賬齡分析如下:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
0-60 days 61-90 days	0-60日 61-90日	2,482 102	859 -
		2,584	859

Details of impairment assessment of trade and other receivables are set out in note 34.

No credit loss allowance has been recognised on the trade and other receivables as the directors of the Company consider that the amount is immaterial.

貿易及其他應收款項之減值評估詳情 載於附註34。

由於本公司董事認為該款項並不重 大,並無就貿易及其他應收款確認信 貸虧損撥備。

# 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

### 23. 按公平值計入損益之金融資產

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Listed investments, at fair value:	上市投資,按公平值:		·
<ul> <li>Equity securities listed in Hong Kong and</li> </ul>			
overseas (Note i)	(附註i)	41,531	47,124
Unlisted investments, at fair value:	非上市投資,按公平值:	,	,
- Film right investment	- 電影版權投資	58	14,697
- Investment in limited partnership (Note ii	) - 有限合夥投資(附註ii)	_	42,732
- Unlisted securities	- 非上市證券	8,625	6,264
		50,214	110,817
Analysed as:	分析為:		
Current assets	流動資產	41,589	104,553
Non-current assets	非流動資產	8,625	6,264
		50,214	110,817



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 23. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

The Group's financial assets at FVTPL that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

# 23. 按公平值計入損益之金融資產(續)

本集團按公平值計入損益的金融資產 以相關集團實體功能貨幣以外的貨幣 計值載列如下:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
USD	美元	8,625	52,589
Renminbi ("RMB")	人民幣(「人民幣」)	58	14,697

#### Notes:

- (i) The fair values of the listed equity securities are determined based on the quoted market closing prices available on the Stock Exchange or an overseas recognised stock exchange.
- (ii) During the year, the interest in limited partnership has been disposed at a total consideration of HK\$28,971,000. Details of the disposal are set out in the circular of the Company dated 24 June 2024.

#### 附註:

- (i) 上市股本證券的公平值根據聯交所或海 外認可證券交易所的市場收市價確定。
- (ii) 本年度,本公司已按總代價28,971,000 港元出售於有限合夥企業之權益。出售 詳情載於本公司日期為2024年6月24日 的通函內。

# 24. TIME DEPOSITS OVER THREE MONTHS/CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At 31 March 2024, the time deposits with maturity of more than three months and within 1 year carried interest at market rate of 1.50% per annum.

Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits and short-term bank deposits for the purpose of meeting the Group's short term cash commitments, which carry interest at market rates range from 0.001% to 3.3% (2024: 0.001% to 0.925%) per annum.

The Group's time deposits and cash and cash equivalents that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

# 24. 超過三個月的定期存款/現金及現 金等價物

於2024年3月31日,到期日超過三個 月及1年內的定期存款以市場年利率 1.50%計息。

現金及現金等價物包括活期存款及短期銀行存款以滿足本集團短期現金承擔,其市場年利率介乎0.001%至3.3%(2024年: 0.001%至0.925%)。

本集團以相關集團實體功能貨幣以外 之貨幣計值的定期存款以及現金及現 金等價物載列如下:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Singapore dollar ("SGD")	新加坡元(「新加坡元」)	140	963
USD	美元	302	100
RMB	人民幣	28	28

# 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 25. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

## 25. 貿易及其他應付款項及合約負債

#### Trade and other payables

#### 貿易及其他應付款項

		2025 HK\$'000	2024 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	2		
Trade payables (Note i):	貿易應付款項(附註i):		
0-30 days	0−30 目	6,549	24,260
31-60 days	31-60∃	-	6,167
Over 90 days	超過90日	7,112	_
		13,661	30,427
Retention payable (Note ii)	應付保修金(附註ii)	29,018	32,110
Rental deposits received and rental received	已收租金按金及預收租金		
in advance		13,535	8,750
Accruals	預提費用	2,933	2,300
Interest payable	應付利息	10,768	7,026
Other taxes payable	其他應付税項	-	2,767
Other payables	其他應付款項	4,636	10,370
		74,551	93,750

#### Notes:

- (i) The aged analysis of trade payables is determined based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period. The average credit period on purchases of goods is 30 days.
- (ii) Retention payable is withheld from subcontractors and will be released by the Group within twelve months upon completion of their works.

### **Contract liabilities**

The Group receives deposits from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreement of sales of properties. The deposits from customers are recognised as contract liabilities until the customers obtain control of the properties. At 31 March 2025, the contract liabilities amounted to HK\$5,197,000 (2024: nil). Contract liabilities are expected to be settled within the Group's normal operating cycle when control of the completed properties are transferred to the customer.

#### 附註:

- (i) 貿易應付款項於報告期末之賬齡分析乃 根據發票日期釐定。購貨之平均除賬期 為30日。
- (ii) 應付保修金未付予承建商及本集團將於 工程完結時十二個月內支付。

# 合約負債

本集團與客戶簽訂物業買賣協議時 收取客戶按金。客戶按金確認為 合約負債,直至客戶取得物業控制 權。於2025年3月31日,合約負債為 5,197,000港元(2024年:無)。合約負 債預期於本集團正常營運週期內,即 已完成物業的控制權轉移至客戶時清 償。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 26. CONVERTIBLE NOTE CONTAINING LIABILITY AND EQUITY COMPONENTS

On 20 February 2023, the Company issued 5% convertible note due 2028 at an aggregate principal amount of HK\$209,000,000 to Goodco Development Limited ("Goodco") (the "2023 Convertible Note"). The 2023 Convertible Note was used to settle of acquisition of investment properties during the year ended 31 March 2023.

The 2023 Convertible Note is denominated in HKD and entitles the holder to convert it into ordinary shares of the Company at any time between the date of issue of the 2023 Convertible Note on 20 February 2023 and its settlement date on 20 February 2028 at a conversion price of HK\$0.106 per conversion share (subject to anti-dilutive adjustments).

Pursuant to the adjustment provisions in the terms and conditions of the convertible note, adjustment has been made to the conversion price of convertible note with principal amount of HK\$209,000,000 from HK\$0.106 per share to HK\$4.24 per share with the number of conversion shares adjusted from 1,971,698,113 to 49,292,452 conversion shares with effect from 19 July 2023 as a result of capital reorganisation. Further adjustment has been made to the conversion price from HK\$4.24 per share to HK\$3.70 per share with the number of conversion shares adjusted from 49,292,452 to 56,486,486 conversion shares with effect from 3 August 2023 as a result of placing of shares.

On 23 January 2024, the Company entered into deeds of amendment with Goodco in relation to the proposed alterations of certain terms of the convertible note. The deeds of amendment were approved by the shareholders at a special general meeting of the Company held on 27 March 2025 and the conditions precedent under the deed of amendment were fulfilled on 17 April 2024. The modification of the terms was determined to be substantial and hence resulted in the extinguishment of the original liability component of the convertible note and the recognition of new liability and equity components, resulting in a net loss on modification of terms of convertible note amounting to HK\$31,369,000 being recognised and presented under "loss on modification of terms of convertible note" in profit or loss. After the modification, the conversion price of the convertible notes is HK\$0.18 per conversion share with interest at 5% per annum and maturity date of 20 February 2028.

Upon modification of the 2023 Convertible Note, the Company recognised equity component of the convertible note and deferred tax liability of HK\$161,265,000 and HK\$26,609,000 respectively.

## 26. 可換股票據包含負債及權益部分

於2023年2月20日,本公司向佳豪發展有限公司(「佳豪」)發行於2028年到期本金總額為209,000,000港元的5%可換股票據(「2023年可換股票據」)。2023年可換股票據用於結算截至2023年3月31日止年度收購投資物業。

2023年可換股票據以港元計值,持有 人有權於2023年2月20日發行2023年 可換股票據日期至2028年2月20日結算 日期間隨時按轉換價將其轉換為本公 司普通股每股轉換股份0.106港元(須進 行反攤薄調整)。

根據可換股票據條款及條件的調整條文,自2023年7月19日起,由於資本重組,本金額為209,000,000港元的可換股票據的換股價已由每股0.106港元調整至每股4.24港元,轉換股份的數目已由1,971,698,113股調整至49,292,452股轉換股份。自2023年8月3日起,由於配售股份而作出進一步調整,換股價已由每股4.24港元調整至每股3.70港元,轉換股份的數目已由49,292,452股調整至56,486,486股轉換股份。

於2024年1月23日,本公司與佳豪就建議更改可換股票據之若干條款訂立修訂契據。修訂契據已於2025年3月27日舉行的本公司股東特別大會上獲股東批准以及修訂契據項下的先決條件已於2024年4月17日獲達成。該條款修門至為重大修訂,因而導致可換股門大會員債及權益部分,導致修訂可換股票據條款之淨虧損達31,369,000港元已確認並於損益內「修訂可換股票據條款之淨虧損」呈列。修訂後,可換股票據條款檢股份0.18港元,年利數股價為每股換股份0.18港元,年利為5%,到期日為2028年2月20日。

修訂2023年可換股票據後,本公司確認可換股票據的權益部分及遞延税項負債分別為161,265,000港元及26,609,000港元。

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# 26. CONVERTIBLE NOTE CONTAINING LIABILITY AND EQUITY COMPONENTS (Continued)

Pursuant to the adjustment provisions in the terms and conditions of the convertible note, adjustment has been made to the conversion price of convertible note with principal amount of HK\$109,000,000 which is convertible into 605,555,555 shares (after partial redemption) at an adjusted current convertible price from HK\$0.18 per share to HK\$0.14 per share with the number of conversion shares adjusted from 605,555,555 to 778,571,428 conversion shares (the "Adjustment") with effect from 4 February 2025 as a result of rights issue.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company exercised the early redemption option to redeem certain convertible note with principal amount of HK\$139,000,000, for which HK\$80,000,000 of the principal amount was settled by offsetting with the amount due from a related party which constituted a non-cash transaction.

As at 31 March 2025, the 2023 Convertible Note with principal amount of HK\$70,000,000 (2024: HK\$209,000,000) remained outstanding. Assuming full conversion of the 2023 Convertible Note at a conversion price of HK\$0.14 at 31 March 2025 (2024: HK\$3.70), the 2023 Convertible Note will be convertible into 500,000,000 new ordinary shares (2024: 56,486,486) of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company.

Conversion shares will be allotted and issued upon exercise of the conversion rights. If the 2023 Convertible Note is not converted during the conversion period up to the maturity date, it will be redeemed on the maturity date at par with outstanding accrued interest. Interest of 5% per annum will be paid semi-annually in arrears up until the settlement date.

The 2023 Convertible Note contains liability component and equity component. The equity component is presented in equity heading "convertible note equity reserve". The effective interest rate of the liability component of the 2023 Convertible Note is 17.15% per annum at the date of modification.

# 26. 可換股票據包含負債及權益部分 (續)

根據可換股票據的條款及條件中的調整條文,本金額為109,000,000港元的可換股票據換股價已作出調整,其可按經調整後的現行換股價由每股0.18港元調整至每股0.14港元兑換605,555,555股股份(經部分贖回),換股股份數目則由605,555,555股調整至778,571,428股換股股份(「調整」),由於供股自2025年2月4日起生效。

截至2025年3月31日止年度,本公司 行使提早贖回權贖回若干本金額為 139,000,000港元之可換股票據,其中 本金額80,000,000港元以抵銷應收一名 關聯方款項之方式結算,構成一項非 現金交易。

於2025年3月31日,本金額為70,000,000港元(2024年:209,000,000港元)的2023年可換股票據仍未償還。假設2023年可換股票據於2025年3月31日按換股價0.14港元(2024年:3.70港元)全數轉換,則2023年可換股票據將可轉換為本公司股本中每股面值0.01港元的500,000,000股(2024年:56,486,486股)新普通股。

轉換股份將於行使轉換權時配發及發行。如果2023年可換股票據在轉換期內直至到期日未轉換,則將於到期日按面值與未償還應計利息贖回。年利率5%的利息將每半年支付一次,直至結算日為止。

2023年可換股票據包含負債部分和權益部分。權益部分於權益標題「可換股票據權益儲備」中呈列。於修訂日期,2023年可換股票據負債部分的實際年利率為17.15%。

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# 26. CONVERTIBLE NOTE CONTAINING LIABILITY AND EQUITY COMPONENTS (Continued)

27.

The movement of the liability component of the above convertible note is set out below:

# 26. 可換股票據包含負債及權益部分 (續)

上述可換股票據負債部分之變動載列如下:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	167,954	159,949
Derecognition of original liability component upon modification of terms	修訂可換股票據條款後取消確認原 有負債部分	,	.00,0.0
of convertible note		(212,063)	-
Recognition of new liability component upon modification of terms of convertible note	修訂可換股票據條款後確認新負債 部分	143,755	_
Derecognition of original liability  component upon partial redemption	部分贖回可換股票據後取消確認原 有負債部分	143,733	
of the convertible note		(64,198)	-
Accretion of interest	利息之自然增值	20,525	17,941
Interest paid	已付利息	(8,747)	(9,936
At the end of the year	於年末	47,226	167,954
SECURED BANK BORROWINGS	27.	有抵押銀行借貸 2025 HK\$*000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount repayable as follows (based on the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements):	應償還款項之賬面值如下(根據貸款協議內所列之償還日期):		
<ul><li>within one year</li><li>within a period of more than one year</li></ul>	- 一年內 - 多於一年但不超過兩年期間內	1,575,285	1,161,664
but not exceeding two years  - within a period of more than two years	- 多於兩年但不超過五年期間內	297,798	834,368
but not exceeding five years	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	19,177	50,800
- within a period of more than five years	- 超過五年期間內		19,902
Less: Amount due within one year	減:於流動負債項下之一年內到期	1,892,260	2,066,734
shown under current liabilities	之金額	(1,575,285)	(1,161,664
Amount due after one year shown under	於非流動負債項下之一年後到期之		
non-current liabilities	金額	316,975	905,070

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For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 27. SECURED BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

At 31 March 2025, the Group's secured bank borrowings carry interest ranging from Hong Kong Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") plus 1.3% to 2.5% (2024: HIBOR plus 0.7% to 1.8%, Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus 0.8%) per annum, with effective interest ranging from 5.1% to 6.4% (2024: 5.3% to 6.4%) per annum. The loans are secured by certain assets as set out in note 35. The proceeds were mainly used to finance acquisition of investment properties, development of properties and acquisition of financial products.

The Group's secured bank borrowings that are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below:

## 27. 有抵押銀行借貸(續)

於2025年3月31日,本集團之有抵押銀行借貸年利率介乎香港銀行同業拆息(「香港銀行同業拆息」)加1.3%至2.5%(2024年:香港銀行同業拆息加0.7%至1.8%,擔保隔夜融資利率(「擔保隔夜融資利率」)加0.8%),其實際年利率介乎5.1%至6.4%(2024年:5.3%至6.4%)。貸款以附註35所載若干資產作抵押。款項主要用作收購投資物業,物業發展及購買金融產品之融資。

本集團以有關集團實體功能貨幣以外 之貨幣列值之有抵押銀行借貸載列如 下:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
HKD	港元	-	4,614
USD	美元		7,007

#### 28. LEASE LIABILITIES

#### 28. 租賃負債

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease liabilities payable:	應付之租賃負債:		
Within a period not exceeding one year Within a period of more than one year but	不超過一年期間內 多於一年但不超過兩年期間內	2,447	2,335
not exceeding two years		1,077	2,366
Within a period of more than two years but not exceeding five years	多於兩年但不超過五年期間內	-	1,025
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months shown under current	減:12個月內到期結算之金額顯 示於流動負債下	3,524	5,726
liabilities	小小川却只良工	(2,447)	(2,335)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months under non-current liabilities	12個月後到期結算之金額顯示於非 流動負債下	1,077	3,391

The Group leases a property to operate its business and these lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not yet paid.

本集團承租物業以經營其業務,而這 些租賃負債以尚未支付的租賃付款額 的現值計量。

Lease and rentals are negotiated and fixed for a terms of 2 to 3 years (2024: 3 years).

租約經協商固定為期2至3年(2024年: 3年)。



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# 29. DEFERRED TAXATION

# 29. 遞延税項

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項資產 遞延税項負債	319	328
Deferred tax liabilities	<u> </u>	(3,756)	(7,936)

The followings are the major deferred tax assets (liabilities) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

於年內及過往年度已確認為主要之遞延稅項資產(負債)以及其變動如下:

		ECL allowance 預期信貸 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Convertible note issued 發行可換股 票據 HK\$'000 千港元	Revaluation of properties 物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023 (Charge) credit to profit or loss	於2023年4月1日 於本年度損益中(開	8,975	(9,257)	(24,536)	(24,818)
for the year	支)計入 匯兑調整	(8,647)	1,321	23,470 1,066	16,144
Exchange adjustments	<b>進元初</b> 策			1,000	1,066
At 31 March 2024 Charge to profit or loss	於2024年3月31日 於本年度損益中開	328	(7,936)	-	(7,608)
for the year Release upon partial	支部分贖回可換股票	(9)	(6,781)	-	(6,790)
redemption of convertible note  Recognition upon modification	據後解除 修訂可換股票據條	-	15,198	_	15,198
of terms of convertible note	款後確認	-	(26,609)	_	(26,609)
Release upon modification of terms of convertible note	修訂可換股票據條 款後解除	-	22,372		22,372
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	319	(3,756)	-	(3,437)

At 31 March 2025, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$509,167,000 (2024: HK\$393,131,000) available for offset against future profits. The tax losses can be carried forward indefinitely. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

於2025年3月31日,本集團有未動用 税項虧損509,167,000港元(2024年: 393,131,000港元)以用作抵銷未來溢 利。税項虧損可無限期結轉。由於未 能預計未來溢利收入,就該等虧損沒 有確認其遞延税項資產。

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### 29. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

At 31 March 2025, the Group has deductible temporary differences of HK\$331,361,000 (2024: HK\$181,988,000). A deferred tax has been recognised in respect of HK\$1,936,000 (2024: HK\$1,991,000) of such temporary differences. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to the remaining deductible temporary difference of HK\$329,425,000 (2024: HK\$179,997,000) as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Under the EIT Law of PRC, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. At 31 March 2025, deferred taxation has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiary amounting to RMB7,360,000 (2024: RMB17,121,000) as the amount involved is insignificant.

### 29. 遞延税項(續)

於2025年3月31日,本集團的可抵扣暫時性差額為331,361,000港元(2024年:181,988,000港元)。已就1,936,000港元(2024年:1,991,000港元)該等暫時性差額確認遞延税項。由於不大可能有應課稅溢利可用作抵扣可抵扣暫時性差額329,425,000港元(2024年:179,997,000港元)確認遞延稅項資產。

根據中國企業所得稅法,自2008年1月 1日起就中國附屬公司賺取的溢利宣派 的股息徵收預扣稅。於2025年3月31日 由於涉及金額不大,故綜合財務報表並 未就中國附屬公司累計溢利應佔暫時性 差額人民幣7,360,000元(2024年:人 民幣17,121,000元)計提遞延稅項。

### 30. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 30. 股本

		Notes 附註	Nominal value per share 每股面值 HK\$ 港元	Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定:				
At 1 April 2023, 31 March 2024	於2023年4月1日、2024				
and 31 March 2025	年3月31日及2025年				
	3月31日		0.01	40,000,000,000	400,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:				
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日			2,125,924,676	21,259
Reduction of share capital upon	資本重組時減少股本				
capital reorganisation		(i)	0.01	(2,072,776,560)	(20,728)
Issue of shares upon placing	配售時發行股份	(ii)	0.01	50,000,000	500
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日			103,148,116	1,031
Issue of shares upon placing	配售時發行股份	(iii)	0.01	235,000,000	2,350
Rights issue of shares	股份供股	(iv)	0.01	676,296,232	6,763
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日			1,014,444,348	10,144

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### 30. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

#### Notes:

- On 17 July 2023, a special resolution has been passed by the shareholders of the Company for a capital reorganisation which involves share consolidation, capital reduction and share subdivision. Consolidation of every forty issued and unissued existing shares of par value of HK\$0.01 each into one consolidated share of par value of HK\$0.40 each (the "Consolidated Share(s)") in the share capital of the Company. Immediately upon the share consolidation becoming effective, the par value of each issued Consolidated Share is reduced from HK\$0.40 to HK\$0.01 by a cancellation of HK\$0.39 of the paid-up capital on each issued Consolidated Share so that each issued Consolidated Share is treated as one fully paid up share of par value HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company (the "New Share(s)") and the credit arising from the capital reduction be transferred to the contributed surplus account of the Company. Immediately following the share consolidation and capital reduction, each authorised but unissued Consolidated Share (including those authorised unissued Consolidated Shares arising from the capital reduction) is subdivided into forty authorised but unissued New Shares of par value HK\$0.01 each. The capital reorganisation is completed on 19 July 2023. Details of the capital reorganisation are set out in the Company's circular dated 21 June 2023.
- (ii) On 3 August 2023, the Company allotted 50,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each by placing to not less than six placees at a placing price of HK\$0.5 per share. The Company raised HK\$24,750,000 (net of expenses) with the intention at the time of placing to be used for repayment of the Group's bank loans. The new placing shares were issued pursuant to the specific mandate granted to the directors by a resolution of the shareholders of the Company passed at the special general meeting held on 24 July 2023.
- (iii) On 17 April 2024, the Company allotted 235,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each by placing to not less than six placees at a placing price of HK\$0.18 per share. The Company raised HK\$41,877,000 (net of expenses) with the intention at the time of placing to be used for repayment of the Group's bank loans and general working capital of the Group. The new placing shares were issued pursuant to the specific mandate granted to the directors by a resolution of the shareholders of the Company passed at the special general meeting held on 21 March 2024.
- (iv) On 4 February 2025, the Company allotted 676,296,232 rights shares of HK\$0.01 each at a subscription price of HK\$0.092 per rights share on the basis of two rights shares for every one then existing ordinary share held. The Company raised HK\$62,219,000 (before expenses) with the intention at the time of rights issue for repayment of the Group's bank loans and as general working capital of the Group.

All shares issued during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 rank pari passu with the then existing shares in issue in all respects.

#### 30. 股本(續)

#### 附註:

- 於2023年7月17日,本公司股東就股本 重組 诵 過 一 項 特 別 決 議 案 , 當 中 涉 及 股份合併、股本削減及股份拆細。每 四十股每股面值0.01港元的已發行及 未發行現有股份合併為本公司股本中 一股每股面值0.40港元的合併股份(「合 併股份1)。緊隨股份合併生效後,每股 已發行合併股份的面值由0.40港元減少 至0.01港元,乃通過註銷每股已發行合 併股份的繳足股本0.39港元,使每股已 發行合併股份被視 為本公司股本中一 股每股面值0.01港元的繳足股本(「新股 份1),而因股本削減而產生的進賬款額 將轉移至本公司實繳盈餘賬。緊隨股份 合併及股本削減後,每股法定但未發行 合併股份(包括該等因股本削減而產生的 法定未發行合併股份)分拆為四十股法 定但未發行新股份,每股面值為0.01港 元。股本重組於2023年7月19日完成。 股本重組的詳情載於本公司日期為2023 年6月21日的通函。
- (ii) 於2023年8月3日,本公司以每股0.5港 元的配售價向不少於六名承配人配發 50,000,000股每股面值0.01港元的普通 股。本公司籌集24,750,000港元(扣除開 支),擬於配售時用作償還本集團銀行 貸款。新配售股份乃根據本公司股東於 2023年7月24日舉行的股東特別大會上 通過的決議授予董事的特別授權發行。
- (ii) 於2024年4月17日,本公司向不少於六 名承配人配售235,000,000股每股面值 0.01港元的普通股,配售價為每股0.18 港元。本公司籌集41,877,000港元(扣除 開支),擬於配售時用作價還本集團銀行 貸款及本集團一般營運資金。新配售股 份乃根據本公司股東於2024年3月21日 舉行的股東特別大會上通過的決議授予 董事的特別授權發行。
- (iv) 於2025年2月4日,本公司按每持有一股當時現有普通股獲發兩股供股股份之基準,以每股供股股份0.092港元之認購價配發676,296,232股每股面值0.01港元之供股股份。本公司籌集62,219,000港元(扣除開支前),擬於供股時用作償還本集團銀行貸款,並用作本集團一般營運資金。

所有於截至2025年及2024年3月31日 止年度發行之股份於各方面與當時已 發行股份享有同等權利。



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 31. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

# 31. 來自融資活動之負債之調節表

下表詳列本集團來自融資活動之負債 變動,包括現金及非現金變動。來自 融資活動之負債乃有關現金流量等, 或未來現金流量將會分類為本集團之 綜合現金流量表之來自融資活動之現 金流量。

			Secured		
		Convertible	bank	Lease	
		note	borrowings 有抵押	liabilities	Total
		可換股票據	銀行借貸	租賃負債	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(note 26)	(note 27)	(note 28)	
		(附註26)	(附註27)	(附註28)	
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	159,949	1,871,919	1,260	2,033,128
Bank borrowings raised	籌集銀行借貸	-	306,798	-	306,798
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	_	(111,256)	_	(111,256)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	_	-	(2,410)	(2,410)
Payment of loan arrangement fee	支付貸款安排費用	_	(500)	(=, ,	(500)
Interest paid	已付利息	(9,936)	(104,931)	(218)	(115,085)
		150,013	1,962,030	(1,368)	2,110,675
Non-cash changes:	非現金變動:				
- Interest expense on convertible note	- 可換股票據之利息				
·	開支	17,941	-	_	17,941
- Interest expense on bank borrowings	- 銀行借貸之利息				
	開支	-	104,931	-	104,931
- Interest expense on lease liabilities	- 租賃負債之利息				
	開支	-	-	218	218
<ul> <li>New lease entered</li> </ul>	- 新訂立租賃	_	-	6,876	6,876
- Exchange adjustments	- 匯兑調整	-	(227)	_	(227)
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	167,954	2,066,734	5,726	2,240,414
Bank borrowings raised	籌集銀行借貸	_	221,079	_	221,079
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	_	(393,674)	_	(393,674)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	_		(2,353)	(2,353)
Partial redemption of convertible note	部分贖回可換股票據	(64,198)	-	_	(64,198)
Payment of loan arrangement fee	支付貸款安排費用	-	(1,879)	_	(1,879)
Interest paid	已付利息	(8,747)	(123,193)	(263)	(132,203)
		95,009	1,769,067	3,110	1,867,186



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 31. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (Continued)

# 31. 來自融資活動之負債之調節表(續)

			Secured		
		Convertible	bank	Lease	
		note	borrowings 有抵押	liabilities	Total
		可換股票據 HK\$'000	銀行借貸 HK\$'000	租賃負債 HK\$'000	總額 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(note 26) (附註26)	(note 27) (附註27)	(note 28) (附註28)	
Non-cash changes:	非現金變動:				
Derecognition of original liability     component upon modification	- 修訂可換股票據後 取消確認原有負				
of terms of convertible note  - Recognition of new liability component	情部分 - 修訂可換股票據後	(212,063)	-	-	(212,063)
upon modification of terms of convertible note	確認新負債部分	143,755	-	-	143,755
- Interest expense on convertible note	- 可換股票據之利 息開支	20,525	-	-	20,525
- Interest expense on bank borrowings	- 銀行借貸之利息 開支	· _	100 100		
- Interest expense on lease liabilities	用又 - 租賃負債之利息		123,193		123,193
- New lease entered	開支 - 新訂立租賃	-	-	263 151	263 151
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	47,226	1,892,260	3,524	1,943,010

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(a) Save as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group had the following transactions with

wholly-owned subsidiaries of Easyknit International:

#### 32. 關聯人士交易/關連交易

(a) 除綜合財務報表所披露外,於年內,本集團與永義國際之全資附屬公司進行如下交易:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Consultancy fee Building management fee Interest expense on lease liabilities	諮詢費	-	2,621
	大廈管理費	60	-
	租賃負債之利息開支	263	218

The Group rented certain of its office premises from Easyknit International. At 31 March 2025, lease liabilities amounted to HK\$3,524,000 (2024: HK\$5,726,000) and refundable rental deposits paid (included in "trade and other receivables" line item) amounted to HK\$416,000 (2024: HK\$416,000).

Ms. Lui Yuk Chu, a director of the Company, also holds 13.52% (2024: 13.52%) equity interest of Easyknit International through an entity wholly-owned by her and under share option scheme.

(b) Details of the convertible note issued to Easyknit International are set out in note 26. During the year, the interests on convertible note are as follows:

本集團向永義國際承租其若干辦公室。於2025年3月31日,本年度的租賃負債為3,524,000港元(2024年:5,726,000港元),已付的可退還租金按金(包括在「貿易及其他應收款」項目中)為416,000港元(2024年:416,000港元)。

本公司董事雷玉珠女士亦通過其 全資擁有的實體及根據購股權計 劃持有永義國際之13.52%(2024 年:13.52%)股權。

(b) 發行給永義國際之可換股票據的 詳情在附註26。於年內,這些可 換股票據的利息如下:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Accretion of interest	利息之自然增值	20,525	17,941
Interest paid	已付利息	8,747	9,936



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(c)

#### Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of executive directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

#### 32. 關聯人士交易/關連交易(續)

#### (c) 主要管理人員之薪酬

執行董事及其他主要管理人員於 年內之酬金如下:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits Salaries and other benefits	短期僱員福利 薪金及其他福利	14,486	14,488
Contributions to retirement benefits schemes	退休福利計劃供款	101	83
		14,587	14,571

The remuneration of directors and key executives are determined by the remuneration committee and executive directors, respectively, having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

(d) In January 2011, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Mr. Koon Wing Yee, the spouse of Ms. Lui Yuk Chu, to act as general manager of the Company. The employment agreement, which constitutes a connected transaction, commenced on 21 February 2011 but may be terminated by either party at any time by three months' notice. The monthly salary has been adjusted a few times to HK\$475,000 with effect from 1 April 2023. The remuneration of Mr. Koon Wing Yee as general manager of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2024 was HK\$2,391,000 and was included in the "compensation of key management personnel" in (c) above. On 1 September 2023, Mr. Koon Wing Yee resigned as general manager of the Company and the employment agreement was terminated.

董事及主要行政人員之酬金分別 由薪酬委員會及執行董事按照個 別人士之表現及市場趨勢而釐 定。

於2011年1月,本公司與雷玉珠 女士之配偶官永義先生訂立僱 用協議,僱用彼為本公司總經 理。該構成一項關連交易之僱用 協議由2011年2月21日開始,但 可於任何時候由其中任何一方 給予三個月通知而終止。每月 薪金作出了數次調整至自2023 年4月1日起為475,000港元。截 至2024年3月31日止年內官永義 先生作為本公司總經理之酬金 為2,391,000港元及已包括在以 上(c)項之「主要管理人員之薪酬」 內。於2023年9月1日,官永義 先生辭去本公司總經理,而該僱 用協議已終止。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

## 32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### (d) (Continued)

In November 2020, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Ms. Koon Ho Yan Candy, the daughter of Ms. Lui Yuk Chu, to act as a senior special advisor of the Company. The employment agreement, which constitutes a connected transaction, commenced on 25 November 2020 but may be terminated by either party at any time. The monthly salary is HK\$30,000 with effect from 1 April 2022. The remuneration of Ms. Koon Ho Yan Candy as a senior special advisor of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025 was HK\$360,000 (2024: HK\$360,000).

- (e) During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group received rental income totalling HK\$288,000 (2024: HK\$288,000) from certain close relatives of Ms. Lui Yuk Chu.
- (f) On 29 August 2023, City China International Limited ("City China"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into a revolving loan agreement with Main Profit Investment Limited ("Main Profit"), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of Easyknit International to grant the revolving loan facility in the principal amount up to a maximum of HK\$80,000,000 from effective date on 20 November 2023 for a term of two years with fixed interest rate 6% per annum. The revolving loan is guaranteed by Easyknit International. For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 29 August 2023.

As at 31 March 2025, the outstanding balance of loan provided to Main Profit amounted to nil (2024: HK\$30,000,000), giving rise to interest income amounting to HK\$2,743,000 (2024: HK\$404,000) during the year ended 31 March 2025.

(g) During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Group received service charge of HK\$276,000 (2024: HK\$414,000) from a joint venture for the rendering of administration services.

#### 32. 關聯人士交易/關連交易(續)

#### (d) (續)

2020年11月,本公司與雷玉珠 女士的女兒官可欣女士簽訂聘 用協議,擔任本公司高級特別 顧問。該聘用協議構成關聯交 易,於2020年11月25日開始生 效,但任何一方均可隨時終止。 自2022年4月1日起生效,月薪 為30,000港元。官可欣女士於 截至2025年3月31日止年度擔任 本公司高級特別顧問的薪酬為 360,000港元(2024年: 360,000 港元)。

- (e) 截至2025年3月31日止年度內, 本集團收取雷玉珠女士之若干 近親之租金收入共288,000港元 (2024年: 288,000港元)。
- (f) 於2023年8月29日,城中國際有限公司(「城中」)(本集團的一間間接全資附屬公司)與明潤投資有限公司(「明潤」,永義國際的一間間接全資附屬公司)訂立循環貸款協議,以授予本金金額最多為80,000,000港元之循環貸款信貸,生效日期為2023年11月20日,為期兩年,固定利率為每年6%。該循環貸款由永義國際擔保。詳情請參閱本公司日期為2023年8月29日的公佈。

於2025年3月31日,明潤獲提供貸款的未償還餘額為零(2024年:30,000,000港元),於截至2025年3月31日止年度產生利息收入2,743,000港元(2024年:404,000港元)。

(g) 截至2025年3月31日止年度,本 集團向一間合營公司就提供行政 服務收取服務費276,000元(2024 年:414,000港元)。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 33. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debts, which includes convertible note and secured bank borrowings disclosed in notes 26 and 27, respectively, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and other reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with the capital. Based on recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through new share issues and raising or repayment of bank borrowings and other debts.

#### 33. 資本風險管理

本集團對其資本實行管理以確保本集 團旗下實體可繼續持續經營,透過使 債項及股本結餘達致最佳平衡而為股 東爭取得到最大回報。本集團之整體 策略自過往年度維持不變。

本集團之資本架構包含債務淨額,當 中包括分別於附註26及27披露之可換 股票據及有抵押銀行借貸、扣除現金 及現金等價物及包含已發行股本、累 計溢利及其他儲備之本公司股東應佔 權益。

本公司董事定期檢討資本架構。作為檢討的一部分,本公司董事考慮資本成本及資本的相關風險。根據本公司董事的建議,本集團將透過發行新股及籌集或償還銀行借貸及其他債務,以平衡整體資本架構。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 34. 金融工具

#### a. Categories of financial instruments

#### a. 金融工具之類別

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Figure	ム可次文		
Financial assets	金融資產	50.04.4	440.047
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益之金融資產	50,214	110,817
Debt instruments at FVTOCI	按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務		400
	工具	80	100
Amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents)	攤銷成本(包括現金及現金等價物)		
- Trade and other receivables	- 貿易及其他應收款項	20,608	20,919
- Amount due from a joint venture	- 應收一間合營公司款項	7,850	1,850
- Amount due from a related party	- 應收一名關聯方款項	_	30,000
- Loans receivable	- 應收貸款	29,578	31,023
- Debt instrument at amortised cost	- 按攤銷成本計量之債務工具	22,336	22,576
- Time deposits over three months	- 超過三個月的定期存款	-	31,183
- Cash and cash equivalents	- 現金及現金等價物	57,266	299,717
		187,932	548,185
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Amortised cost	難銷成本		
- Trade and other payables	- 貿易及其他應付款項	58,083	79,240
- Convertible note	- 可換股票據	47,226	167,954
Secured bank borrowings	- 有抵押銀行借貸	1,892,260	2,066,734
Occured Dalik Dollowings	只是一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个	1,002,200	2,000,704
		1,997,569	2,313,928

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### b. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include amount due from a joint venture, amount due from a related party, financial assets at FVTPL, debt instruments at FVTOCI, trade and other receivables, loans receivable, debt instrument at amortised cost, time deposits over three months, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables, convertible note and secured bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure that appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Market risk

#### (i) Currency risk

The carrying amount of the group entities' foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括應收 一間合營公司款項、應收一名關 聯方款項、按公平值計入損益之 金融資產、按公平值計入其他全 面收益之債務工具、貿易及其他 應收款項、應收貸款、按攤銷成 本計量之債務工具、超過三個月 的定期存款、現金及現金等價 物、貿易及其他應付款項、可換 股票據及有抵押銀行借貸。該等 金融工具之詳情已披露於相關附 註內。該等金融工具涉及之風險 以及如何降低該等風險之政策載 列如下。管理層管理及監控該等 風險以確保適時及有效地採取適 當措施。

#### 市場風險

#### (i) 貨幣風險

於報告期末,以外幣列值 之集團實體之貨幣資產及 貨幣負債之賬面值如下:

		Liabilities 負債		Assets 資產	
		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
USD against HKD	美元兑港元	_	_	31,262	52,689
SGD against HKD	新加坡元兑港元	_	4,614	140	963
RMB against HKD	人民幣兑港元	_	_	86	14,697
USD against SGD	美元兑新加坡元	_	7,007	81	100

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(i) Currency risk (Continued)
Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the exchange rate risk on USD against RMB for the foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities.

Under the pegged exchange rate system, the financial impact on exchange difference between HKD and USD will be immaterial, and therefore no sensitivity analysis has been prepared. No sensitivity analysis for the currency risk of SGD against HKD and USD against SGD is prepared as the directors of the Company consider the net impact of such foreign currency risk is insignificant.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in RMB against HKD. Sensitivity rate of 5% is used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive (negative) number below indicates a decrease (increase) in post-tax loss where RMB strengthens 5% against HKD. For a 5% weakening of RMB against HKD, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the post-tax loss.

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

(i) 貨幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

本集團就外幣列值之貨幣 資產及貨幣負債之匯率風 險主要是來自美元兑人民 幣之風險。

下表詳細列出了本集團對 人民幣兑港元升值和降幅 5%的敏感度。內部向主 要管理人員報告外匯風險 時,使用5%的敏感度, 代表管理層對合理的匯率 變動的評估。敏感度分析 僅包括未償還的外幣計價 貨幣,並在報告期末調整 其換算,以使外幣匯率 變動5%。下面的正數(負 數)表示當人民幣對港元 升值5%,税後虧損減少 (增加)。如果人民幣兑港 元貶值5%,則會對稅後 虧損產生同等而相反的影 響。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(i) Currency risk (Continued)
Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

20252024HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元

Increase in post-tax loss

税後虧損增加

4

614

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis reflects the exposure at the year end, but not the exposure during the year.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy to eliminate the currency exposures. However, the management monitors the related foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposures should the need arise.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's primary cash flow interest rate risk relates to it secured bank borrowings. The interest rates and terms of repayment of the secured bank borrowings of the Group are disclosed in note 27.

The Group is also exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to certain financial assets at FVTPL, debt instruments at FVTOCI, debt instrument at amortised cost, amount due from a related party, time deposits over three months, cash and cash equivalents, fixed-rate loans receivable, fixed-rate staff loan and convertible note. The Group has not used any derivative contracts to hedge its exposure to such interest rate risk, however, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider other necessary action when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

管理層認為・敏感度分析 反映的是年底的情況・而 不反映年內的情況。

本集團目前並無外幣對沖 政策以消除貨幣風險。然 而,管理層密切監察相關 外幣風險,並將於有需要 時考慮對沖重大外幣風 險。

#### (ii) 利率風險

本集團的主要現金流量利率風險與其有抵押銀行借貸有關。本集團有抵押銀行借貸的利率及償還條款於附註27披露。

本集團亦就按公平值計入 損益之金融資產、按公平 值計入其他全面收益之債 務工具、按攤銷成本計量 之債務工具、應收一名關 聯方款項、超過三個月的 定期存款、現金及現金等 價物、應收固定利率貸 款、固定利率員工貸款及 可換股票據承擔公平值利 率風險。本集團並無使用 任何衍生合約來對沖該等 利率風險,但管理層會監 察利率風險,並會在預期 出現重大利率風險時考慮 採取其他必要行動。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risk (Continued)

#### (ii) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk on financial liabilities is detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of HIBOR (2024: HIBOR and SOFR) arising from secured bank borrowings.

Total interest revenue/income from financial assets that are measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI is as follows:

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

#### (ii) 利率風險(續)

本集團於金融負債之利率 風險已於本附註之流動資 金風險管理一節內詳述。 本集團之現金流量利率風 險主要來自與有抵押銀行 借貸之香港銀行同業拆息 (2024年:香港銀行同業 拆息及擔保隔夜融資利 率)波動。

按攤銷成本或按公平值計 入其他全面收益計量之金 融資產之利息收益/收入 總額如下:

		2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest revenue	利息收益		
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產	1,329	1,930
Other income	其他收入		
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產	6,399	8,585
Total interest income	總利息收入	7,728	10,515

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments as referred to above at the end of the reporting period and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period. A 100 basis points increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

#### 敏感度分析

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (Continued)
Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher or lower for its variable rate borrowings and all other variables were held constant, the Group's post-tax loss for the year ended 31 March 2025 would increase/decrease by HK\$15,800,000 (2024: HK\$17,257,000).

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analyses are unrepresentative of the inherent interest rate risk as the year end exposure does not reflect the exposure during the year.

#### (iii) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to other price risk through its investments in listed equity and debt securities. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks. The Group's price risk is mainly concentrated on listed equity instruments quoted in the Stock Exchange of issuers engaged in operation and investment in food and beverage brands and banking and finance industry sector. In addition, the Group has appointed a special team to monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

如果浮動利率借貸的利率 升高或降低100個基點且 所有其他變量保持不變, 則本集團截至2025年3月 31日止年度的稅後虧損將 增加/減少15,800,000港 元(2024年:17,257,000 港元)。

管理層認為,該敏感度分析並不能代表潛在利率風險,因年底風險不能反映 年內風險。

#### (iii) 其他價格風險

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(iii) Other price risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risk at the reporting date.

If the prices of the listed equity instruments have been 5% (2024: 5%) higher/lower, post-tax loss for the year ended 31 March 2025 would decrease/increase by HK\$2,508,000 (2024: HK\$2,356,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of listed equity instruments.

In the management's opinion, the financial impact on price risk of debt securities as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 would be immaterial, and therefore no sensitivity analysis has been prepared.

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties are primarily attributable to trade receivables, lease receivables, loans receivable, other receivables, time deposits over three months, bank balances, debt instruments at amortised cost, amount due from a joint venture, amount due from a related party and debt instruments at FVTOCI. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risk associated with its financial assets, except that the credit risk associated with loans receivable is mitigated because they are secured over marketable securities or properties.

At the end of reporting period, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information including forecast of unemployment rate index and other relevant factors are considered.

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

iii) 其他價格風險(續) 敏感度分析 以下敏感度分析是根據於 報告日期所承受之股本價 格風險釐定。

> 倘上市股本工具價格上 升/下降5%(2024年:5 %),於截至2025年3月31 日止年度之税後虧損將因 上市股本工具之公平值變 動而減少/增加2,508,000 港元(2024年:2,356,000 港元)。

> 管理層認為,於2025年及 2024年3月31日債務證券 對價格風險的財務影響並 不重大,故並無編製敏感 度分析。

#### 信貸風險及減值評估

於2025年及2024年3月31日, 行2025年及2024年3月31日, 有2025年及2024年3月31日, 有2025年及2024年3月31日, 1025年及2024年3月31日, 1026年3月31日, 1026年3月31日, 1026年, 1027年, 1028年, 1028年 1028年 1028年 1028年 1028年 1028年 1028年 1028年 1028年 

於報告期末,對歷史觀察到的違約率進行了重新評估,並考慮了包括失業率指數預測和其他相關因素在內的前瞻性信息的變化。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Except for financial assets at FVTPL, the Group performed impairment assessment for financial assets under ECL model. Information about the Group's credit risk management, maximum credit risk exposures and the related impairment assessment, if applicable, are summarised as below:

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment for the Group's financial assets comprises the following categories:

可能

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

除按公平值計入損益之金融資產 外,本集團根據預期信貸虧損模 式對金融資產進行了減值評估。 有關本集團信貸風險管理,最大 信貸風險情況及相關減值評估 (如適用)的信息摘要如下:

本集團金融資產之內部信貸風險 評級包括以下類別:

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Description 詳情	Trade and lease receivables 貿易及租賃應收款項	Financial assets other than trade and lease receivables 金融資產(不包括貿易 及租賃應收款項)
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have	Lifetime ECL - not credit- impaired	12m ECL
低風險	any past-due amounts 交易對手違約風險低且並無任何 逾期款項	整個週期的預期信貸虧損-非信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Medium risk	Debtor frequently repays after due date	Lifetime ECL – not credit- impaired	12m ECL
中風險	債務人經常於到期日後還款	整個週期的預期信貸虧損-非信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
High risk	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL – not credit- impaired	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
高風險	透過內部形成的資料或外部來源信貸風險自首次確認以來出現大幅增加	整個週期的預期信貸虧損-非信貸減值	整個週期的預期信貸 虧損 - 非信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL - credit- impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產出現信貸減值	整個週期的預期信貸虧損-信 貸減值	•
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
撇銷	有證據顯示債務人陷入嚴重財務 困難,本集團認為無實際收回	金額撇銷	金額撇銷



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### 34. 金融工具(續)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The table below details the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets, which are subject to ECL assessment:

External

Internal

12m

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表載列本集團金融資產根據預 期信貸虧損評估的信貸風險詳 情:

Gross

	Notes	credit rating	credit rating	or lifetime ECL 12個月或整個週期的	Loss ra	te range	carrying	amount
	附註	外部信貸評級	內部信貸評級	預期信貸虧損	損失	率範圍	賬面	總值
					2025	2024	2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
Debt instruments at FVTOCI 按公平值計入其他全面收益之債 務工具								
Investments in listed bonds (Note (i)) 上市債券之投資(附註(i))	19	C to Ca C至Ca	N/A 不適用	Lifetime ECL - credit- impaired 整個週期的預期信 貸虧損 - 信貸減 值	100%	100%	11,980	12,000
Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產								
Loans receivable	18	N/A	Low risk	12m ECL	3% to 9%	3% to 8%	30,600	32,100
應收貸款		不適用	低風險	12個月預期信貸虧 損	3%至9%	3%至8%		
Lease receivables	22	N/A	(Note ii)	Lifetime ECL - not credit-impaired	N/A	N/A	2,584	859
租賃應收款項		不適用	(附註ii)	整個週期的預期信	不適用	不適用		
				貸虧損 - 非信貸 減值				
Other receivables 其他應收款項	22	N/A 不適用	(Note ii) (附註ii)	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧 損	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	18,024	20,060
Debt instrument at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之債務工具	20	N/A 不適用	(Note ii) (附註ii)	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧 損	4%	4%	23,250	23,490



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

	Notes	External credit rating	Internal credit rating	12m or lifetime ECL 12個月或整個週期的	Loss rate	erange	Gro carrying	amount
	附註	外部信貸評級	內部信貸評級	預期信貸虧損	損失率	範圍	賬面	總值
					2025	2024	2025	2024
							HK\$'000	HK\$'000
							千港元	千港元
Amount due from a joint venture		N/A	(Note ii)	12m ECL	N/A	N/A	7,850	1,850
應收一間合營公司款項		不適用	(附註ii)	12個月預期信貸虧 損	不適用	不適用		
Amount due from a related party	32(f)	N/A	(Note ii)	12m ECL	N/A	N/A	_	30,000
應收一名關聯方款項	- (/	不適用	(附註ii)	12個月預期信貸虧 損	不適用	不適用		,
Time deposits over three months	24	Prime - 1	N/A	12m ECL	N/A	N/A	-	31,183
超過三個月的定期存款		最優惠−1	不適用	12個月預期信貸虧 損	不適用	不適用		
Bank balances	24	Prime - 2 to A1	N/A	12m ECL	N/A	N/A	57,266	299,717
		(2024: Prime – 2 to A1)					, , , ,	,
銀行結餘	24	最優惠-2至A1 (2024年:最優 東-2至A1)	不適用	12個月預期信貸虧 損	不適用	不適用		
		惠-2至A1)		, .				

#### Notes:

- (i) The amounts stated in the above table represent the initial purchase cost. For the purpose of ECL assessment, the Group considers the gross principal amount and the related contractual interests of the debt instruments. As at 31 March 2025, the gross principal amount of these debt instruments amounted to HK\$11,900,000 (2024: HK\$11,900,000).
- (ii) For the purpose of internal credit impairment, the Group considers if there is any past due record or other relevant information available without undue cost or effort to assess whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition.

#### 附註:

- (i) 上述表格中的金額為初始購買成本。就預期信貸虧損評估而言,本集團考慮債務工具的本金總額及相關的合約權益。於2025年3月31日,該等債務工具的本金總額為11,900,000港元(2024年:11,900,000港元)。
- (ii) 就內部信貸減值而言,本集團考 慮是否有任何逾期記錄或毋須繁 重成本或努力可得之其他相關資 料評估自初始確認後信貸風險是 否已顯著增加。

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Debt instruments at FVTOCI

The Group assesses the credit risk of investments in debt securities at the reporting date. The Group's debt instruments at FVTOCI mainly comprise listed bonds that are graded by credit-rating agencies as per globally understood definitions and some bonds without external credit rating are assessed by internal credit ratings.

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

按公平值計入其他全面收益之債務工具

本集團於報告日期評估債務證券 投資的信貸風險。本集團按公平 值計入其他全面收益之債務工具 主要包括由信用評級機構根據全 球理解的定義進行評級的上市債 券,一些沒有外部信用評級的債 券則通過內部信用評級進行評 估。

> Lifetime ECL - credit impaired 整個週期的預期 信貸虧損 - 信貸減值

> > HK\$'000

千港元

13,675

At 1 April 2023

Changes due to debt instruments at FVTOCI recognised as at 1 April 2023

- Net remeasurement of ECL

At 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2025

於2023年4月1日

由於按公平值計入其他全面收益之 債務工具的變動於2023年

4月1日確認

- 預期信貸虧損之淨重估

(1,775)

於2024年3月31日及 2025年3月31日

11,900

#### Debt instrument at amortised cost

The Group assesses the credit risk of investments in debt securities at the reporting date. The Group's debt instrument at amortised cost comprises a promissory note without external credit rating, which has been assessed by internal credit rating.

#### 按攤銷成本計量之債務工具

本集團於報告日評估債務證券投資的 信用風險。本集團按攤銷成本計量之 債務工具包括沒有外部信用評級的承 兑票據,而經內部信用評級進行評 估。

> 12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損 HK\$'000

千港元

At 1 April 2023, 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2025

於2023年4月1日、2024年3月31日 及2025年3月31日

914



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Loans receivable

The Group has concentration of credit risk in relation to loans receivable, amounting to HK\$29,578,000 at 31 March 2025 (2024: HK\$31,023,000), from a few borrowers with 55% (2024: 55%) of the balance secured by properties with estimated fair values of HK\$18,595,000 (2024: HK\$17,745,000). The Group is not permitted to sell or repledge the collaterals in the absence of default by the borrower. There has not been any significant changes in the quality of the collateral held for the loans receivable. The largest borrower of the Group by itself accounted for approximately 33% (2024: 31%) of the Group's loans receivable at 31 March 2025.

The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding loans receivable to minimise credit risk. The management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to the credit risk are monitored on an ongoing basis. Impairment allowances on outstanding loans receivable are determined by an evaluation of financial background, financial condition and historical settlement records, including past due rates and default rates, of the borrowers and relevant information from public domain at the end of each reporting period. The borrowers are assigned different grading under internal credit ratings to calculate the ECL, taking into consideration of the estimates of expected cash shortfalls which are driven by estimates of possibility of default and the amount and timing of cash flows that are expected from foreclosure on the collaterals (if any) less the costs of obtaining and selling the collaterals.

#### Trade and lease receivables and other receivables

No allowance for impairment was made since the directors of the Company consider that the probability of default is minimal after assessing the counterparties' financial background and creditability.

#### Staff loans

No allowance for impairment was made since the directors of the Company consider that the amount involved is insignificant.

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

應收貸款

本集團就應收貸款的信貸風險集中,於2025年3月31日 為29,578,000港元(2024年: 31,023,000港元),來自少數借款人的55%(2024年:55%)由估計公平值為18,595,000港元(2024年:17,745,000港元)的物業作抵押。在借款人沒有違約的情況下,本集團不得出售或再抵押品。應收貸款持有的抵押品質量並無重大變化。於2025年3月31日,本集團最大借款人本身佔本集團應收貸款約33%(2024年:31%)。

本集團力求嚴格控制其未償還的 應收貸款,以盡量降低信貸風 險。管理層已製定信貸政策,並 持續監控信貸風險。未償還應收 貸款的減值撥備乃根據各報告期 末對借款人的財務背景、財務狀 况及歷史結算記錄(包括逾期率 及違約率)及來自公開領域的相 關資料的評估而釐定。借款人在 內部信用評級下被分配不同的等 級以計算預期信貸虧損,同時考 慮到對違約可能性的估計所驅動 的預期現金短缺的估計以及預期 因抵押品止贖而產生的現金流量 和時間(如有)減去取得和出售抵 押品的成本。

#### 貿易及租賃應收款項及其他應收 款項

經評估交易對手的財務背景及信 用後,並沒有作出減值撥備因本 公司董事認為違約概率極少。

#### 員工貸款

由於本公司董事認為,所涉金額 並不重大,因此並無作出減值撥 備。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Amount due from a joint venture

No allowance for impairment was made since the directors of the Company consider that the probability of default is minimal after assessing the joint venture's financial background and creditability.

#### Amount due from a related party

No allowance for impairment was made since the directors of the Company consider that the probability of default is minimal after assessing the related party's financial background and creditability.

Time deposits over three months and bank balances

No allowance for impairment was made since the directors of the Company consider that the probability of default is negligible as such amounts are receivable from or placed in banks with good reputation.

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations. The management monitors the utilisation of borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

As at 31 March 2025, the Group has available unutilised bank loan facilities of HK\$693,246,000 (2024: HK\$1,157,367,000).

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### b. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

應收一間合營公司款項 經評估合營公司的財務背景及信 用後,並沒有作出減值撥備因本 公司董事認為違約概率極少。

#### 應收一名關聯方款項

由於本公司董事在評估關聯方之 財務背景及信譽後認為違約可能 性極低,故未有就減值作出撥 備。

超過三個月的定期存款及銀行結餘

由於本公司董事認為,由於該等 款項收取自或存放於信譽良好的 銀行,因此違約概率微乎其微, 故並無作出減值撥備。

#### 流動資金風險

就流動資金風險管理而言,本集 團監控及維持管理層視為足夠水 平之現金及現金等價物以供本集 團之經營所需。管理層監控借貸 之動用並確保其遵守貸款條款。

於2025年3月31日,本集團有未動用銀行貸款額度為693,246,000港元(2024年:1,157,367,000港元)。

下表詳列本集團之金融負債之剩 餘合約到期期限。此表乃按本集 團可被要求付款之最早到期日之 金融負債未折現現金流量列示, 表內包括利息及本金現金流量。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity table

#### 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) b.

流動資金表

		Effective interest rate 實際利率 %	On demand or less than 3 months 按需求或 少於3個月 HK\$*000 千港元	More than 3 months but less than 1 year 超過3個月 但少於1年 HK\$*000 千港元	1-2 years 1-2年 HK\$*000 千港元	2-5 years 2-5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 超過5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未折現現金 流量總額 HK\$*000 千港元	Carrying amounts 賬面值 HK\$*000 千港元
	2005/7								
2025	2025年		E0 000	_	_		_	E0 000	E0 000
Trade and other payables Convertible note	貿易及其他應付款項 可換股票據	17.15	58,083		_	80,193		58,083 80,193	58,083 47,226
Secured bank borrowings	可按放示據 有抵押銀行借貸	5.42	662,882	961,569	305,282	19,505	_	1,949,238	1,892,260
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.65	645	1,935	1,096	-	-	3,676	3,524
			721,610	963,504	306,378	99,698	-	2,091,190	2,001,093
2024	2024年								
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	-	79,240	-	-	-	-	79,240	79,240
Convertible note	可換股票據	11.38	-	-	-	219,479	-	219,479	167,954
Secured bank borrowings	有抵押銀行借貸	6.13	896,775	341,729	883,270	43,333	23,338	2,188,445	2,066,734
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.57	657	1,938	2,496	1,039	-	6,130	5,726
			976,672	343,667	885,766	263,851	23,338	2,493,294	2,319,654

#### Fair value

Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

> Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The Board has delegated the valuation work to the management to determine the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs for fair value measurements.

> In estimating the fair value, the Group uses marketobservable data to the extent it is available. Where Level 1 inputs are not available, the Group engages third party qualified valuers to perform the valuation. The management works closely with the qualified external valuers to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The management reports the findings to the directors of the Company regularly to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value.

#### 公平值

本集團根據經常性基準按 公平值計量之金融資產之 公平值

> 部分本集團之金融資產於 報告期末按公平值計量。 董事會已將估值工作委託 給管理層,以確定公平值 計量的適當估值技術和輸 入數據。

> 在估計公平值時,本集團 盡可能使用市場可觀察數 據。倘無法獲得第一級輸 入數據,本集團委聘第三 方合資格估值師進行估 值。管理層與合資格外部 估值師緊密合作,以建立 適當的估值技術及模式輸 入值。管理層定期向本公 司董事報告調查結果,以 解釋公平值波動的原因。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### c. Fair value (Continued)

(i) Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and key inputs used).

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### c. 公平值(續)

(i) 本集團根據經常性基準按 公平值計量之金融資產之 公平值(續)

> 下表闡述有關如何釐定該 等金融資產公平值(尤其 是所用之估值技術及輸入 數據)。

Financial assets 金融資產	Fair value at 3 於3月31日之		Fair value hierarchy 公平值級別	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值技術及輸入數據	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察之輸入
	2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元			
Debt instruments at FVTOCI 按公平值計入其他全面收益之 債務工具					
- Listed debt securities - 上市債務證券	80	100	Level 1 第1級	Quoted bid prices in an active market 於活躍市場中所報之出價	N/A 不適用
Financial assets at FVTPL 按公平值計入損益之金融資產					
- Listed equity securities - 上市股本證券	41,531	47,124	Level 1 第1級	Quoted bid prices in an active market 於活躍市場中所報之出價	N/A 不適用
- Film right investment	58	14,697	Level 3	Discounted cash flows – future cash flows are estimated	Discount rate 4.35% (2024: 4.35%)
- 電影版權投資			第3級	折現現金流量 – 估計未來現金流量	折現率為4.35%(2024年: 4.35%)
- Investment in limited partnership - 有限合夥投資	-	42,732	Level 3 第3級	Net asset value quoted from fund manager 基金經理所報的資產淨值	Net asset value of the underlying investments 相關投資的資產淨值
- Unlisted securities	8,625	6,264	Level 3	Market comparable approach	Market multiple of 3.0 and discount
- 非上市證券			第3級	市場可比較法	for lack of marketability of 30% 市場倍數3.0及缺乏市場折讓30%

A slight increase in the discount rate used in isolation would result in a slight decrease in the fair value measurement of the film right investment, and vice versa.

The higher the market multiple, the higher the fair value, and vice versa. The higher the discount, the lower the fair value, and vice versa.

單一使用的折現率略有增加,將導致 電影版權投資的公平值計量略有下 降,反之亦然。

市場倍數越高,公平值越高,反之亦然。折讓越高,公平值越低,反之亦然。



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### c. Fair value (Continued)

(ii) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

#### c. 公平值(續)

(ii) 第3級公平值計量的對賬

		Film right investment 電影版權	Investment in limited partnership 有限合夥	Unlisted securities	Total
		投資	投資	非上市證券	總額
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	15,504	28,230	_	43,734
Additions	增加	10,004	15,178	_	15,178
Transfer into level 3 due to	因估值技術變動轉		10,170		
change of valuation technique	撥至第3級	_	_	6,264	6,264
Unrealised fair value loss recognised in profit or loss	於損益內確認之未 變現公平值虧損	_	(712)	_	(712)
Exchange adjustments	<b>運</b> 兑調整	(807)	36	-	(771)
At 31 March 2024	於2024年3月31日	14,697	42,732	6,264	63,693
Additions	增加	-	785	_	785
Unrealised fair value gain	於損益內確認之未				
recognised in profit or loss	變現公平值虧損	-	-	2,425	2,425
Realised fair value loss	於損益內確認之變				
recognised in profit or loss	現公平值虧損	_	(14,545)	_	(14,545)
Disposal	出售	(14,367)	(28,972)	_	(43,339)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(272)	-	(64)	(336)
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	58	-	8,625	8,683

Except for the unlisted securities stated above, there were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 in both years.

除上文所指的非上市證券外,於兩個 年度內第1、2及3級之間並無轉撥。

### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### c. Fair value (Continued)

(iii) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Except for the convertible note issued, the directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values.

At 31 March 2025, the fair value of liability component of the convertible note issued by the Company, which is recognised at amortised cost of HK\$47,226,000 (2024: HK\$167,954,000) (note 26), was HK\$69,148,000 (2024: HK\$160,729,000). The fair value is determined using Trinomial Tree Model (2024: management estimation) at Level 3.

#### 34. 金融工具(續)

#### c. 公平值(續)

#### (iii) 沒有根據經常性基準按公 平值計量之金融資產及金 融負債之公平值

除已發行的可換股票據 外,本公司董事認為,於 綜合財務報表按攤銷成本 列賬的金融資產及金融負 債的賬面值與其公平值相 若。

於2025年3月31日,本公司發行的可換股票據的負債部分的公平值按攤銷成本確認47,226,000港元(2024年:167,954,000港元)(附註26)為69,148,000港元(2024年:160,729,000港元)。公平值是在第3級使用三項式期權定價模式(2024年:管理層估計)確定。

#### 35. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, the following assets of the Group were pledged to banks to secure credit facilities granted to the Group:

#### 35. 資產抵押

於報告期末,本集團抵押下列資產予 銀行作為確保批予本集團之信貸額 度:

		2025	2024
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Investment properties	投資物業	1,057,900	1,211,443
PHS	持作出售物業	1,712,654	1,065,891
PUD	持作出售發展物業	1,846,612	2,520,754
		4,617,166	4,798,088

In addition, rentals in respect of the above investment properties and future sale proceeds and rentals in respect of the above PUD and PHS are also pledged to these banks.

此外,上述投資物業租金及上述持作 出售發展物業及持作出售物業日後之 銷售所得款項及租金亦抵押予該等銀 行。



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# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

36.	OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENT	-S	36.	經營租約安排	
	The Group as lessor			本集團作為出租人	
				2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
	Property rental income earned during the year	年內賺取之物業租金收入		32,354	28,751
	Less: Outgoings	減:支出		(3,295)	(2,406)
	Net rental income	租金收入淨額		29,059	26,345
	All of the properties held for rental purpose for 1 to 4 years (2024: 1 to 3 years) from period without termination options granted to		於報告期末,所有用於已獲承租人承租1至4年年),且未向租戶授予終	(2024年:1至3	
	Undiscounted lease payments receivable or	n leases are as follows:		應收租賃未折現租賃付	款如下:
				2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
	Within one year In the second year In the third year In the fourth year	一年內 於第二年 於第三年 於第四年		29,094 18,566 6,143 271	27,424 15,145 4,551
				54,074	47,120
37.	COMMITMENT		37.	承擔	
				2025 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 HK\$'000 千港元
	Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial	已訂約但尚未於綜合財務報備之資本開支乃關於-有			

公司權益

statements in respect of - interest in

limited partnership

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 38 RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. Under the MPF Scheme, the employees are required to contribute 5% of their monthly salaries or up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 and they can choose to make additional contributions. The employer's monthly contributions are calculated at 5% of the employee's monthly salaries or up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 (the "mandatory contributions"). The employees are entitled to 100% of the employer's mandatory contributions upon their retirement at the age of 65, death or total incapacity.

There were no forfeited contributions utilised to offset employers' contributions for both years. The employers' contributions which have been dealt with in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income were as follows:

#### 退休福利計劃 38

本集團根據香港強制性公積金計劃條 例,營運界定供款強制性公積金退休 福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)。於強積金計 劃下,僱員須根據每月薪金供款5%或 最多為1,500港元,僱員並可選擇作出 額外供款。僱主每月供款為按僱員之 每月薪金計算供款5%或最多為1,500 港元(「強制性供款」)。僱員於65歲退休 時、死亡或完全喪失行為能力時,可 享有僱主強制性供款之100%。

兩個年度並沒有被沒收的供款用於抵 銷當年的僱主供款。已於綜合損益及 其他全面收益表處理的僱主供款如 下:

> 2025 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

Employers' contributions recognised in profit 於損益中確認之僱主供款 or loss

465

462

2024

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, there were no forfeited contributions available to reduce the contributions payable in the future years.

於2025年和2024年3月31日,沒有沒 收的供款可用於減少未來幾年的應付 供款。



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 39. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

#### 39. 主要附屬公司之詳情

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries at 31 March 2025 are as follows:

於2025年3月31日,本公司主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立及經營地點	Nominal value of issued share capital/paid-up registered capital/ stated capital 已發行股本/繳足註冊股本/聲明股本面值		e Company 發行股本/	Principal activities 主要業務
Directly held: 直接持有:					
Fanju Investments Limited 泛菊投資有限公司	British Virgin Islands ("BVI")/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島([英屬處女群 島」)/香港	Ordinary USD1 普通股1美元	100%	100%	Investment in securities and others 證券及其他投資
Glory Link Investment Limited 邦興投資有限公司 Indirectly held: 間接持有:	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Investment in securities and others 證券及其他投資
Asia Million Investment Limited 僑萬投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Capital Well (H.K.) Limited 富和(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資
City China 城中	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Loan financing 貸款融資
Day Glory Investment Limited 日興投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 39. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 39. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立及經營地點	Nominal value of issued share capital/paid-up registered capital/ stated capital 已發行股本/繳足註冊股本/聲明股本面值	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/paid-up registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/ 繳足註冊股本面值百分比 2025 2024		value of issued share capital/paid-up registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/ 繳足註冊股本面值百分比 主要業務		Principal activities 主要業務
Indirectly held: (Continued) 間接持有:(續)							
Excellent East Limited 思英有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資		
Gainever Corporation Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$2	100%	100%	Investment in securities and others		
永達恒有限公司	香港	普通股2港元			證券及其他投資		
Goldchamp International Limited 世昌國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$10,000 普通股10,000港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資		
Golden Top Properties Limited 高順置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股2港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資		
Janson Properties Limited 展勝置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$2 普通股2港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資		
Main Lucky Enterprises Limited 明益企業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Property development 物業發展		

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 39. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 39. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立及經營地點	Nominal value of issued share capital/paid-up registered capital/ stated capital 已發行股本/繳足註冊股本/ 聲明股本面值	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital/paid-up registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/ 繳足註冊股本面值百分比 2025 2024		re d ny Principal activities / 比 主要業務	
Indirectly held: (Continued) 間接持有: (續)						
On Channel International Limited 安昌國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資	
Ovation Motion Picture Enterprise Limited 掌質電影企業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Entertainment and film right investment 娛樂及電影版權投資	
Success Mark Investments Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$10,000	100%	100%	Property development	
順滿投資有限公司	香港	普通股10,000港元	10070	10070	物業發展	
Top Channel Enterprises Limited 益祥企業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資	
Treasure Arts International Group	BVI/Hong Kong	Ordinary USD1	100%	100%	Property development	
寶藝國際集團有限公司	英屬處女群島/香港	普通股1美元			物業發展	
Wealth Plan Development Limited 康圖發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Property development 物業發展	

## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 39. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

#### 39. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立及經營地點	ablishment and operation stated capital 已發行股本/繳足註冊股本/		n of nominal ssued share pregistered e Company 發行股本/面值百分比	Principal activities 主要業務	
		,	2025	2024		
Indirectly held: (Continued) 間接持有:(續)						
Wellmake Investments Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary HK\$9,998 (Non-voting deferred shares HK\$2*)	100%	100%	Property investment	
緯豐投資有限公司	香港	普通股9,998港元 (無投票權遞延股2港元*)			物業投資	
Well Honest Investment Limited 宏誠投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary HK\$1 普通股1港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資	
Easyknit Enterprises (Huzhou) Co., Ltd. ("Enterprises Huzhou")**	PRC	Registered USD300,000 (2024: USD25,544,206)	100%	100%	Property investment	
永義實業(湖州)有限公司 (「湖州實業」)**	中國	註冊股本 300,000美元 (2024年: 25,544,206美元)			物業投資	

- \* The non-voting deferred shares of Wellmake Investments Limited carry no rights to receive notice of, attend or vote at any general meeting and have very limited rights to participate in a distribution of profits and, on liquidation, to the repayment of the amount paid up on the shares.
- \*\* Enterprises Huzhou is a wholly foreign owned enterprise established in the PRC, to be operated for 50 years up to 14 December 2054.
- The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company, which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results of the year or constituted a substantial portion of the assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company result in particulars of excessive length.
- # 緯豐投資有限公司之無投票權遞延股無權收取任何股東大會之通告、出席或於大會上投票,且僅具非常有限權力獲分派溢利及,於清盤時,獲退回實繳股份之金額。
- \*\* 湖州實業為一間於中國成立之外資全資 擁有企業,經營期為50年,直至2054年 12月14日。

根據本公司董事之意見,上表所列示 之本公司附屬公司,為主要影響本 年度之業績或構成本集團資產主要 部分。根據本公司董事之意見列出其 他附屬公司之詳情則會使資料過於冗 長。

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

#### 39. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

# At the end of the reporting period, the Company has other subsidiaries that are not material to the Group. Majority of these subsidiaries operate in Hong Kong. The principal activities of these subsidiaries are summarised as follows:

#### 39. 主要附屬公司之詳情(續)

於報告期末,本公司尚有其他對本集團而言並不是重要之附屬公司。此等附屬公司大部分於香港營運。此等附屬公司之主要業務概括如下:

Principal activities 主要業務	Principal places of business 主要營業地點	Number of subsidiaries 附屬公司數目		
		2025	2024	
Investment holding	Hong Kong	31	31	
投資控股	香港			
Inactive	Hong Kong	17	14	
非活躍	香港			
Inactive	PRC	2	2	
非活躍	中國			
		50	47	

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at 31 March 2025 or 31 March 2024.

沒有附屬公司於2025年3月31日或 2024年3月31日發行任何債務證券。



## 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

### 40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY 40. 本公司之財務狀況表

		2025	2024
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ——————	千港元 ———
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Interests in subsidiaries and amounts due	於附屬公司權益及應收附屬公司		
from subsidiaries and a joint venture	及一間合營公司款項	3,491,849	3,600,334
Current assets	流動資產		
Other receivables	其他應收款項	194	194
Tax recoverable	可退回税項	_	186
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	28,183	39,015
		28,377	39,395
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	3,767	8,654
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸		77,500
		3,767	86,154
Net current assets (liabilities)	流動資產(負債)淨值	24,610	(46,759)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債	3,516,459	3,553,575
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	3,756	7,936
Convertible note	可換股票據	47,226	167,954
		50,982	175,890
		3,465,477	3,377,685
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	10,144	1,031
Reserves (Note)	儲備(附註)	3,455,333	3,376,654
		3,465,477	3,377,685



For the year ended 31 March 2025 截至2025年3月31日止年度

# 40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

40. 本公司之財務狀況表(續)

Note:

附註:

Movements of the Company's reserves during the current and prior year are as follows:

本公司之儲備於年內及過往年度之變動如下:

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$*000 千港元	Convertible note equity reserve 可換股票據 權益儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 股本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated profits 累計溢利 HK\$*000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2023	於2023年4月1日	2,531,694	47,493	53,194	438,102	174,722	3,245,205
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	本年度盈利及全面收益總額	-	-	_	-	86,471	86,471
Reduction of share capital upon capital	股本重組時之股本削減					,	,
reorganisation		-	-	-	20,728	-	20,728
Issue of shares upon placing	配售後發行股份	24,250	-	-	-	-	24,250
At 04 Marrala 0004	於2024年3月31日	0.555.044	47 400	E0 404	450,000	004 400	0.070.054
At 31 March 2024 Loss and total comprehensive expense	本年度虧損及全面開支總額	2,555,944	47,493	53,194	458,830	261,193	3,376,654
for the year	平十反虧損及王山用又總領	_	_	_	_	(38,562)	(38,562)
Issue of shares upon placing	配售後發行股份	39,527	-	_	-	-	39,527
Rights issue of shares	股份供股	55,456	-	-	-	-	55,456
Transfer upon modification of terms	修訂可換股票據條款後的						
of convertible note	轉讓	-	(103,265)	-	-	18,233	(85,032)
Deferred tax liabilities released upon modification of terms	修訂可換股票據條款後解除 遞延税項負債						
of convertible note		-	17,040	-	-	-	17,040
Recognition upon modification	修訂可換股票據條款後確認						
of terms of convertible note		-	161,265	-	-	-	161,265
Deferred tax liability on recognition	修訂可換股票據條款後確認						
of equity component upon modification	股權部分的遞延税項負債		(00,000)				(00,000)
of terms of convertible note	が 八喘 同 可 格 肌 亜 棒 化 め	-	(26,609)	-	_	_	(26,609)
Transfer upon partial redemption of convertible note	部分贖回可換股票據後的 轉讓	_	(92,111)	_	_	32.507	(59,604)
Deferred tax liabilities released	部分贖回可換股票據後解除		(92,111)			32,307	(59,004)
upon partial redemption	而刀順回引送放示隊及肝 派延税項負債						
of convertible note	E-WARR	-	15,198	-	-	-	15,198
At 31 March 2025	於2025年3月31日	2,650,927	19,011	53,194	458,830	273,371	3,455,333

#### 41. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 4 June 2025, the Company entered into a deed of amendment with Goodco pursuant to which the conversion price of the convertible note issued by the Company with principal amount of HK\$70,000,000 will be adjusted from HK\$0.14 to HK\$0.07 per conversion share. The modification of the terms is determined to be substantial and hence will result in the extinguishment of the original liability component of the 2023 Convertible Note and the recognition of new liability and equity components. Accordingly, the difference between the fair value of the liability component of the 2023 Convertible Note (after modification) and the carrying amount of the original liability component will be recognised in profit or loss during the year ending 31 March 2026.

#### 41. 報告期末後事項

於2025年6月4日,本公司與佳豪訂立修訂契據,據此,本公司發行本金金額為70,000,000港元之可換股票據之兑換價將由每股兑換股份0.14港元調整為0.07港元。修訂條款被認定為實質性,故將導致2023年可換股票據的原有負債部分終止確認,並確認新的負債和權益部分。因此,2023年可換股票據負債部分(經修訂)的公平值與原有負債部分賬面值之間的差額將於截至2026年3月31日止年度內於損益確認。



## Financial Summary 財務資料概要

RESULTS 業績

				ar ended 31 Mard 至3月31日止年原		
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 ————	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue	營業額	80,253	64,475	43,106	30,693	44,857
(Loss) profit before	除税前(虧損)盈利					
taxation		(190,743)	123,497	65,972	(162,339)	(374,725)
Taxation	税項	9,950	(7,050)	(2,400)	(50,810)	9,426
(Loss) profit for the year	本公司股東應佔					
attributable to owners	年度(虧損)盈利					
of the Company		(180,793)	116,447	63,572	(213,149)	(365,299)
ASSETS AND LIABILIT	TES			資產及負債		
				At 31 March 於3月31日		
		2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Total assets	總資產	4,613,337	4,879,808	5,624,267	5,408,807	4,842,030
Total liabilities	總負債	(1,732,044)	(1,864,621)	(2,389,101)	(2,361,611)	(2,027,245)
	+ 0 = m + <del>c</del> //					
Equity attributable to	本公司股東應佔	0.004.05-	0.015.15-			
owners of the Company	權益	2,881,293	3,015,187	3,235,166	3,047,196	2,814,785



# Summary of Properties 物業概要

At 31 March 2025 於2025年3月31日

Λ.	T K IX	/EOTA			PERTIES	١.
Α.	11/11	/ E S I I	//III/I	PKU	PERILES	٠.

### A. 投資物業

	Location	地址	Purpose	Approximate gross floor/saleable/site area 概約樓面/實用/	Lease-term
			用途	<b>地皮面積</b> (sq.ft.) (平方呎)	租約年期
1.	Ground Floor No. 6 Cannon Road Causeway Bay Hong Kong	香港 銅鑼灣 景隆街6號 地下	Commercial 商業	472	Long 長期
2.	Sixth Floor Nos. 650-652 Castle Peak Road, and No. 18A Wing Hong Street Kowloon	九龍 青山道 650-652號 六樓及 永康街18A號	Industrial 工業	8,608	Medium 中期
3.	Second Floor Nos. 790, 792 and 794 Cheung Sha Wan Road Kowloon	九龍 長沙灣道 790號、792號及794號 二樓	Industrial 工業	2,981	Medium 中期
4.	Roof No. 20 Wing Hong Street Kowloon	九龍 永康街20號 天台	Industrial 工業	2,910	Medium 中期
5.	Fifth Floor No. 20 Wing Hong Street Kowloon	九龍 永康街20號 五樓	Industrial 工業	3,402	Medium 中期
6.	Units 1 and 2 on Seventh Floor Block D and Car Parking Space No. 46 on Lower Ground Floor Shatin Heights	新界 沙田 大埔公路8003號 沙田花園	Residential 住宅	2,086	Medium 中期
	No. 8003 Tai Po Road Shatin New Territories	D座七樓1號和2號單位及 低層地下車位第46號			
7.	Third Floor No. 161 Wong Nai Chung Road Hong Kong	香港 黃泥涌道161號 三樓	Residential 住宅	781	Medium 中期

## **Summary of Properties**

## 物業概要

At 31 March 2025 於2025年3月31日

A.	INVESTMENT	PROPERTIES (	(Continued)	)
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### A. 投資物業(續)

	Location	地址		Purpose 用途	Approximate gross floor, saleable/site area 概約樓面/實用/ 地皮面積	/ a Lease-term · t 租約年期
					(sq.ft.) (平方呎)	
8.	Easy Tower, No. 609 Tai Nan West Street Cheung Sha Wan Kowloon	九龍 長沙灣 大南西街609號 永義廣場		Industrial/ commercial 工業/商業	74,458	3 Medium 中期
9.	Shop A and B on Ground Floor, and Shop C on First Floor One Victory, Nos. 1, 1A and 3 Victory Avenue, Ho Man Tin, Kowloon	九龍 何文田勝利道 勝利道一號1號、 地下A及B舖 及一樓C舖	1A號及3號	Commercial 商業	4,297	<sup>7</sup> Medium 中期
10.	Ground Floor of No. 50 Yun Ping Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong	香港 銅鑼灣恩平道 50號地下		Commercial 商業	905	5 Long 長期
В.	PROPERTIES HELD FOR DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE		В.	持作出售發展物業		
	Location 地	址	Purpose 用途	Approximate site area 概約地皮面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)	Lease-term 租約年期	Stage of completion 完成階段

	Location	地址	用途	概約地皮面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)	tease-term 租約年期	completion 完成階段
1.	Nos. 646, 648, 648A Castle Peak Road Kowloon	九龍 青山道 646、648、648A號	Industrial 工業	9,206	Medium 中期	Under development 發展中
2.	Nos. 1B - 1E Davis Street Kennedy Town Hong Kong	香港 堅尼地城 爹核士街 1B - 1E號	Residential 住宅	4,940	Long 長期	Under development 發展中
3.	No. 93 and 95 Catchick Street Kennedy Town Hong Kong	香港 堅尼地城 吉席街 93號及95號	Residential 住宅	2,182	Long 長期	Under development 發展中



